

Agenda

14:00 - 14:00
0 min

1. PRELIMINARY MATTERS

1.1. Welcome and Introductions

Mel Jehu, Chair

1.2. Apologies for Absence

Mel Jehu, Chair

For Noting

1.3. Declarations of Interest

Mel Jehu, Chair

For Noting

14:00 - 14:00
0 min

2. CONSENT AGENDA

2.1. Items for Approval

2.1.1. Unconfirmed Minutes of the Meeting held on 4th May 2023

Mel Jehu, Chair

For Approval

 2.1.1 Unconfirmed Minutes 4.5.23 PPF Committee 27 June 2023.pdf (11 pages)

2.1.2. Unconfirmed In Committee Minutes of the Meeting held on 4th May 2023

Mel Jehu, Chair

For Approval

 2.1.2 Unconfirmed IC Minutes 4.5.23 PPF Committee 27 June 2023.pdf (2 pages)


2.1.3. Committee Annual Report 2022-23

Assistant Director of Governance & Risk

For Approval

 2.1.3 Draft Annual Report 2022-23 Cover Report PPF 27 June 2023.pdf (3 pages)

 2.1.3a Appendix 1 Annual Report 2022-23 PPF Committee 27 June 2023.pdf (10 pages)

 2.1.3b Appendix 2 Committee Terms of Reference Standing Orders - Schedule 3.6.pdf (8 pages)

2.2. Items for Noting








Mel Jehu, Chair

For Approval

2.2.1. Months 12, 1 & 2 Monitoring Returns to Welsh Government

Sally May, Director of Finance

For Noting

-  2.2.1a M12 - Monitoring Returns PPF Committee 27 June 2023.pdf (4 pages)
-  2.2.1b Annex A - Month 12 - CTM ULHB - Monitoring Narrative 2022-23- Final.pdf (13 pages)
-  2.2.1c Annex A - Month 12 - CTM ULHB - Monitoring Tables 2022-23.pdf (4 pages)
-  2.2.1d M1 - Monitoring Returns PPF Committee 27 June 2023.pdf (4 pages)
-  2.2.1e Annex A - Month 1 - CTM ULHB - Monitoring Narrative 2023-24- Final.pdf (12 pages)
-  2.2.1f Annex A - Month 1 - CTM ULHB - Monitoring Tables 2023-24.pdf (4 pages)
-  2.2.1g M2 - Monitoring Returns PPF Committee 27 June 2023.pdf (4 pages)
-  2.2.1h Annex A - Month 2 - CTM ULHB - Monitoring Narrative 2023-24- Final.pdf (18 pages)
-  2.2.1i Annex A - Month 2 - CTM ULHB - Monitoring Tables 2023-24.pdf (4 pages)

2.2.2. Action Log - to follow

Mel Jehu, Chair

For Noting

14:00 - 14:00 3. MAIN AGENDA

0 min

3.1. Matters Arising not already discussed on the Action Log

Mel Jehu, Chair



14:00 - 14:00 4. GOVERNANCE

0 min

4.1. Organisational Risk Register

Cally Hamblyn, Assistant Director of Governance & Risk

For Discussion/Noting

-  4.1a Org Risk Register - May 23 - Cover Paper - June 23.pdf (4 pages)
-  4.1b Appendix 1 - Master Org Risk Register - May 23 - PPF June 23.pdf (2 pages)

14:00 - 14:00 5. IMPROVING CARE

0 min

5.1. Six Goals for Urgent Care

Gethin Hughes, Chief Operating Officer

For Discussion/Noting

-  5.1 Six Goals for Urgent and Emergency Care PPF Committee 27 June 2023.pdf (9 pages)

5.2. Integrated Performance Dashboard

Executive Directors

For Discussion/Noting

-  5.2 Integrated Performance Dashboard PPF Committee 27 June 2023.pdf (35 pages)

5.3. Mental Health 2023-24 Service Improvement Funding & Update on 2022-23

Julie Denley, Director of Primary, Community & Mental Health

For Discussion/Noting

 5.3 Service Improvement Funding for Mental Health PPF Committee 17 June 2023.pdf (11 pages)

5.4. Ophthalmology Strategy & Cataracts Business Case - to follow

Linda Prosser, Director of Strategy & Transformation

Endorse for Board Approval


14:00 - 14:00 6. SUSTAINING OUR FUTURE

0 min

6.1. Month 12 Movements from Forecast

Sally May, Director of Finance

For Discussion/Noting


 6.1 M12 Movements from Forecast in 22-23- PPF Committee 27 June 2023.pdf (5 pages)

 6.1a M12 Variances Annex A.pdf (4 pages)

6.2. Month 2 Finance Report

Sally May, Director of Finance


For Discussion/Noting

 6.2 M2 Finance Report - Final PPF Committee 27 June 2023.pdf (23 pages)

6.3. Month 2 Finance Performance Report

Sally May, Director of Finance

For Discussion/Noting

 6.3 M2 Finance Performance Report - Final PPF Committee 27 June 2023.pdf (19 pages)

6.4. Phase 2 All Wales RAAC Investigation - CTMUHB

Tim Burns

For Discussion/Noting

 6.4 RAAC Investigation PPF Committee 27 June 2023.pdf (4 pages)

 6.4.a Appendix A - RAAC summary PPF Committee 27 June 2023.pdf (1 pages)

 6.4.b Appendix B RAAC Investigation PPF Committee 27 June 2023.pdf (1 pages)

14:00 - 14:00 7. OTHER MATTERS

0 min

7.1. Committee Highlight Report to Board

Mel Jehu, Chair

7.2. Committee Forward Work Plan

Mel Jehu, Chair

 7.2 Forward Work Plan PPF Committee 27th June 2023.pdf (3 pages)

7.3. Any Other Urgent Business

Mel Jehu, Chair

7.4. How Did We Do today?

14:00 - 14:00
0 min

8. DATE AND TIME OF NEXT MEETING

22 August 2023 at 2.00 pm

CWM TAF MORGANNWG UNIVERSITY HEALTH BOARD

**'UNCONFIRMED' MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE
PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE HELD ON
4 MAY 2023, AS A VIRTUAL MEETING WHICH WAS HELD VIA
MICROSOFT TEAMS**

PRESENT

- Mel Jehu - Independent Member (Chair)
- Nicola Milligan - Independent Member
- Ian Wells - Independent Member
- Carolyn Donoghue - Independent Member
- Geraint Hopkins - Independent Member
- Jonathan Morgan - Health Board Chair (Observing)

IN ATTENDANCE

- Linda Prosser - Executive Director of Strategy & Transformation
- Sally May - Executive Director of Finance & Procurement
- Gethin Hughes - Chief Operating Officer
- Sarah James - Deputy Chief Operating Officer (in-part)
- Stuart Morris - Director of Digital
- Sallie Davies - Deputy Medical Director
- Lauren Edwards - Executive Director of Therapies & Health Sciences
- Julie Denley - Director of Primary, Community & Mental Health
- Emma Samways - Internal Audit and Assurance (Observing)
- Paul Dalton - Internal Audit and Assurance (Observing)
- Wendy Penrhyn-Jones - Head of Corporate Governance & Board Business
- Kathrine Davies - Corporate Governance Manager (Meeting Secretariat)

PART 1. PRELIMINARY MATTERS

1.1.0 WELCOME AND INTRODUCTIONS

The Chair **welcomed** everyone to the meeting including Jonathan Morgan, Health Board Chair who was observing the meeting, Emma Samways and Paul Dalton, Internal Audit.

1.2.0 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies were received from Dom Hurford, Medical Director.

1.3.0 DECLARATIONS OF INTERESTS

There were none declared.

PART 2. CONSENT AGENDA

2.1 FOR APPROVAL

2.1.1 'UNCONFIRMED' MINUTES OF THE PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETING HELD ON 28 FEBRUARY 2023

Resolution: The minutes were **APPROVED** as a true and accurate record.

2.1.2 'UNCONFIRMED' MINUTES OF THE PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE IN COMMITTEE MEETING HELD ON 28 FEBRUARY 2023

Resolution: The minutes were **APPROVED** as a true and accurate record.

2.1.3 'UNCONFIRMED' MINUTES OF THE EXTRA ORDINARY PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETING HELD ON 22 MARCH 2023

Resolution: The minutes were **APPROVED** as a true and accurate record.

2.1.4 'UNCONFIRMED' MINUTES OF THE EXTRA ORDINARY PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE IN COMMITTEE MEETING HELD ON 22 MARCH 2023

Resolution: The minutes were **APPROVED** as a true and accurate record.

2.1.5 AMENDMENT TO THE STANDING ORDERS – REVISED TERMS OF REFERENCE

Resolution: The Revised Terms of Reference were **ENDORSED FOR BOARD APPROVAL**

2.2 FOR NOTING

2.2.1 MONTHLY MONITORING RETURNS TO WELSH GOVERNMENT

Resolution: The Committee **NOTED** the Monitoring Returns for Month 11.

2.2.2 ACTION LOG

P. Roseblade commented that there were a number of old completed actions on the log and suggested they were removed to leave a succinct note of current actions. The Chair agreed with this suggestion which would be processed for the next meeting.

Resolution: The Committee **NOTED** the Action Log.

Action: Action Log to be reviewed prior to next meeting.

3.0 MAIN AGENDA

3.1.0 MATTERS ARISING NOT PREVIOUSLY CONTAINED WITHIN THE ACTION LOG.

There were none.

4.0 GOVERNANCE

4.1.0 ORGANISATIONAL RISK REGISTER

W. Penrhyn-Jones presented the report that outlined the high-level organisational risks that had been assigned to the Committee, and highlighted the management actions being taken to manage or mitigate these high-level risks.

N. Milligan noted the improvements and updates that had been made and referred to risk 4458, Emergency Department Metrics that had not been updated since November 2022. G. Hughes advised that they were currently updating their risks as part of the Targeted Intervention actions and therefore the risk would be updated as part of that and therefore a current position would be available for the next meeting.

P. Roseblade referred to Risk 4772 regarding the Laundry and queried whether the software had been updated successfully. G. Hughes agreed to verify this outside of the meeting and would share the update with the Committee.

C. Donoghue referred to Risk 4491 which referenced work being undertaken in April, May and June 2023 and suggested that this be updated to reflect the current position. G. Hughes advised that he would ensure this was updated in readiness for the next meeting.

I. Wells suggested that it would be helpful if updates were clearly identified by a heading of 'updates' for future iterations of this report.

P. Roseblade advised that the Audit & Risk Committee had noted that various risks required updating and there had been a commitment from the Executive Team that they would review the whole organisational risk register.

P. Roseblade commented that at the previous Board Development Session there had been a discussion on whether to introduce an issues log along side the risk register and she sought an update on this. W. Penrhyn-Jones advised that she would raise this outside of the meeting.

Resolution: The report was **NOTED**.

Action: Risks being undertaken as part of TI process to be updated for next meeting.

Action: Update required regarding Laundry Risk 4772 by the next meeting.

Action: Update required on risk 4491 by the next meeting.

Action: Consideration be given to the value of introducing an issues log alongside the Risk Register.

4.2.0 ENHANCED MONITORING & IMPROVING CARE

L. Prosser provided a presentation to the Committee on the current position with regard to Enhanced Monitoring and Improving Care.

Resolution: The presentation was **NOTED**.

5.0 IMPROVING CARE

5.1.0 PLANNED CARE RECOVERY PROGRAMME

G Hughes provided an update to the Committee on the overall progress, challenges, risks and operational schemes in relation to the Elective Recovery Portfolio of work including Cancer Performance.

The Committee noted that two significant changes had been made in relation to Cancer in that the Women's 'One Stop' Hub had opened in the Royal Glamorgan Hospital for a range of gynaecology conditions and that the Bridgend element of the 'One Stop' Breast service would relocate to the Snowdrop Centre on the Royal Glamorgan Hospital Site.

G. Hopkins queried whether, looking forward into the longer term when the Llantrisant Health Park opened, what the impact would be

on metrics that had been reported on. G. Hughes advised that it would make a huge impact. He added that in 2023/24 they were anticipating additional capacity which would help patients at stage two and stage three which would eradicate the backlog for CT and MRI scans. He advised that the theatre and endoscopy element would also come on stream in 2024-25 and the modelling had shown that a further six endoscopy rooms would be required, one in Prince Charles Hospital with the remainder based at the Llantrisant Health Park. They were also adopting new technology that would eradicate the need to carry out the scans in an endoscopy room.

I Wells referred to page five of the report where it referred to the Welsh Patient Administrative System (WPAS) and a plan being needed to take this forward. Ian Wells queried who would be undertaking that. G. Hughes advised that they were currently looking at the pooled lists on WPAS which worked well in outpatients and he was working with the digital team to progress this.

N. Milligan referred to page three and the section on the 'WISE' pain management services and requested an update on the success of the programme. G. Hughes advised that was an evaluation being done with the pain service and would bring this back to the Committee once finalised. He added that it had been possible to move a significant amount of patients up the waiting list since the WISE programme had commenced particularly for those with chronic/enduring pain and also those suffering pain due to the menopause. G. Hughes offered to discuss this further with Nicola Milligan outside the meeting.

N. Milligan referred to the mention of 'Cwm Taf' on page five which should be reflected as 'Cwm Taf Morgannwg'. G. Hughes confirmed that this would be amended.

N. Milligan referred to the recruitment issues in some areas and queried whether the opportunities for staff retention were being considered. G. Hughes confirmed that they were and that there were specific areas in terms of recruitment and retention to ensure they have the right workforce for the future. They were insourcing and trying to recruit and that insourcing was cost-effective.

N. Milligan referred to page two in the Appendix where it stated that they would be unable to recruit Operating Department Practitioners (ODPs) outside of the annual streamlining recruitment process in September and queried what the difficulty was with the funding. G. Hughes undertook to feedback outside the meeting.

N. Milligan referred to page six which referred to vacancy scrutiny panels, staff fatigue and that they were holding-up vacancies. G. Hughes advised that the vast majority of clinical posts did not go through vacancy panel and those that did were addressed every time. He added that he would review the text in this part of the report as this was misleading as the real issue lay with poor management of vacancies on the Trac system.

P. Roseblade referred to the Month 12 Finance Report where it stated that Planned Care had overspent by just over £1m and queried whether this had been due to industrial action. S. May confirmed that there had been some additional activity at the end of the year and they had adopted a pathway approach for outsourcing that had resulted in higher costs than initially expected.

P. Roseblade referred to the CT and MRI scanning and queried whether there would be additional staff employed to read the results. G. Hughes advised that the additional capacity would have to be managed with a service contract and would include the provision of some staff for reporting and also as part of the whole workload. He added that they were using additional outsourcing capacity for scanning and reporting. There was a small delay with reporting at this time and this was being addressed.

P. Roseblade commented that she recognised that this was an all-Wales service and queried whether the new equipment had been planned purchases. L. Prosser advised that this had all been contained within the Annual Plan and the budget for radiology and endoscopy had also been discussed with Welsh Government. She added that the planned care recovery fund had been top-sliced for regional delivery and all the trajectories were based on the assumption that they would receive those funds. In terms of the equipment, she advised that this was all part of the managed service.

M. Jehu commented that having read the report it was clear the complexity of the work and the enormity of the pressure upon the staff involved and he extended thanks to the team for all their hard work in this respect.

M. Jehu referred to the waiting times and queried whether they felt they were communicating effectively with the population as to the reasons for the long waiting times. G. Hughes responded that certain services were better than others in staying in touch with their cohorts but offered assurance that waiting list validation was constantly underway which was helping to provide an estimate to patients of the likely length of their waits. G. Hughes added that

when patients were offered the opportunity to go somewhere else to be seen sooner they do not always want to go to the alternative treatment site. As a consequence steps had been taken to remove the hospital name from the initial referral letter from the waiting list team so that it now just made reference to a service rather than a particular hospital site.

Resolution: The Report was **NOTED**.

Action: To query the issue with funding for ODPs.

Action: To discuss the Pain Service outside of the meeting.

5.2.0 INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE DASHBOARD

L. Prosser presented the report providing the Committee with a summary on performance against a number of key quality and performance indicators.

The Committee were advised that following the recent Board Development Workshop, a summary of what was discussed regarding the format and re-shaping of the Performance Dashboard had been sent out to members and feedback was awaited. The Chair urged colleagues to respond as soon as possible.

N. Milligan referred to page 26 in relation to the Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS) that was not meeting the required target. Nicola Milligan referred to an expected higher demand during the school exam period and queried whether patients were required to sit on the referral list for CAMHS or whether there an option to utilise other services for seasonal issues. J. Denley advised that there were alternative options within schools for children and wellbeing which was seeing early progress.

P. Roseblade referred to the immediate (ambulance) releases which was showing a vast improvement across all sites and congratulated the team.

M. Jehu referred to the ambulance handover compliance rates that had fallen and queried whether there were plans in place to mitigate this. In response, G. Hughes, advised that in terms of A&E four hour waits there was still lots more that needed to be done to improve. He said that he would circulate the figures for the last week of April 2023 which had decreased to 261. He added that they continued to see a downtrend in hours lost and would add the graph to the chat bar so Members could review.

C. Donoghue referred to stroke performance and commented that it was disappointing to see that no patients had been admitted within

four hours and queried when they would expect to see an impact with the work being undertaken on the mitigating actions. G. Hughes advised that they were hopeful that they would start to see improvements within the next six months. He added that they had made a commitment to invest in stroke as part of the Integrated Medium Term Plan (IMTP). He advised that the Princess of Wales Hospital was still in a challenging position but that they had seen greater coherence at Prince Charles Hospital in getting patients on to the stroke ward in a timely way.

C. Donoghue added that at the 'Safe to Start' meeting held the previous week she had been very impressed with the collaboration and team work which provided an insight into the challenges on every shift including ensuring appropriate beds for stroke patients.

Resolution: The report was **NOTED**

5.3.0 SPOTLIGHT: MENTAL HEALTH (Activity & Performance Data)

J. Denley presented the report providing the Committee with an update on the Mental Health and Learning Disabilities Care Group activity and performance.

M. Jehu thanked J. Denley for a very comprehensive report.

P. Roseblade referred to paragraph 2.2 and the 111 Press 2 service and queried whether they would have the capacity to deal with the patients who would be using this service and also would they be cross-referencing this with patients on the waiting lists.

In response, J. Denley, advised that lots of modelling had been undertaken and they had also been discussing the point of access with the Care Group so that they could move capacity into that space as 80 percent of patients did not need mental health services within the community and they could provide alternative options for them.

With regard to the waiting lists, J. Denley confirmed that they had not yet reviewed this but undertook to arrange this.

P. Roseblade referred to psychological therapies and queried whether harm reviews were carried out on patients waiting over six months. J. Denley undertook to look at this outside of the meeting.

P. Roseblade referred to the Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS) and queried the number of patients that did not attend (DNA). J. Denley advised that she did not have the number to hand but would request this following today's meeting.

N. Milligan referred to page 4 and the referrals for CAMHS which was an enormous task for the teams and advised that it was really helpful to see that when they scrutinise compliance that they could see the amount of volume of referrals.

M. Jehu thanked J. Denley and the team for the enormous amount of work being undertaken.

Resolution: The Committee:

- **NOTED** the processes in place to monitor and improve performance delivery within the Mental Health and Learning Disabilities Care Group.
- **NOTED** the challenges faced in reporting performance data due to the mixed approaches to recording information.
- **DISCUSSED** the need for additional or different information in order to be assured that the performance was measured and reported effectively.
- **DISCUSSED** the ongoing requirements for performance reports from the Care Group.

Action: To query whether harm reviews are undertaken for patients waiting over six months for psychological therapies.

Action: To query the DNA rate for the CAMHS Service.

6.0 SUSTAINING OUR FUTURE

6.1.0 MONTH 12 FINANCE REPORT & PERFORMANCE REPORT

S. May presented the report that highlighted the key messages in relation to the current month, year-to-date and forecast year-end financial position of the Health Board as at Month 10.

C. Donoghue referred to the worsening of the £3.1m in the forecast and said it would be useful to see how that occurred. She also referred to the savings position which was of concern as it was not clear that there was a robust plan to deliver them and what the process around this entailed. S. May advised that they were having to backfill, there was some improvement in planned care which they were not expecting and the approach to outsourcing, so there were lessons to be learned and they would be doing some further work with teams on the accounting approaches. She also advised that they had been ambitious plans for the WISE service that had not been spent.

G. Hughes advised that they were developing the savings plans and the Project Management Office (PMO) were now working with the Care Groups with a complete focus on maturing their plans and

ensuring clear current schemes were all good with clarity on delivery and monitoring.

P. Roseblade referred to the contract and commission position and queried whether this had now settled and sought clarity as to whether they have the same budget. S. May confirmed that some of the movement were for areas such as Velindre where they had made assumptions. She advised that the team would need to work more closely with care providers to deliver more robust savings for next year.

P. Roseblade queried whether this was 'salami-slicing'. S. May confirmed that they had issued controlled totals based on forecast outturn at Month 10 and then set a 2% savings target for everybody.

N. Milligan referred to page 16 which referred to a nursing overspend of £3.9m and a £5m underspend on healthcare support workers (HCSW) and queried whether these were in fact agency HCSW. S. May advised that the overspend was, in the majority of cases, for HCSWs in unscheduled care. G. Hughes, stated that another part of the overspend was due to catering assistant cover on the wards. It was noted that in particular, there was difficulty in attracting people to take up HCSW posts in the Bridgend area.

N. Milligan referred to the pilot that had been undertaken with nutritionists and the amount of money that had been saved with early discharges and less medication prescribed and suggested that it might be worth looking into.

Resolution: The Committee **NOTED** the report.

7.0.0 OTHER MATTERS

7.1.0 HIGHLIGHT REPORT TO BOARD

Resolution: The Committee **AGREED** that the report would be prepared by the Governance Team following the meeting.

7.2.0 FORWARD WORK PLAN

The Chair asked Members of the Committee if they had any items that they would like to include for future meetings to let the Governance Team know.

Resolution: The Committee **NOTED** the Forward Work Plan

7.3.0 ANY OTHER URGENT BUSINESS

There was none.

7.4.0 HOW DID WE DO TODAY?

The Committee felt that an appropriate balance had been struck in terms of open discussions with a strategic focus as well as organisational values being taken into account.

The Chair advised that if anyone had any comments to feedback, they could do that outside of the meeting if they so wished.

7.5.0 CLOSE OF THE MEETING – DATE AND TIME OF NEXT MEETING:

The next full meeting of the Committee was scheduled to be held on 27th June 2023.

UNCONFIRMED

CWM TAF MORGANNWG UNIVERSITY HEALTH BOARD

**'UNCONFIRMED' MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE
PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE 'IN COMMITTEE'
HELD ON 4 MAY 2023, AS A VIRTUAL MEETING WHICH WAS
HELD VIA MICROSOFT TEAMS**

PRESENT

- Mel Jehu - Independent Member (Chair)
- Carolyn Donoghue - Independent Member
- Ian Wells - Independent Member
- Nicola Milligan - Independent Member
- Geraint Hopkins - Independent Member

IN ATTENDANCE

- Linda Prosser - Executive Director of Strategy & Transformation
- Sally May - Executive Director of Finance & Procurement
- Victoria Wallace - Assistant Director of Strategy & Partnerships
- Stuart Morris - Director of Digital
- Lauren Edwards - Director of Therapies & Health Sciences
- Gareth Cooke - National Programme Lead Digital Health Care Wales (DHCW) for 2.1.1 only
- Grant Griffiths - Performance Manager (DHCW) for 2.1.1 only
- Alison Maguire - Programme Lead (DHCW)for 2.1.1 only
- John Collins - MSE Lead (DHCW) for 2.1.1 only
- Joao Martins - Principal Project Manager (DHCW) for 2.1.1 only
- Sally Bolt - Consultant Radiologist
- Bronwen Bowen - Radiology Service Manager
- Wendy Penrhyn-Jones - Head of Corporate Governance & Board Business
- Kathrine Davies - Corporate Governance Manager (Meeting Secretariat)(in-part)

PART 1. PRELIMINARY MATTERS

1.1.0 WELCOME AND INTRODUCTIONS

The Chair **welcomed** everyone to the meeting including colleagues from Digital Health Care Wales and Radiology.

1.2.0 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies for absence had been received from Dom Hurford, Medical Director.

1.3.0 DECLARATIONS OF INTERESTS

There were no declarations received.

PART 2. MAIN AGENDA

2.1 ITEMS FOR APPROVAL

2.1.1 RADIOTHERAPY INFORMATICS SYSTEM PROCUREMENT (RISP) BUSINESS CASE

L. Prosser, L. Edwards and colleagues from DCHW and Radiology provided a presentation regarding the business case.

Resolution: The Committee **NOTED** the detail on the Radiology Informatics System Procurement (RISP) Full Business Case and **ENDORSED FOR BOARD APPROVAL** the Full Business Case being received by the Board in May 2023.

Colleagues from DHCW were thanked for attending along with those from CTMUHB.

2.2 ITEMS FOR NOTING

2.2.1 UNCONFIRMED MINUTES OF THE IN COMMITTEE MEETING HELD ON THE 28 FEBRUARY 2023

Resolution: The Committee **NOTED** the Minutes as a true and accurate record.

2.2.2 UNCONFIRMED MINUTES OF THE EXTRA ORDINARY IN COMMITTEE MEETING HELD ON THE 22 MARCH 2023

Resolution: The Committee **NOTED** the Minutes as a true and accurate record.

3.0.0 OTHER MATTERS

3.1.0 ANY OTHER URGENT BUSINESS

There was none.

3.1.2 CLOSE OF THE MEETING – DATE AND TIME OF NEXT MEETING:

- 27TH June 2023 at 2:00 pm



AGENDA ITEM

PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE

**PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE
ANNUAL REPORT 2022-23**

Date of meeting	28/06/2022
FOI Status	Open/Public
If closed please indicate reason	Choose an item.
Prepared by	Kathrine Davies, Corporate Governance Manager
Presented by	Cally Hamblyn, Assistant Director of Governance & Risk
Approving Executive Sponsor	Director of Corporate Governance
Report purpose	ENDORSE FOR BOARD APPROVAL

Engagement (internal/external) undertaken to date (including receipt/consideration at Committee/group)

Committee/Group/Individuals	Date	Outcome

ACRONYMS

PPFC	Planning, Performance & Finance Committee
CTMUHB	Cwm Taf Morgannwg University Health Board

1. SITUATION/BACKGROUND

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is to highlight the activities and performance of the Planning, Performance & Finance (PPF) Committee during the year 2022-2023.
- 1.2 The Chair of the PPF Committee is required to present an annual report outlining PPF's business through the financial year to the Health Board to provide an assurance on the monitoring and scrutiny undertaken of Cwm Taf Morgannwg University Health Board (CTMUHB) performance in relation to Planning, Performance and Finance.
- 1.3 The Planning, Performance and Finance Committee's Annual Report for 2022-2023 is presented at **Appendix 1** for approval.
- 1.4 The revised Terms of Reference for the PPF Committee were last approved by the Board in May 2023 and are available on the Health Boards website via the following link: [Standing Orders - Cwm Taf Morgannwg University Health Board \(nhs.wales\)](https://www.nhs.uk/standing-orders-cwm-taf-morgannwg-university-health-board). The Committee are asked to review the Terms of Reference, as part of the Annual Cycle of Business as a separate item on the agenda.
- 1.5 An annual self-assessment questionnaire is also required to be undertaken and this will be completed by members outside of the meeting via Survey Monkey, the results of which will be reviewed at the August 2022 meeting.

2. SPECIFIC MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION BY THIS MEETING (ASSESSMENT)

- 2.1 Members of the Planning, Performance & Finance Committee are asked to approve the Annual Report for 2022-23.

3. KEY RISKS/MATTERS FOR ESCALATION TO BOARD/COMMITTEE

- 3.1 The publication of the Annual Report demonstrates compliance with Standing Orders, which stipulates that each Board Committee is required to submit an annual report to the Board through the Chair within three months of the end of the reporting year setting out its activities during the year and detailing the results of a review of its performance and that of any sub-groups it has established.



4. IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Quality/Safety/Patient Experience implications	There are no specific quality and safety implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Related Health and Care standard(s)	Governance, Leadership and Accountability If more than one Healthcare Standard applies please list below:
Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) completed - Please note EIAs are required for <u>all</u> new, changed or withdrawn policies and services.	No (Include further detail below) If yes, please provide a hyperlink to the location of the completed EIA or who it would be available from in the box below. If no, please provide reasons why an EIA was not considered to be required in the box below. Not required.
Legal implications / impact	There are no specific legal implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Resource (Capital/Revenue £/Workforce) implications / Impact	There is no direct impact on resources as a result of the activity outlined in this report.
Link to Strategic Goals	Improving Care

5. RECOMMENDATION

- 5.1 The Committee are being asked to:
- 5.2 **DISCUSS** and **ENDORSE** the Annual Report for submission to the Health Board.
- 5.3 **AGREE** to complete the Annual Self-Assessment questionnaire via Survey Monkey and review feedback at the August 2023 meeting of the Committee.

Appendix 1



Planning, Performance & Finance (PPF) Committee

Annual Report 2022/23



PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE (PPF) COMMITTEE ANNUAL REPORT 2022/23

1. FOREWORD

I am pleased to present the Annual Report of the Cwm Taf Morgannwg UHB Planning, Performance & Finance (PPF) Committee for 2022-2023. The purpose of this report is to formally report on the work of the PPF Committee for the year ending 31 March 2023 in accordance with the Committee's Terms of Reference.

During the year my fellow Independent Members – Nicola Milligan, Ian Wells, Patsy Roseblade, Carolyn Donoghue and Geraint Hopkins once again offered their considerable knowledge and wide-ranging experience to the Committee.

I would like to express my thanks to all the officers of the Committee who have supported and contributed to the work carried out and for their commitment in meeting important targets and deadlines. I also wish to record my appreciation for the support and contribution given by the Independent Members.

In February 2023 the Committee extended a wider invitation to all Members of the Board who joined the meeting to ensure that there was a robust discussion and scrutiny of the Integrated Medium Term Plan and Annual Plan priorities.

The Annual Committee Cycle of Business was approved by the Committee at the meeting held in February 2023, which outlined the forward planning for the work of the Committee for 2023-2024.

I continue to advocate the promotion of a culture of continual improvement, and as usual look forward to the learning that will come from the self-assessment which is undertaken each year to reflect on the Committee's effectiveness.

Mel Jehu
Chair
Planning, Performance and Finance Committee



2. INTRODUCTION

The key function of the Planning, Performance & Finance Committee (PPF) is to provide scrutiny on behalf of the Board on all matters relating to Planning, Performance and Finance. The Committee provides a level of assurance to the Board that all appropriate actions are being taken to reduce risks in these areas.

The Committee meets on a bi-monthly basis following the Strategic Leadership Group where the initial management debate / scrutiny / action is taken. The Committee Chair presents exceptional issues to the Quality & Safety Committee. There is also the opportunity to refer key risks back to the Strategic Leadership Group or through reports from Committee Chair at full Health Board meetings.

All papers relating to the Committee (unless held 'in-committee') are available on the Health Board [website](#). The Committee aims to meet up to six times per annum to scrutinise the Health Board's planning, performance and financial management aligned to its Integrated Medium Term Plan commitments.

Key areas of activity for the Committee during 2022-2023 are outlined below:

- Active involvement in the development and approach to the 2023-2026 Integrated Medium Term Plan and Annual Plan.
- Routinely reviewed and scrutinised the Health Board's integrated performance dashboard.
- Routinely, reviewed and scrutinised financial performance, such as the development of savings plans, budget setting, delivery of agreed savings plans including efficiency savings and the Monthly Monitoring Returns to Welsh Government.
- Routinely, reviewed and scrutinised the delivery of the Planned Care Elective Recovery Programme.
- Routinely, reviewed and scrutinised the organisational risks assigned to the Committee.
- Reviewed and scrutinised a report on the Budget Setting Arrangements.
- Reviewed and scrutinised a report on Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS) Performance Improvement.
- Received a Presentation on the Six Goals for Emergency Care
- Reviewed and scrutinised a report on the Stroke Action Plan.
- Reviewed and scrutinised a report on the Bridgend Transition.
- Reviewed and scrutinised a report on Winter Response Planning.



- Reviewed and scrutinised a report on the South East Wales Regional Collaborative.
- Reviewed and scrutinised a report on Nevill Hall Hospital Satellite Radiotherapy Unit
- Reviewed and noted a report on the Spinal Services Operational Delivery Network.
- Received a Presentation on Enhanced Monitoring Assurance Processes and Governance.
- Received a Presentation on Targeted Intervention and Improving Care.
- Reviewed and scrutinised a report on Sepsis Compliance Progress.
- Reviewed and scrutinised a report on Estates Performance.
- Endorsed for Board Approval the All Wales NHS Energy Procurement Proposal.
- Endorsed for Board Approval the new Velindre Cancer Centre Full Business Case.
- Endorsed for Board approval the following Policies:
 - Business Continuity & Emergency Preparedness Response & Recovery Policy
 - Transport, Travel and Car Parking Policy

3. MEMBERSHIP

Only the Independent Members are formal members of the Committee, however, they are joined at the meeting by Executive Directors and other Senior Officers as appropriate. Other Independent Members from other Health Boards, representatives from Internal Audit, Audit Wales and Welsh Government have also attended the meetings on occasions.

The role of the Independent Member of the Committee is to provide appropriate scrutiny and assurance to the Board independently of the management decision-making processes. The tables below outline the membership of the PPF Committee during 2022/23:

Table 1 – Composition of Independent Members

Independent Member
Mel Jehu (Chair)
Patsy Roseblade
Ian Wells
Nicola Milligan
Carolyn Donoghue
Geraint Hopkins



3.1 MEETING ATTENDANCE

The Planning, Performance & Finance Committee met on seven occasions during 2022/23. The meeting due to be held on the 20th December 2023 was stood down due to industrial action.

* Two Extra Ordinary meetings were called on the 20th September 2022 and the 22nd March 2023 for the Committee to receive an update on the progress in relation to the Integrated Medium Term Plan for 2023-26 and Endorse for Board Approval the Integrated Radiotherapy Solution and Satellite Radiotherapy Centre Full Business Case.

Name:	26/04/22	28/06/22	23/08/22	20/09/22*	25/10/22	28/02/23	22/03/23*
Core Membership							
Mel Jehu	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Patsy Roseblade	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	X	✓
Ian Wells	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Nicola Milligan	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Carolyn Donoghue	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Geraint Hopkins	✓	X	X	X	X	✓	✓

4. MAIN AREAS OF FINANCE PERFORMANCE & WORKFORCE COMMITTEE ACTIVITY

The agenda for each meeting follows a standard format as outlined below:

- Preliminary Matters
- Consent Agenda
- Governance (Including the Organisational Risk Register)
- Improving Care (Performance Activity)
- Sustaining our Future (Finance Update Reports & Estates Update Reports)
- Forward Work Programme, Highlight Report, How did we do today? and items to be referred to other Committees



PART 1

Preliminary Matters

This section provides the apologies for absence, welcome and introduction, declarations of interest, previous meeting minutes, matters arising and the action log.

PART 2 – MAIN AGENDA

Planning

This section of the meeting reviews and monitors the process for the development of the Integrated Medium Term Plan (IMTP), scrutinises strategic or major service plans, monitors and scrutinise the efficient prioritisation of capital schemes, capital plans, capital programmes and business cases.

Performance

This section of the meeting reviews the Integrated Performance Dashboard, which covers all Tier 1 targets set by the Welsh Government as well as critical, local targets.

The dashboard accompanied by a covering report highlights key performance areas which include those:

- under formal escalation with Welsh Government,
- where a cause for concern to the Committee has been raised due to fluctuations in performance levels being attained,
- demonstrating considerable improvements in performance.

The Dashboard is reviewed for changes from the previous month, trends throughout the year and determines the areas that will be discussed in more detail. The report highlights areas that will be brought forward onto the 'Forward Look', which is generally determined by those areas that have shown deterioration over two consecutive months. The Director of Strategy and Transformation or a suitably nominated deputy presents the Integrated Performance Dashboard. Key areas for further detailed discussion are then produced for exception reporting or are requested as part of a 'deep dive' financial presentation or for clinical efficiency review and discussion. Comparative information is also presented and discussed on a quarterly basis.

Finance

This section of the meeting monitors risk to financial delivery including mitigating actions to manage risk. Monitors the delivery of financial plans and savings programmes. Monitors activity and productivity including operational efficiency and effectiveness.

Items for exception reporting, information or update

Throughout the year, various high profile issues have been presented to the Committee by way of exception. These include reports produced by Wales Audit Office on an all-Wales basis.

Forward Work Programme and items to be referred to other Committees

Items for Information/Update

Items that have previously been presented may be placed on a future agenda for a written update or further information. These are received at this point by the Committee. In addition, papers of interest to members may be included in this section.

Forward Look

The 'Forward Look' plan for the Committee is reviewed at each meeting to ensure that it is still targeted at the appropriate risk areas. Issues raised during the Health Board's monthly meetings with Welsh Government's "Quality and Delivery Group" are presented as required.

Links with Other Committees/Boards

The Directors on the Committee provide this linkage to the Operational Management Board, Strategic Leadership Board and Executive Leadership Board. Key risk areas from the Planning, Performance & Finance Committee were highlighted at the Quality & Safety Committee and/or full Board meetings by the Committee Chair.

Key elements, including any patient specific risks, were also taken into account at the Quality and Safety Committee; an important link is made by the Chair of the Quality and Safety Committee and lead directors as appropriate.

The Committee Chair is able to refer items to other Board Committees as felt appropriate. There are three questions that the Committee are required to consider: What is the issue being referred? Why are the Committee seeking the referral? What is the outcome anticipated as a result of the referral.

During this period there were no referrals made.

5. ACTION LOG AND REPORTS TO BOARD

In order to monitor progress and any necessary follow up action, the Committee has developed an action log that captures all agreed actions. This has provided an essential element of assurance both to the Committee and

from the Committee to the Health Board. Following each meeting of the Committee a summary report is submitted to the next Board meeting to update all Board Members as to any decisions made, referrals to other committees or particular concerns the Committee had. These are available via our website.

6. GOVERNANCE

The Committee provides an essential element of the overall governance framework for the organisation and intends to develop its function still further in the forthcoming year. The Committee has an Annual Cycle of Business for each year which is approved at the first meeting of each year.

The Terms of Reference for the Committee were revised with minor amendments at the May 2023 Health Board Meeting (Attached at **Appendix 2**) and provide a robust commitment to monitor Planning, Performance and Finance via the following methodologies:

- a formal escalation protocol, which allows the Committee to deal with concerns in relation to key areas of performance, ultimately bringing a matter to the attention of the UHB Board if necessary;
- the presentation of the most recent data (even where this is an un-validated position) to allow the organisation's performance to be benchmarked where necessary;
- scrutiny of efficiency measures and targets on a quarterly basis.

7. COMMITTEE ANNUAL SELF-ASSESSMENT

The Committee is required to complete an annual self-assessment and the questionnaire is undertaken via Survey Monkey. This year's self-assessment will be completed following the June 2023 meeting and the outcome will be received at the August 2023 meeting.

8. CONCLUSION AND ASSURANCE TO THE BOARD

The Planning, Performance & Finance Committee wishes to assure the Board that on the basis of the work completed by the Committee during 2022/23 there are effective measures in place both to ensure the delivery of the key financial, planning and performance targets and to effectively scrutinise and monitor this important area. There are no outstanding issues that the Committee wishes to bring to the attention of the Board.

In terms of its financial responsibilities, the Health Board has reported a draft deficit of £24.5m for 2022/23 (subject to audit), which is a £2m improvement



from the planned deficit at the start of the year of £26.5m. The £24.5m draft deficit includes:

- A **Core plan** deficit of £24.4m.
- **Exceptional** costs of £17.3m compared with Welsh Government (WG) Allocation of £16.9m.
- **COVID** costs of £29.7m compared to a WG allocation of £30.0m.

The Health Board has therefore not achieved the financial duty to break even against its Revenue Resource Limit over the 3 year period 2020/21 to 2022/23 with a cumulative draft deficit of £24.2m.

The Health Board's recurrent deficit position also deteriorated during 2022/23, with a forecast carried forward financial challenge at the end of 2022/23 of £79.6m. The key movements are summarised below:

C'fwd Challenge at the end of 22/23	Total £m
Recurrent deficit at 31 March 2020	17.6
Recurrent savings shortfalls 20/21	16.2
Recurrent savings shortfalls 21/22	11.1
Other recurrent underspends	-0.4
Recurrent Core plan deficit at start of 22/23	44.5
Forecast recurrent savings shortfalls 22/23	7.1
Other recurrent overspends	9.3
Ongoing local Covid response costs	10.0
Ongoing Exceptional energy costs	8.7
Forecast c'fwd financial challenge at the end of 22/23	79.6

The Health Board submitted its draft financial plan to WG at the end of March 2023 followed by a supplementary report at the end of May. It is important to note that the Health Board does not have a balanced financial plan for 2023/24. The revised Annual Plan, submitted to WG on 31st May 2023, is as follows:

	Recurrent £m	Non Recurrent £m	Total plan £m
Recurrent Core plan deficit at 31 March 2023	60.9		60.9
Recurrent ongoing COVID costs	10.0		10.0
Non Recurrent ongoing Exceptional energy costs		8.7	8.7
B'Fwd challenge at 31 March 2023	70.9	8.7	79.6
Allocation Adjustments	(17.4)	(12.5)	(29.9)
Cost Pressures & Investments:			
Inflationary Pressures	21.8	0	21.8
Demand Growth	12.3	0	12.3

	Recurrent £m	Non Recurrent £m	Total plan £m
Service Improvement – Local	4.3	2.8	7.0
COVID Programmes	0	11.7	11.7
Other Pressures & Investment	0.8	3.7	4.5
Savings Target	(27.3)	0	(27.3)
Total plan 23/24	65.3	14.4	79.6

Schedule 3.6

BOARD COMMITTEE ARRANGEMENTS

This Schedule forms part of, and shall have effect as if incorporated in the University Health Board Standing Orders

PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE

Terms of Reference & OPERATING ARRANGEMENTS

*Reviewed April 2023 and Approved by Health Board on the 25th
May 2023*

INTRODUCTION

The Cwm Taf Morgannwg University Health Board's (CTMUHB) UHB's standing orders provide that "The Board may and, where directed by the Welsh Government must, appoint Committees of the Board either to undertake specific functions on the Board's behalf or to provide advice and assurance to the Board in the exercise of its functions. The Board's commitment to openness and transparency in the conduct of all its business extends equally to the work carried out on its behalf by committees".

In accordance with Standing Orders (and the CTMUHB scheme of delegation), the Board shall nominate annually a committee to be known as the **Planning, Performance & Finance Committee**. The detailed terms of reference and operating arrangements set by the Board in respect of this committee are set out below.

CONSTITUTION AND PURPOSE

The Committee will allow appropriate scrutiny and review to a level of depth and detail not possible in Board meetings in respect of planning, performance and finance.

The Committee will ensure that evidence based and timely interventions are implemented to drive forward improved performance thereby allowing the Health Board to achieve the requirements and standards determined for the NHS in Wales, and as outlined within the Board's 3 Year Integrated Medium Term Plan.

SCOPE AND DUTIES

The Committee will; in response of its provision of advice and assurance:

Planning

- Monitor the process for the development of the IMTP
- Scrutinise strategic or major service plans
- Monitor and scrutinise the efficient prioritisation of capital schemes
- Scrutinise Capital Plans and Business Cases in accordance with the Scheme of Delegation
- Monitor the delivery of the Capital Programme;
- Ensure systems are in place to scrutinise business cases in line

with authorised financial limits.

Performance

- Monitor in-year performance against the capital finance limit and activity targets that support the relevant metrics agreed by the Board
- Monitor overall performance against the UHB's IMTP;
- Monitor Estates and Facilities Performance

Organisational Risk Register

- Regularly review risks included on the organisational Risk Register and assigned to the Committee by the Board.

Finance

- Monitor risk to financial delivery including mitigating actions to appropriately manage the risks;
- Robustly challenge and support progress against delivery of savings plans to achieve financial plans to ensure consideration of impact on services;
- Scrutinise investments in line with SFIs and the Scheme of Delegation prior to submission to Board for approval;
- Monitor activity and productivity including operational efficiency and effectiveness;
- Monitor delivery of financial plans and delivery of savings programmes.
- Scrutinise financial savings plans

The committee, in monitoring and scrutinising the above areas, will discuss and agree corrective action where necessary. This will include cost improvement and other productivity improvement programmes.

The Committee will monitor the development of appropriate Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) across all parts of the organisation.

Where necessary, the Committee will undertake detailed "deep dives" of specific areas. These reviews will be supported by appropriate benchmarking information to ensure all Cwm Taf Morgannwg services are striving to achieve "best in class" levels of performance.

DELEGATED POWERS

Although the Board has delegated authority to the Committee for the exercise of certain functions as set out within these terms of reference, it retains overall responsibility and accountability for

ensuring the quality and safety of healthcare for its citizens through the effective governance of its organisation.

The Committee has a key role in assisting the Board to fulfil its oversight responsibilities in areas such as the Health Board's Planning, Performance and Financial strategies to ensure it is operating appropriately and effectively.

AUTHORITY

The Committee is authorised by the Board to:

- investigate or have investigated any activity within its Terms of Reference and in performing these duties shall have the right, at all reasonable times, to inspect any books, records or documents of the CTMUHB. It can seek any information it requires from any employee and all employees are directed to co-operate with any request made by the Committee;
- obtain outside legal or other independent professional advice and to secure the attendance of outsiders with relevant experience and expertise if it considers this necessary, subject to the Board's budgetary and other requirements;
- by giving reasonable notice, require the attendance of any of the officers or employees and auditors of the Board at any meeting of the Committee.
- approve policies relevant to the business of the Committee as delegated by the Board.

MEMBERSHIP

Members:

A minimum of (4) members, comprising

Chair	Independent Member of the Board
Vice Chair	Independent Member of the Board
Members	Two Independent Members of the Board (one of which should be a member of the Quality & Safety Committee).

Attendees:

- Executive Director of Planning, Performance & Partnerships (Executive Lead for the Committee)
- Executive Director of Finance & Procurement
- **Deputy Chief Operating Officer (in their absence nominated Care Group Lead)**
- The Director of Governance / Board Secretary or representative will routinely attend meetings ensuring governance support and advice is available to the Committee Chair.

By Invitation:

- Other Directors / Health Board Officers may be invited to attend when the Committee is discussing areas of risk or operation that are the responsibility of that Director.
- The Committee may also co-opt additional independent external members from outside the organisation to provide specialist skills, knowledge and experience.

Secretariat

The Director of Governance / Board Secretary will determine the secretarial and support arrangements for the Committee.

Member Appointments

The membership of the Committee shall be determined by the Chair of the Board, taking account of the balance of skills and expertise necessary to deliver the Committee's remit and subject to any specific requirements or directions made by the Welsh Government.

Members shall be appointed for a maximum of 3 consecutive years before formally reviewing their role on the Committee. During this time a member may resign or be removed by the Board.

The Board shall ensure succession planning arrangements are in place.

Support to Committee Members

The Director of Governance / Board Secretary, on behalf of the Committee Chair, shall:

- Arrange the provision of advice and support to committee members on any aspect related to the conduct of their role, and
- Co-ordinate the provision of a programme of organisational development for committee members as part of the overall Health

Board's Organisational Development programme developed by the
Executive Director of Workforce & Organisational Development

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

QUORUM

A quorum shall be two Independent Members one of whom must be the Chair or in the absence of the Chair, the Vice Chair or an Independent Member who will be nominated to Chair the Committee.

FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS

Meetings shall be held no less than four times a year, and otherwise as the Chair of the Committee deems necessary. ~~Meetings shall be held on a monthly basis (apart from August and December).~~

The Committee will arrange meetings to fit in with key statutory requirements during the year consistent with the CTMUHB's annual plan of Board Business.

Withdrawal of Individuals in Attendance

The Committee may ask any or all of those who normally attend but who are not members to withdraw to facilitate open and frank discussion of particular matters.

Circulation of Papers

The Director of Governance / Board Secretary will ensure that all papers are distributed at least 7 calendar days in advance of the meeting.

REPORTING AND ASSURANCE ARRANGEMENTS

The Committee Chair shall:

- report formally, regularly and on a timely basis to the Board on the Committee's activities. This includes verbal updates on activity and the submission of written highlight reports throughout the year;

- bring to the Board’s specific attention any significant matters under consideration by the Committee;
- ensure appropriate escalation arrangements are in place to alert the Health Board Chair, Chief Executive or Chairs of other relevant committees of any urgent / critical matters that may affect the operation and / or reputation of the Health Board;

The Committee shall provide a written, annual report to the Board on its work in support of the Annual Governance Statement specifically commenting on the adequacy of the assurance arrangement, the extent to which risk management is comprehensively embedded throughout the organisation, the integration of governance arrangements and the appropriateness of self-assessment activity against relevant standards. The report will also record the results of the Committees self-assessment and evaluation.

The Board may also require the Committee Chair to report upon the activities at public meetings or to community partners and other stakeholders, where this is considered appropriate e.g. where the Committee’s assurance role relates to a joint or shared responsibility.

The Director of Governance / Board Secretary, on behalf of the Board, shall oversee a process of regular and rigorous self-assessment and evaluation of the Committee’s performance and operation.

RELATIONSHIP WITH THE BOARD AND ITS COMMITTEES / GROUPS

Although the Board has delegated authority to the Committee for the exercise of certain functions as set out within these terms of reference, it retains overall responsibility and accountability for the safety, security and use of information to support the quality and safety of healthcare for its citizens through the effective governance of the Organisation.

The Committee is directly accountable to the Board for its performance in exercising the functions set out in these terms of reference.

The Committee, through its Chair and members, shall work closely with the Board’s other Committees and Groups to provide advice and assurance to the Board through the:

- Joint planning and co-ordination of Board and Committee business: and

- Sharing of information

In doing so, contributing to the integration of good governance across the Organisation, ensuring that all sources of assurance are incorporated into the Board's overall risk and assurance framework.

The Committee shall embed the corporate goals and priorities through the conduct of its business, and in doing and transacting its business shall seek assurance that adequate consideration has been given to the sustainable development principle and in meeting the requirements of the Well-Being of Future Generations Act.

APPLICABILITY OF STANDING ORDERS TO COMMITTEE BUSINESS

The requirements for the conduct of business as set out in the CTMUHB Standing Orders are equally applicable to the operation of the Committee, except in the area relating to the Quorum.

CHAIR'S ACTION ON URGENT MATTERS

There may, occasionally, be circumstances where decisions which normally be made by the Committee need to be taken between scheduled meetings. In these circumstances, the Committee Chair, supported by the Director of Corporate Governance as appropriate, may deal with the matter on behalf of the Board, after first consulting with one other Independent Members of the Committee. The Director of Corporate Governance must ensure that any such action is formally recorded and reported to the next meeting of the Committee for consideration and ratification.

Chair's urgent action may not be taken where the Chair has a personal or business interest in the urgent matter requiring decision.

REVIEW

These Terms of Reference shall be adopted by the Planning, Performance & Finance Committee at its first meeting and subject to review at least on an annual basis thereafter, with approval ratified by the Board.

Reviewed 23rd June 2022 by the PPF Committee and no changes made.



AGENDA ITEM

2.2.1a

PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE

MONTH 12 MONITORING RETURNS TO WELSH GOVERNMENT

Date of meeting	27/06/2023
FOI Status	Open/Public
If closed please indicate reason	Not Applicable - Public Report
Prepared by	Mark Thomas, Deputy Director of Finance
Presented by	Sally May, Director of Finance & Procurement
Approving Executive Sponsor	Executive Director of Finance & Procurement
Report purpose	FOR NOTING

Engagement (internal/external) undertaken to date (including receipt/consideration at Committee/group)

Committee/Group/Individuals	Date	Outcome
Welsh Government	02/05/2023	NOTED

ACRONYMS

WG	Welsh Government
M1 etc	Month 1 etc
PPFC	Planning, Performance & Finance Committee
LHB	Local Health Board



MONTH 12 MONITORING RETURNS TO WELSH GOVERNMENT

1. SITUATION/BACKGROUND

- 1.1 In addition to our normal internal Finance reports there is a WG requirement for a Committee of the Board to receive the monthly Monitoring Return submissions to WG (narrative report plus certain tables) in order to provide the Committee with transparency on the submission made to WG.
- 1.2 The purpose of this report is to provide the PFFC with information from the M12 Financial Monitoring Return submission to Welsh Government.

2. SPECIFIC MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION BY THIS MEETING (ASSESSMENT)

- 2.1 The HB, SHA & Trust Monthly Financial Monitoring Return Guidance was issued on 26 April 2022. This guidance refers to the monitoring return spreadsheet and accompanying narrative that LHBs will need to complete to report their 2022/23 financial performance, together with the following requirements:

The Day 9 submission to WG must be agreed and the narrative signed by both the Director of Finance and Chief Executive before the submission is made to WG. The Board governance, regarding the arrangements for when the Director of Finance and/or Chief Executive is not available, should be set out at the start of the year and shared with the Head of NHS Financial Management.

- 2.2 An additional statement must be included in the narrative each month to clarify the date and main Committee of the Board which will receive that Month’s Financial Monitoring return (consisting of the Narrative, Table A and Tables C, C1, C2 & C3) in order to provide the Committee with , transparency on the submission made to WG.

The following information is provided at Annex A:

Annex A
M12 Narrative report
Table A - Movement
Tables C, C1, C2 & C3



3. KEY RISKS/MATTERS FOR ESCALATION TO BOARD/COMMITTEE

- 3.1 All information made available to WG should be consistent with that provided to the Board. The detailed commentary in the Monitoring Returns must include a statement confirming that the financial information reported in the Monitoring Return aligns to the financial details included with the internal Board papers.
- 3.2 The key information included in the M12 Financial Monitoring returns is summarised below:

	M12 Actual	M12 YTD	M12 Forecast	M11 Forecast	Financial Plan
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Core plan deficit	1.9	24.4	24.5	24.5	26.5
Exceptional items:					
National insurance changes	0.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	5.0
Energy inflation	1.6	11.8	11.4	11.4	11.6
Real Living Wage for Social Care Workers	0.2	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Anticipated funding	(1.5)	(16.9)	(16.9)	(16.9)	(19.0)
Total	0.4	0.4	0	0	0
Covid response costs:					
Programme	1.0	13.8	13.6	13.6	15.6
Other	1.1	15.9	16.1	16.1	16.7
Anticipated funding	(2.4)	(30.0)	(29.7)	(29.7)	(32.3)
Total	(0.3)	(0.3)	0	0	0
Grand total	2.0	24.5	24.5	24.5	26.5

- 3.3 The M12 YTD position is a £24.5m deficit. This represents a breakeven position compared to the forecast £24.5m Core plan deficit.
- 3.4 It is important to note that M12 internal reporting within the Health Board is reporting a M12 YTD savings consistent with the breakeven position reported in this Monitoring Return.



	Monitoring Return Table C	Internal HB reporting
	£m	£m
Annual Plan	17.3	17.3
Year to date Plan	17.3	17.3
Year to date actual	(17.3)	(17.3)
Year to date Variance	(0.0)	(0.0)

4. IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Quality/Safety/Patient Experience implications	There are no specific quality and safety implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Related Health and Care standard(s)	Governance, Leadership and Accountability If more than one Healthcare Standard applies please list below:
Equality impact assessment completed	Not required
Legal implications / impact	There are no specific legal implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Resource (Capital/Revenue £/Workforce) implications / Impact	Yes (Include further detail below) The paper is directly relevant to the allocation and utilisation of resources.
Link to Strategic Goals	Sustaining Our Future

5. RECOMMENDATION

- 5.1 The Committee is asked to **NOTE** the contents of the Month 12 Monitoring Returns submitted to Welsh Government for 2022/23.

CWM TAF MORGANNWG UNIVERSITY HEALTH BOARD MONITORING RETURNS – MARCH 2023 FINANCIAL COMMENTARY

Introduction

These returns outline the financial position for Cwm Taf Morgannwg (CTM) UHB for the period ended 31 March 2023.

The tables attached to this commentary **do not** include the income, expenditure and balances of the Welsh Health Specialised Services Committee (WHSSC) or the Emergency Ambulance Services Committee (EASC) which is being financially managed via WHSSC. They do however include the Cwm Taf Morgannwg element of transactions between the parties.

1. Financial Plan, Year to Date and Forecast position

1.1 Financial Plan for 2022/23

In accordance with Welsh Government (WG) guidance, our financial plan is set out into three parts:

- Core Plan
- Exceptional Cost Pressures
- Ongoing Covid response costs

Our draft Annual Plan, submitted to WG on 29 April 2022, is as follows:

	Core plan £m	Exceptional items £m	Covid response costs £m
Recurrent deficit as at 31 March 2020	17.6		
Recurrent savings shortfalls 2020/21	16.2		
Forecast recurrent savings shortfalls 2021/22	11.1		
Other recurrent underspends	(0.4)		
Forecast recurrent deficit as at 31 March 2022	44.5	0	0
Planned surplus on Core plan	-18.0		
National insurance changes		5.0	
Energy inflation		11.6	
Real Living Wage for Social Care Workers		2.4	
Ongoing Covid response costs (Programme costs and Other response costs)			32.3
Total	26.5	19.0	32.3

1.2 Actual YTD and Forecast 22-23 (Table A)

	M12 Actual	M12 YTD	M11 Forecast	Financial Plan
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Core plan deficit	1.9	24.4	24.5	26.5
Exceptional items:				
National insurance changes	0.0	3.1	3.1	5.0
Energy inflation	1.6	11.8	11.4	11.6
Real Living Wage for Social Care Workers	0.2	2.4	2.4	2.4
Anticipated funding	(1.5)	(16.9)	(16.9)	(19.0)
Total	0.4	0.4	0	0
Covid response costs:				
Programme	1.0	13.8	13.6	15.6
Other	1.1	15.9	16.1	16.7
Anticipated funding	(2.4)	(30.0)	(29.7)	(32.3)
Total	(0.3)	(0.3)	0	0
Grand total	2.0	24.5	24.5	26.5

The key issues to highlight are as follows:

- **Core Plan** - The M12 YTD position is a £24.4m deficit. This represents a £0.1m underspend position compared to the forecast £24.5m Core plan deficit.
- **Covid costs and Exceptional Items** – The M12 exceptional energy costs have exceeded the funded position by £0.4m. Conversely, COVID costs have reduced by £0.3m compared to the funded position.
- **Pay award funding**- The M12 position recognises the recent pay circulars for the 1.5% non consolidated and 1.5% consolidated pay awards. In line with WG initial advice the further pay offer for 2022/23 recently announced by WG has not been reflected in this M12 position. This position will be reviewed between draft and final accounts.

1.3 Material income and expenditure category movements between the current period actual and the previous month forecast (Table B)

	March			Year End Forecast		
	Act £'000	F/Cast £'000	Movement £'000	M12 £'000	M11 £'000	Movement £'000
RRL	196,936	163,519	33,418	1,340,283	1,306,866	33,417
Donation/Grants	1,608	52	1,556	1,706	150	1,556
Welsh HBs & NHST	8,209	7,464	745	88,089	87,344	745
WHSSC	1,109	1,074	35	12,791	12,756	35
WG Income	1,587	57	1,530	1,783	253	1,530
Other Income	4,212	2,928	1,284	39,849	38,565	1,284
Income Total	213,661	175,093	38,568	1,484,501	1,445,933	38,568
PC Contractor	12,824	13,896	(1,072)	150,782	151,853	(1,071)
PC - Drugs	8,440	8,750	(310)	97,754	98,064	(310)
Pay	91,311	50,100	41,211	665,015	623,804	41,211
Non Pay	16,835	9,327	7,508	123,884	116,376	7,508
SC - Drugs	4,627	4,671	(44)	48,280	48,324	(44)
H/C Other NHS	22,738	21,600	1,138	259,172	258,034	1,138
Non H/C Other NHS	343	294	49	3,516	3,467	49
CHC & FNC	4,983	4,447	536	59,082	58,546	536
Private & Vol	3,620	2,686	934	17,717	16,783	934
Joint & Other	2,035	4,362	(2,327)	4,901	7,228	(2,327)
DEL	2,283	2,469	(186)	32,804	32,990	(186)
AME	45,672	54,541	(8,869)	46,152	55,021	(8,869)
Res & Cont	0	0	0	0	0	0
P&L on Disposal	(17)	0	(17)	(76)	(59)	(17)
Cost - Total	215,694	177,143	38,551	1,508,983	1,470,433	38,550

The actual expenditure for M12 was £38.55m more than the £177.1m forecast. This movement was mainly driven by new Welsh Government allocations with the final variance from resource limit being a £18k improvement compared to the M11 forecast.

As M12 is the final period in the financial year the movements in month are equal to the movement in forecast outturn. The most significant movements between the M12 forecast and M11 actuals were as follows:

- **Donation/Grants - £1.6m Favourable** – Recognition of revaluation of a donated asset. This is neutralised with a corresponding WG allocation adjustment.
- **WG Income - £1.5m Favourable** – Adjustments to final non cash limited expenditure and income drawn down.
- **Other Income - £1.3m Favourable** – Impact of grossing up netted off income with expenditure. See Provider Non Pay.

- **Primary Care Contractors - £1.1m Favourable** – Categorisation adjustment between primary care contractors and provider Non Pay. See Provider Non Pay.
- **Provider Pay - £41.2m Adverse** – The pay position reflects the new enhanced pay awards of 1.5% consolidated (£8.9m) and 1.5% non consolidated (£6.7m). A further pension adjustment of £25.8m was also recognised in M12. The remaining £0.2m favourable variance was due to a greater than expected release of annual leave accrual (£0.8m) offset by worse than anticipated pay expenditure (£0.6m).
- **Provider Non Pay - £7.5m Adverse** – The M12 position reflects the grossing of expenditure and income noted above (£1.3m). There were also categorisation changes between the forecast and actuals for Primary Care contractors of £1.1m and RPB expenditure of £2.5m. The remaining adverse variance of £2.6m reflects year end stock adjustments and higher than anticipated non pay expenditure.
- **Healthcare NHS - £1.1m Adverse** – The increase is attributed to new WG allocations for EASC & WHSSC of £1.7m together with the pension adjustment for WHSSC of £0.27m. The remaining favourable variance of £1.0m was due to further LTA under performance.
- **CHC & FNC - £0.5m Adverse** – The increase in M12 expenditure was partly due to the recognition of the impact of the recent pay awards upon the FNC & CHC rates £0.3m together with increased retrospective CHC provision £0.2m.
- **Private & Voluntary - £0.9m Adverse** – The increase relates to additional planned care recovery activity with the independent sector.
- **Joint & Other - £2.3m Favourable** – As noted in Provider Non Pay above, there has been a categorisation change between the forecast and actuals of £2.5m.

1.4 Pay Expenditure (Table B2- Sections A, B&C)

The M12 Pay expenditure was £95.0m and the monthly trend is summarised below.

	M12	M11	M10	M9	M8	M7	M6	M5	M4	M3
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
A&C	13.1	7.1	7.3	7.2	7.1	7.1	8.5	6.7	6.6	6.8
Medical	22.8	13.8	14.1	14.2	14.0	13.5	16.3	13.1	12.9	13.6
Nursing	30.1	17.1	16.3	17.1	16.9	17.1	19.9	15.1	16.5	16.7
ACS	12.6	7.3	8.1	6.9	7.2	7.1	8.9	6.5	6.8	6.6
Other	16.4	8.9	9.1	9.0	9.1	9.0	11.0	9.3	8.4	8.5
Total	95.0	54.2	54.9	54.4	54.3	53.8	64.6	50.7	51.2	52.2

The Key issues to highlight are as follows:

- The M12 pay position recognises the recent pay circulars implementing the 1.5% non consolidated (£6.7m) & 1.5% consolidated (£8.9m) pay awards together with the pension adjustment for the additional 6.3% centrally funded element (£25.8m). As planned additional annual leave accruals of £3.9m were also written back in M12. After allowing for these specific M12 adjustments, the M12 position was £3.0m higher than the average of recent months, this reflected increased agency expenditure, bank expenditure and increased overtime and ADHs in M12.

The M12 agency expenditure was £5.6m and the monthly trend (excluding accountancy gains) is summarised below.

	M12	M11	M10	M9	M8	M7	M6	M5	M4	M3
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Medical	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.7	1.1	1.4	1.7
Nursing	2.0	1.9	1.4	2.6	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4
Other	1.8	1.1	2.2	1.2	1.4	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.0	1.0
Total	5.6	4.8	5.4	5.6	5.3	4.9	4.9	4.6	4.8	5.1

Agency costs have returned to levels experienced in M09 & M10 and is £0.3m higher than the average of the last 4 months. The most significant increases are within AHPs.

1.4 Covid analysis (Table B3)

A summary of the additional revenue costs being classified as Covid is provided below:

	M12 Actual	M12 YTD	M11 Year-end forecast	Financial Plan- 30 April	Movement between M12 and M11 Forecasts
Programme costs	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
TTP	0.4	5.7	5.7	6.5	0
Mass Vaccination	0.5	6.5	6.3	7.4	0.2
PPE	0.1	1.6	1.6	1.6	0
Sub total	1.0	13.8	13.6	15.6	0.2
Other Covid costs:					
Cleaning Standards	0.1	1.6	1.7	2.3	(0.1)
Capacity & Facilities costs	0.2	3.7	3.7	3.0	0
Prescribing costs	0	0.4	0.4	2.1	0
Dental income losses	0.2	2.0	2.0	2.5	0
Increased workforce costs	0.3	4.6	4.6	2.6	0
Services supporting Covid response:					
Long Covid	0.2	0.8	0.8	0.8	0
Flu extension	0.1	1.1	1.1	0.6	0
Discharge support	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.6	0
Other Covid Response	0.1	1.4	1.5	2.3	(0.1)
Sub total	1.1	15.9	16.1	16.7	(0.2)
Total Covid costs	2.1	29.7	29.7	32.3	0
Anticipated funding	(2.4)	(30.0)	(29.7)	(32.3)	(0.3)
Total	(0.3)	(0.3)	0	0	(0.3)

There are no significant movements in the In month expenditure.

There are no significant movements between the M12 position and the M11 forecast.

2. Month 11 - Forecast recurrent position (Table A)

The B'fwd recurrent deficit at the end of 21/22 was £44.5m.

As at M12 we are reporting a forecast Underlying deficit of £79.6m (M11: £88.7m). This is consistent with the IMTP submitted on the 31st March 2023.

	M12	M11	Comment
	£m	£m	
Core Plan	60.9	60.9	See below
Ongoing local Covid response costs	10.0	10.0	
Ongoing Exceptional energy costs	8.7	17.8	Latest estimates provided by NWSSP/BG.
Total	79.6	88.7	

The forecast Core plan recurrent deficit of £60.9m (M11: £60.9m) represents a £16.4m deterioration from the B'fwd recurrent deficit at the start of the year and a £32.9m deterioration from the planned recurrent deficit of £28m. This deterioration from plan includes:

- Forecast recurrent shortfalls in savings delivery (£8.1m)- see Section 6.
- Forecast recurrent overspends (£11.0m)- Our Integrated Locality Groups (ILGs) and Directorates identified bought forward cost pressures of circa £11m at the start of 22/23. These cost pressures were excluded from the financial plan and the risk has been managed non recurrently in 22/23. The latest forecast recurrent cost pressures from the Care Groups and directorates now exceed the original £11m this has now been reflected forecast recurrent position for next year.
- A deterioration in Primary care prescribing during 22/23 leading to an estimated recurrent overspend of circa £9.4m.
- Recurrent shortfall in Pay award funding (£1.9m)- see above.

3. Risk Management (Table A2)

The M12 position is consistent with the draft accounts awaiting audit review.

In line with WG advice, the recent WG announcement on a further 2022/23 pay offer of an average of a 3% non consolidated payment has not been recognised within the M12 position. This position will be kept under review between draft accounts and final accounts.

4. Ring Fenced Allocations (Tables N&O)

The additional ringfenced template has been completed to provide further information on requested Ring-Fenced allocations.

5. Agency/Locum (Premium) Expenditure (Table B2 – Sections B&C)

See section 1.4.

6. Saving (inc Accountancy gains) Plans (Tables C, C1, C2, C3)

The financial plan for 2022/23 includes a £17.3m recurring savings target.

	Month 12			Month 11		
	M12 YTD	22/23	Rec	M11 YTD	22/23	Rec
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Planned savings		14.1			14.1	
Planned income generation		0.2			0.2	
Plans to be finalised		3.0			3.0	
Savings target as at M12	17.3	17.3	17.3	15.7	17.3	17.3
Actual and Forecast Savings	(17.3)	(17.3)	(9.2)	(16.1)	(17.1)	(10.1)
Total	0	0	8.1	(0.4)	0.2	7.2

The recurrent savings forecast has reduced from £10.1m to £9.2m in M12.

It is important to note that M12 internal reporting within the Health Board is reporting a M12 YTD savings consistent with the breakeven position reported in this Monitoring Return.

	Monitoring Return Table C	Internal HB reporting
	£m	£m
Annual Plan	17.3	17.3
Year to date Plan	17.3	17.3
Year to date actual	(17.3)	(17.3)
Year to date Variance	0	0

7. Income Assumptions 2022/23 (Tables D & E)

Table D has been completed from information within the M12 Agreement of Balances exercise.

The financial plan also includes provision for additional costs arising from the WRP risk sharing arrangement of £3.3m, which is consistent with the information provided by NWSSP.

8. Health Care agreements

All the LTA agreements with other Welsh NHS bodies have been agreed and signed.

9. Statement of Financial Position and Aged Welsh NHS Debtors (Tables F, M)

9.1 Significant month on month balance sheet movements

Non-current assets (PP&E) have increased significantly from M11. This is mainly due to the change in accounting treatment for IFRS16 Right of Use Assets, which has led to £23m of leased assets being shown on the Balance sheet. There is an equivalent movement in lease liability shown in Payables.

There are further movements on non-current assets which largely offset each other, of which £32m has been taken to the Revaluation Reserve. This has resulted in the change in the Revaluation Reserve and General Fund between m11 and M12.

Non-Current Receivables increased by £4.4m, which is mainly due to the increase in WRP debtors at year end.

Payables have increased due to the lease liability relating to IFRS16, as detailed above. Other payables have also increased significantly, including £8.5m accrual in relation to 2022-23 consolidated pay award, and several NHS year end accruals.

Provisions has increased mainly due to an increase in the quantum relating to a number of claim cases.

9.2 Details of any aged receivables/payables (over 11 weeks old) and disputed invoice information

In relation to aged receivables, there was one NHS invoice greater than 11 weeks old as at the 31st March. This invoice has now been paid.

The analysis of Welsh NHS receivables in Table F includes Welsh NHS and WG invoices.

10. Cash Flow Forecast (Table G)

The closing cash balance at year end was £1.348m.

As agreed, £2.48m available Revenue cash was not drawn down.

This accounts for the validation error on Table G – Cashflow.

11. Public Sector Payment Compliance (Table H)

The percentage for the number of non-NHS invoices paid within the 30-day target within the final quarter of 2022-23 was 96.2% (value 93%), with a year-to-date percentage of 95.4% (94.3% in value terms).

The performance target of 95% was therefore achieved in 2022-23.

For the final quarter of 2022-23 a total of 70.4% of NHS invoices were paid within 30 days (95.1% in value terms), with year-to-date percentage of 80.9% (96.6% in value terms).

12. Capital Schemes and Other Developments (Tables I,J&K)

The final CRL as issued on the 13th April 2023 is £73.025m. After adjusting for donated assets and asset disposals £72.982m has been charged against the CRL leaving a small underspend of £0.043m.

The latest CRL has been adjusted for a number of the under and overspends that were managed through discretionary capital in year. The table below details some of the remaining differences in spend compared to allocation

Scheme	Over/Underspend	Explanation
Centralising decontamination at POW	Overspend £0.076m	Fees on this project are more than the CRL, this is currently being funded from discretionary capital with a plan to recover as part of the business case when submitted.
Anti Ligature Works	Overspend £0.131m	Scope of scheme expanded to include works at Ty Lydiard resulting in overspending against CRL. This approach was agreed earlier in the year with WG and the shortfall has been funded from discretionary capital
Electrical Infrastructure Modernisation at RGH	Overspend £0.068m	Scheme extended due to delays and additional work. Overspend funded from discretionary capital.

Disposals

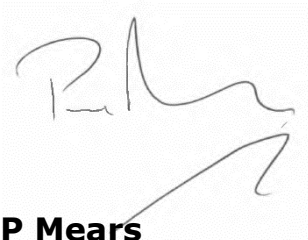
11 Cedar Wood Drive has been disposed in year for £0.215m. The net book value of this, £0.210m, has been added to the available spend as per the usual process along with £0.017m relating to equipment disposals.

13. Other Issues

The financial position reported within this monitoring return aligns to the financial details included within the internal Board papers.

The M12 Financial Monitoring Return (consisting of the Narrative, Table A, Table B3, Tables C,C1,C2,C3 and Table F) will be reported to the next meeting of the Planning, Performance and Finance Committee in May.

14. Authorisation



P Mears
Chief Executive



S May
Director of Finance

Date: 02 May 2023

Action Points arising from Month 11 Response

Action Point	WG Comment	CTM Response
11.1	As we approach year-end, Health Boards should retain any remaining underspends (spend is not being restricted within the area, in the hope that these minor underspends can be utilised within the overall Operational position). We have communicated previously that Health Boards should also now manage any movements on the Covid and Energy funding positions. If slippage cannot be utilised, then it will form part of your final outturn.	Noted.
11.2	Movement of Opening Financial Plan to Forecast Outturn (Table A) It is noted that the outturn position did not improve this month despite the additional release (from Opportunities) of the Annual Leave Accrual, which improved the in-month position, as an increase in the March cost pressures (line 26) has offset the benefit. This appears to be linked to the £2.2m non pay expenditure increase in the SoCNE (which is described as 'known plans for M12'). I will look to your final submission for a supporting explanation of the actual cost pressure incurred in March.	Noted.
10.5	Underlying Position (Table A1) I acknowledge your response that explains the difference between the MMR (£88.7m) and 'Touch Point' presentation (£70.9m). I trust that you are currently refining the position in preparation for the March Plan submission and that a final c/f underlying position will be reported at Month 12.	Revised underlying deficit position was reported in the IMTP submission of £79.6m
11.3	Capital (Tables I & J) I note that you are currently forecasting a balanced position against the reported CRL; although, there are a few schemes assessed as either high or medium risk. I trust that you are liaising with colleagues in the Capital Team regarding the year-end delivery.	Yes regular discussion with the WG capital team however position always planned to be managed by the Health Board across AWCP and Discretionary Capital
7.5	Movement of Opening Financial Plan to Forecast Outturn (Table A) I refer to your latest response to Action Point 7.5 where you confirm the intention to include Accountancy Gains in the 23/24 opening plan and are therefore continuing to phase Accountancy Gains in future months within this financial year. This approach is not compliant with Welsh Health Circular (2022) 013 which confirms that opening planned Accountancy Gains are not acceptable and that the release of in-year Accountancy Gains must be phased into the period in which they are reported as supporting the forecast outturn position. Please ensure you comply with the WG expectation going forward. For the Plans, this may	Our IMTP submission included planning assumptions for accountancy gains.

	mean that you include an aspiration in your March Plan, described as ‘plans still to be finalised’, which may eventually be achieved via in-year Accountancy Gains in 23/24 (which is likely to be after the Audit is complete).	
11.4	Monthly Positions (Table B) & Pay Analysis (Table B2) I note that the keyboard character dash (-) has been entered into Table B (Cell N33) and Table B2 (Cells I36 and M36) instead of zero values. When uploading into our all-Wales database, the dash is not being recognised and is creating errors. Within future returns, please ensure these are amended to reflect whole values only, as instructed within the guidance.	Noted.
11.5	Key Dates: 11th April 23 – Month 12 Day 5 Submission (Please also confirm on this day, any outstanding RRL adjustments due for your organisation).	Noted
11.6	14th April 23 – Final non-cash adjustments including IFRS 16 and please confirm final IFRS 16 total interest value (complete and submit the table below).	Submitted as requested
11.7	2nd May 23 – Month 12 (Full) Return due by midday. If there are any material movements to the outturn position between Day 5 and the Final submission, please inform me as soon as possible.	Noted.

Table A - Movement of Opening Financial Plan to Forecast Outturn

This Table is currently showing 0 errors

Line 14 should reflect the corresponding amounts included within the latest IMTP/AOP submission to WG

Lines 1 - 14 should not be adjusted after Month 1

	In Year Effect	Non Recurring	Recurring	FYE of Recurring
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
1 Underlying Position b/fwd from Previous Year - must agree to M12 MMR (Deficit - Negative Value)	-44,500	0	-44,500	-44,500
2 Planned New Expenditure (Non Covid-19) (Negative Value)	-98,911	-936	-97,975	-97,975
3 Planned Expenditure For Covid-19 (Negative Value)	-35,676	-35,676	0	0
4 Planned Welsh Government Funding (Non Covid-19) (Positive Value)	93,159	2,456	90,703	90,703
5 Planned Welsh Government Funding for Covid-19 (Positive Value)	35,676	35,676	0	0
6 Planned Provider Income (Positive Value)	6,430	0	6,430	6,430
7 RRL Profile - phasing only (In Year Effect / Column C must be nil)	0	0	0	0
8 Planned (Finalised) Savings Plan	14,104	7,683	6,422	7,088
9 Planned (Finalised) Net Income Generation	247	0	247	253
10 Planned Profit / (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	0	0	0	0
11 Planned Release of Uncommitted Contingencies & Reserves (Positive Value)	0	0	0	0
12	0	0	0	0
13 Planning Assumptions still to be finalised at Month 1	2,971	0	2,971	10,001
14 Opening IMTP / Annual Operating Plan	-26,500	9,202	-35,702	-28,000
15 Reversal of Planning Assumptions still to be finalised at Month 1	-2,971	0	-2,971	-10,001
16 Additional In Year & Movement from Planned Release of Previously Committed Contingencies & Reserves (Positive)	0	0	0	0
17 Additional In Year & Movement from Planned Profit / (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	0	0	0	0
18 Other Movement in Month 1 Planned & In Year Net Income Generation	-119	0	-119	-253
19 Other Movement in Month 1 Planned Savings - (Underachievement) / Overachievement	-4,039	-350	-3,689	-4,065
20 Additional In Year Identified Savings - Forecast	7,185	946	6,239	6,193
21 Variance to Planned RRL & Other Income	395	395	0	0
22 Additional In Year & Movement in Planned Welsh Government Funding for Covid-19 (Positive Value - additional)	-5,713	-5,713	0	0
23 Additional In Year & Movement in Planned Welsh Government Funding (Non Covid) (Positive Value - additional)	0	0	0	0
24 Additional In Year & Movement Expenditure for Covid-19 (Negative Value - additional/Positive Value - reduction)	5,982	5,982	0	0
25 In Year Accountancy Gains (Positive Value)	5,389	5,389	0	0
26 Net In Year Operational Variance to IMTP/AOP (material gross amounts to be listed separately)	-519	-519	0	-22,874
27 Release of Annual Leave Accrual over £6m plan	3,100	3,100	0	0
28 Reverse Accountancy Gain included in IMTP	-4,500	-4,500	0	0
29 Remove COVID Funding Assumption included in IMTP	-2,873	-2,873	0	0
30 Energy Price Pressures (Pre Energy Benefit Relief Scheme for 23/24)	0	0	0	-8,700
31 New Pressure Provision for Primary Care Out of Hours dispute - Holiday Pay	-800	-800	0	0
32 Shortfall in Payaward anticipated allocation	-1,900	-1,900	0	-1,900
33 Retention of Dental Underspend & Other non recurrent benefits	1,600	1,600	0	0
34 Change in discount rate	1,800	1,800	0	0
35 COVID-19 Continuing Expenditure supported with N/R allocations in 22/23	0	0	0	-10,000
36 Forecast Outturn (- Deficit / + Surplus)	-24,482	11,759	-36,242	-79,600
37 Covid-19 - Forecast Outturn (- Deficit / + Surplus)		269		

	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	YTD	In Year Effect
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
1	-3,708	-3,708	-3,708	-3,708	-3,708	-3,708	-3,708	-3,708	-3,708	-3,708	-3,708	-3,708	-44,500	-44,500
2	-8,243	-8,243	-8,243	-8,243	-8,243	-8,243	-8,243	-8,243	-8,243	-8,243	-8,243	-8,243	-98,911	-98,911
3	-5,054	-4,673	-4,409	-2,492	-2,492	-2,497	-2,262	-2,298	-2,296	-2,397	-2,404	-2,402	-35,676	-35,676
4	7,763	7,763	7,763	7,763	7,763	7,763	7,763	7,763	7,763	7,763	7,763	7,763	93,159	93,159
5	5,054	4,673	4,409	2,492	2,492	2,497	2,262	2,298	2,296	2,397	2,404	2,402	35,676	35,676
6	536	536	536	536	536	536	536	536	536	536	536	536	6,430	6,430
7	677	-103	60	-226	-260	-194	33	29	29	88	87	-220	0	0
8	766	1,520	1,367	1,318	1,351	1,285	1,058	1,062	1,062	1,003	1,003	1,310	14,104	14,104
9	0	27	17	22	23	23	23	23	23	23	24	24	247	247
10													0	0
11													0	0
12													0	0
13				330	330	330	330	330	330	330	330	330	2,971	2,971
14	-2,208	-2,208	-2,208	-2,208	-2,208	-2,208	-2,208	-2,208	-2,208	-2,208	-2,208	-2,208	-26,500	-26,500
15	0	0	0	-330	-330	-330	-330	-330	-330	-330	-330	-330	-2,971	-2,971
16													0	0
17													0	0
18	0	-27	15	-11	-12	-12	-12	-12	-12	-12	-13	-13	-119	-119
19	0	-631	-464	-376	-606	181	-229	-295	-354	-360	-335	-570	-4,039	-4,039
20	0	697	434	453	466	1,865	581	508	515	512	552	602	7,185	7,185
21	1	-38	14	175	482	-1,104	-67	-16	82	85	32	750	395	395
22	-154	-1,910	-1,938	72	-583	-101	190	-180	4	-434	-639	-39	-5,713	-5,713
23													0	0
24	154	1,910	1,938	-72	583	101	-190	180	-4	434	639	308	5,982	5,982
25	0	0	0	889	0	3,900	100	100	100	100	100	100	5,389	5,389
26	-154	-108	-123	-346	-254	1,216	883	552	541	-1,016	1,932	-3,642	-519	-519
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,100	3,100	3,100
28						-4,500							-4,500	-4,500
29		-555	-277	-247	-247	-247	-217	-217	-217	-217	-217	-215	-2,873	-2,873
30													0	0
31				-800									-800	-800
32							-1,108	-158	-158	-158	-158	-158	-1,900	-1,900
33								1,267	-1,267	1,333	133	133	1,600	1,600
34										1,500	150	150	1,800	1,800
35													0	0
36	-2,362	-2,871	-2,609	-2,801	-2,709	-1,239	-2,608	-809	-3,310	-771	-362	-2,032	-24,482	-24,482
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	269	269	269

Table C - Identified Expenditure Savings Schemes (Excludes Income Generation & Accountancy Gains)

This Table is currently showing 0 errors

			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total YTD	Full-year forecast	YTD as %age of FY YTD variance as %age of YTD	Assessment		Full In-Year forecast		Full-Year Effect of Recurring Savings £'000	
			Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar				Green	Amber	non recurring	recurring		
			£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000				£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000		£'000
1	CHC and Funded Nursing Care	Budget/Plan	16	47	47	32	32	32	32	32	32	27	27	27	378	378		378	0				
2		Actual/Fcast	16	349	183	183	183	183	183	183	183	183	183	183	183	2,192	2,192	100.00%	2,192	0	192	2,000	2,000
3		Variance	0	303	136	151	151	151	151	151	151	151	156	156	156	1,814	1,814	479.26%	1,814	0			
4	Commissioned Services	Budget/Plan	15	15	15	45	45	45	40	40	40	40	40	40	422	422		377	45				
5		Actual/Fcast	15	15	15	15	15	1,461	91	141	116	116	116	116	2,231	2,231	100.00%	2,231	0	121	2,110	2,261	
6		Variance	0	(0)	(0)	(30)	(30)	1,416	51	101	76	76	76	76	1,810	1,810	429.25%	1,855	(45)				
7	Medicines Management (Primary & Secondary Care)	Budget/Plan	0	210	210	235	235	235	243	244	243	244	244	244	2,586	2,586		2,461	125				
8		Actual/Fcast	0	8	8	(17)	0	687	116	121	121	121	121	121	1,411	1,411	100.00%	1,411	0	265	1,146	1,146	
9		Variance	0	(201)	(201)	(252)	(235)	452	(127)	(122)	(121)	(122)	(122)	(122)	(1,175)	(1,175)	(45.45%)	(1,050)	(125)				
10	Non Pay	Budget/Plan	396	418	445	442	491	467	346	349	343	343	343	643	5,025	5,025		4,834	192				
11		Actual/Fcast	396	694	565	807	641	617	599	510	470	420	511	601	6,831	6,831	100.00%	6,831	0	3,851	2,981	3,116	
12		Variance	0	277	120	365	150	149	253	161	127	77	168	(41)	1,806	1,806	35.93%	1,997	(192)				
13	Pay	Budget/Plan	340	831	651	564	548	506	397	397	404	350	350	356	5,693	5,693		5,425	268				
14		Actual/Fcast	340	519	567	407	373	384	420	319	332	315	290	320	4,585	4,585	100.00%	4,585	0	3,849	736	693	
15		Variance	0	(312)	(84)	(157)	(174)	(122)	23	(78)	(72)	(35)	(60)	(36)	(1,108)	(1,108)	(19.46%)	(839)	(268)				
16	Primary Care	Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0				
17		Actual/Fcast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
18		Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0				
19	Total	Budget/Plan	766	1,520	1,367	1,318	1,351	1,285	1,058	1,062	1,062	1,003	1,003	1,310	14,104	14,104		13,474	630				
20		Actual/Fcast	766	1,586	1,337	1,395	1,212	3,331	1,409	1,275	1,222	1,155	1,221	1,342	17,250	17,250	100.00%	17,250	0	8,278	8,972	9,216	
21		Variance	0	66	(30)	77	(139)	2,046	351	213	161	152	218	32	3,146	3,146	22.31%	3,776	(630)				
22	Variance in month		0.00%	4.34%	(2.20%)	5.85%	(10.31%)	159.18%	33.23%	20.05%	15.13%	15.12%	21.68%	2.47%	22.31%								
23	In month achievement against FY forecast		4.44%	9.19%	7.75%	8.09%	7.02%	19.31%	8.17%	7.39%	7.09%	6.69%	7.08%	7.78%									

Table C1- Savings Schemes Pay Analysis

	Month		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total YTD	Full-year forecast	YTD as %age of FY YTD variance as %age of YTD Budget/Plan	Assessment		Full In-Year forecast		Full-Year Effect of Recurring Savings £'000
			Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar				Green	Amber	non recurring	recurring	
			£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000				£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
1 Changes in Staffing Establishment	Budget/Plan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
	Actual/F'cast		0	16	44	43	41	13	9	9	7	1	1	1	1	185	185	100.00%	185	0	185	0
	Variance		0	16	44	43	41	13	9	9	7	1	1	1	1	185	185		185	0		
5 Variable Pay	Budget/Plan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
	Actual/F'cast		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0
	Variance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
8 Locum	Budget/Plan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
	Actual/F'cast		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0
	Variance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
10 Agency / Locum paid at a premium	Budget/Plan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
	Actual/F'cast		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0
	Variance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
14 Changes in Bank Staff	Budget/Plan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
	Actual/F'cast		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0
	Variance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
17 Other (Please Specify)	Budget/Plan		340	831	651	564	548	506	397	397	404	350	350	356	5,693	5,693		5,425	268			
	Actual/F'cast		340	503	522	364	333	370	411	311	325	314	289	320	4,400	4,400	100.00%	4,400	0	3,664	736	
	Variance		0	(328)	(129)	(200)	(215)	(136)	14	(87)	(79)	(36)	(61)	(37)	(1,293)	(1,293)	(22.71%)	(1,025)	(268)			
19 Total	Budget/Plan		340	831	651	564	548	506	397	397	404	350	350	356	5,693	5,693		5,425	268			
	Actual/F'cast		340	519	567	407	373	384	420	319	332	315	290	320	4,585	4,585	100.00%	4,585	0	3,849	736	
	Variance		0	(312)	(84)	(157)	(174)	(122)	23	(78)	(72)	(35)	(60)	(36)	(1,108)	(1,108)	(19.46%)	(839)	(268)			

Table C2- Savings Schemes Agency/Locum Paid at a Premium Analysis

	Month		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total YTD	Full-year forecast	YTD as %age of FY YTD variance as %age of YTD Budget/Plan	Assessment		Full In-Year forecast		Full-Year Effect of Recurring Savings £'000
			Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar				Green	Amber	non recurring	recurring	
			£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000				£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
1 Reduced usage of Agency/Locums paid at a premium	Budget/Plan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
	Actual/F'cast		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0
	Variance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
5 Non Medical 'off contract' to 'on contract'	Budget/Plan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
	Actual/F'cast		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0
	Variance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
8 Medical - Impact of Agency pay rate caps	Budget/Plan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
	Actual/F'cast		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0
	Variance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
11 Other (Please Specify)	Budget/Plan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
	Actual/F'cast		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0
	Variance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
13 Total	Budget/Plan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		
	Actual/F'cast		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0
	Variance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0		

This Table is currently showing 51 errors

Table C3 - Tracker

	£'000	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Total YTD	Full-year forecast	Non Recurring	Recurring	FYE Adjustment	Full-year Effect
Savings (Cash Releasing & Cost Avoidance)	Month 1 - Plan	766	1,520	1,367	1,318	1,351	1,285	1,058	1,062	1,062	1,003	1,003	1,310	14,104	14,104	7,683	6,422	666	7,088
	Month 1 - Actual/Forecast	766	889	903	942	745	1,466	829	767	707	643	669	740	10,065	10,065	7,332	2,733	290	3,023
	Variance	0	(631)	(464)	(376)	(606)	181	(229)	(295)	(354)	(360)	(335)	(570)	(4,039)	(4,039)	(350)	(3,689)	(376)	(4,065)
	In Year - Plan	0	700	433	445	410	1,064	568	498	498	498	498	497	6,111	6,111	410	5,701	75	5,776
	In Year - Actual/Forecast	0	697	434	453	466	1,865	581	508	515	512	552	602	7,185	7,185	946	6,239	(46)	6,193
	Variance	0	(3)	0	8	56	801	12	10	17	14	54	105	1,074	1,074	536	538	(121)	417
	Total Plan	766	2,220	1,801	1,763	1,761	2,349	1,626	1,560	1,560	1,501	1,501	1,807	20,215	20,215	8,092	12,123	741	12,864
	Total Actual/Forecast	766	1,586	1,337	1,395	1,212	3,331	1,409	1,275	1,222	1,155	1,221	1,342	17,250	17,250	8,278	8,972	244	9,216
	Total Variance	0	(634)	(463)	(368)	(550)	982	(217)	(285)	(337)	(346)	(280)	(465)	(2,964)	(2,964)	186	(3,150)	(497)	(3,648)
	Net Income Generation	Month 1 - Plan	0	27	17	22	23	23	23	23	23	23	24	24	247	247	0	247	6
Month 1 - Actual/Forecast		0	0	32	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	128	128	0	128	(128)	0
Variance		0	(27)	15	(11)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(13)	(13)	(119)	(119)	0	(119)	(134)	(253)
In Year - Plan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
In Year - Actual/Forecast		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Variance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Plan		0	27	17	22	23	23	23	23	23	23	24	24	247	247	0	247	6	253
Total Actual/Forecast	0	0	32	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	128	128	0	128	(128)	0	
Total Variance	0	(27)	15	(11)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(13)	(13)	(119)	(119)	0	(119)	(134)	(253)	
Accountancy Gains	In Year - Plan	0	0	0	889	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	889	889	889	889	0	0
	In Year - Actual/Forecast	0	0	0	889	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	889	889	889	889	0	0
	Variance	0	0	0	(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0)	(0)	(0)	0	0	
Total	Month 1 - Plan	766	1,547	1,384	1,339	1,373	1,308	1,080	1,085	1,084	1,026	1,027	1,333	14,351	14,351	7,683	6,669	672	7,341
	Month 1 - Actual/Forecast	766	889	935	953	756	1,477	839	777	718	654	679	750	10,193	10,193	7,332	2,861	162	3,023
	Variance	0	(658)	(448)	(386)	(618)	169	(241)	(307)	(366)	(372)	(347)	(583)	(4,158)	(4,158)	(350)	(3,808)	(510)	(4,318)
	In Year - Plan	0	700	433	1,334	410	1,064	568	498	498	498	498	497	7,000	7,000	1,299	5,701	75	5,776
	In Year - Actual/Forecast	0	697	434	1,342	466	1,865	581	508	515	512	552	602	8,074	8,074	1,835	6,239	(46)	6,193
	Variance	0	(3)	0	8	56	801	12	10	17	14	54	105	1,074	1,074	536	538	(121)	417
	Total Plan	766	2,247	1,817	2,673	1,784	2,372	1,649	1,583	1,582	1,524	1,524	1,830	21,351	21,351	8,982	12,370	747	13,117
	Total Actual/Forecast	766	1,586	1,369	2,294	1,222	3,342	1,420	1,286	1,233	1,166	1,231	1,353	18,267	18,267	9,167	9,100	116	9,216
	Total Variance	0	(661)	(448)	(379)	(561)	970	(229)	(297)	(349)	(358)	(293)	(478)	(3,084)	(3,084)	185	(3,269)	(631)	(3,901)



AGENDA ITEM

2.2.1d

PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE

MONTH 1 MONITORING RETURNS TO WELSH GOVERNMENT

Date of meeting	27/06/2023
FOI Status	Open/Public
If closed please indicate reason	Not Applicable - Public Report
Prepared by	Mark Thomas, Deputy Director of Finance
Presented by	Sally May, Director of Finance & Procurement
Approving Executive Sponsor	Executive Director of Finance & Procurement
Report purpose	FOR NOTING

Engagement (internal/external) undertaken to date (including receipt/consideration at Committee/group)

Committee/Group/Individuals	Date	Outcome
Welsh Government	13/05/2023	NOTED

ACRONYMS

WG	Welsh Government
M1 etc	Month 1 etc
PPFC	Planning, Performance & Finance Committee
LHB	Local Health Board



MONTH 1 MONITORING RETURNS TO WELSH GOVERNMENT

1. SITUATION/BACKGROUND

- 1.1 In addition to our normal internal Finance reports there is a WG requirement for a Committee of the Board to receive the monthly Monitoring Return submissions to WG (narrative report plus certain tables) in order to provide the Committee with transparency on the submission made to WG.
- 1.2 The purpose of this report is to provide the PFFC with information from the M1 Financial Monitoring Return submission to Welsh Government.

2. SPECIFIC MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION BY THIS MEETING (ASSESSMENT)

- 2.1 The HB, SHA & Trust Monthly Financial Monitoring Return Guidance was issued on 26 April 2023. This guidance refers to the monitoring return spreadsheet and accompanying narrative that LHBs will need to complete to report their 2023/24 financial performance, together with the following requirements:

The Day 9 submission to WG must be agreed and the narrative signed by both the Director of Finance and Chief Executive before the submission is made to WG. The Board governance, regarding the arrangements for when the Director of Finance and/or Chief Executive is not available, should be set out at the start of the year and shared with the Head of NHS Financial Management.

- 2.2 An additional statement must be included in the narrative each month to clarify the date and main Committee of the Board which will receive that Month’s Financial Monitoring return (consisting of the Narrative, Table A and Tables C, C1, C2, C3 & C4) in order to provide the Committee with, transparency on the submission made to WG.

The following information is provided at Annex A:

Annex A
M1 Narrative report
Table A - Movement
Tables C, C1, C2, C3 & C4



3. KEY RISKS/MATTERS FOR ESCALATION TO BOARD/COMMITTEE

3.1 All information made available to WG should be consistent with that provided to the Board. The detailed commentary in the Monitoring Returns must include a statement confirming that the financial information reported in the Monitoring Return aligns to the financial details included with the internal Board papers.

3.2 The key information included in the M1 Financial Monitoring returns is summarised below:

	M1 Actual	M1 YTD	M1 Forecast	Financial Plan
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Core plan deficit	5.9	5.9	70.9	70.9
Exceptional Energy inflation	0.7	0.7	8.7	8.7
Covid Programme costs:				
Health Protection	0.5	0.5	9.1	9.1
PPE	0.1	0.1	1.0	0
Adferiad	0.0	0.0	1.0	0
Nosocomial	0.0	0.0	0.6	0
Anticipated Funding	0.6	0.6	(11.7)	(9.1)
Total	0	0	0	0
Grand total	6.6	6.6	79.6	79.6

3.3 The M1 YTD position is a £6.6m deficit. This represents a breakeven position compared to 1/12th of the £79.6m planned deficit.

3.4 The financial plan for 2023/24 includes a £27.3m recurring savings target.

	Month 1		
	M1 YTD	23/24	Rec
	£m	£m	£m
Savings target as at M1	2.3	27.3	27.3
Actual and Forecast Savings	(0.3)	(9.0)	(9.3)
Total	2.0	18.3	18.0



3.5 Further work is ongoing to develop robust plans to close the forecast gap of £18.3m In year and £18.0m recurrently.

4. IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Quality/Safety/Patient Experience implications	There are no specific quality and safety implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Related Health and Care standard(s)	Governance, Leadership and Accountability If more than one Healthcare Standard applies please list below:
Equality impact assessment completed	Not required
Legal implications / impact	There are no specific legal implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Resource (Capital/Revenue £/Workforce) implications / Impact	Yes (Include further detail below) The paper is directly relevant to the allocation and utilisation of resources.
Link to Strategic Goals	Sustaining Our Future

5. RECOMMENDATION

5.1 The Committee is asked to **NOTE** the contents of the Month 1 Monitoring Returns submitted to Welsh Government for 2023/24.

CWM TAF MORGANNWG UNIVERSITY HEALTH BOARD MONITORING RETURNS – APRIL 2023 FINANCIAL COMMENTARY

Introduction

These returns outline the financial position for Cwm Taf Morgannwg (CTM) UHB for the period ended 30 April 2023.

The tables attached to this commentary **do not** include the income, expenditure and balances of the Welsh Health Specialised Services Committee (WHSSC) or the Emergency Ambulance Services Committee (EASC) which is being financially managed via WHSSC. They do however include the Cwm Taf Morgannwg element of transactions between the parties.

1. Financial Plan, Year to Date and Forecast position

1.1 Financial Plan for 2023/24

Our draft Annual Plan, submitted to WG on 31st March 2023, is as follows:

	Recurrent £m	Non Recurrent £m	Core plan £m
Recurrent Core plan deficit at 31 March 2023	60.9		60.9
Recurrent ongoing COVID costs	10.0		10.0
Non Recurrent ongoing Exceptional energy costs		8.7	8.7
B’Fwd challenge at 31 March 2023	70.9	8.7	79.6
Allocation Adjustments	(17.4)	(9.9)	(27.3)
Cost Pressures & Investments:			
Inflationary Pressures	21.8	0	21.8
Demand Growth	12.3	0	12.3
Service Improvement – Local	4.3	2.8	7.0
COVID Programmes	0	9.1	9.1
Other Pressures & Investment	0.8	3.7	4.5
Savings Target	(27.3)	0	(27.3)
Total plan 23/24	65.3	14.4	79.6

1.2 Actual YTD and Forecast 23-24 (Table A)

	M1 Actual £m	M1 YTD £m	M1 Forecast £m	Financial Plan £m
Core plan deficit	5.9	5.9	70.9	70.9
Exceptional Energy inflation	0.7	0.7	8.7	8.7
Covid Programme costs:				
Health Protection	0.5	0.5	9.1	9.1
PPE	0.1	0.1	1.0	0
Adferiad	0.0	0.0	1.0	0
Nosocomial	0.0	0.0	0.6	0
Anticipated Funding	0.6	0.6	(11.7)	(9.1)
Total	0	0	0	0
Grand total	6.6	6.6	79.6	79.6

The key issues to highlight at M1 are as follows:

- **Core plan YTD position**

The M1 position is a £6.6m deficit. This represents a breakeven position compared to 1/12th of the £79.6m deficit in the draft plan submitted to WG on 31 March. The M1 position includes a £2m shortfall against the M1 savings target of £2.3m but this is currently being offset by positive operating variances across the Care Groups and directorates.

- **Core plan forecast**

As at M1 we are maintaining a forecast Core plan deficit of £79.6m for 23/24 which is consistent with the draft financial plan.

The draft plan includes several significant risks which are summarised in Section 3, most notably the savings plan position is currently £18.3m short of the £27.3m savings target. Urgent work is ongoing to develop robust savings plans and to de-risk the financial plan for 23/24.

The draft financial plan also, includes several significant funding assumptions which are summarised in Section 7. Any further clarification on these funding assumptions would be helpful to inform the submission of our supplementary paper to WG on 31 May.

- **Exceptional energy costs**

As at M1 the HB is reporting energy expenditure of £1.4m with a forecast of £15.6m. This represents a forecast cost pressure of £8.7m which is consistent with the draft financial plan.

- **COVID Programme costs**

As at M1 the HB is reporting COVID Programme expenditure of £0.6m with a forecast of £11.7m. In line with the WG guidance, the HB is anticipating that the COVID Programme costs will be fully funded.

1.3 Material income and expenditure category movements between the current period actual and the previous month forecast (Table B & B1)

Commentary on movements to be provided from M2 onwards.

The forecast has been profiled using latest plans and information and will continue to be refined throughout the year. The pay expenditure includes an estimate for the 1.5% consolidated pay award with a matching anticipated allocation. The position does not assume the recent pay settlement offer for 2023/24 which is assumed to be fully funded by WG.

The profile for M6 includes the anticipated accountancy gains included in our draft financial plan for Non Pay and CHC.

M12 includes £13.3m of committed reserves for Planned Care programmes and Regional Integration Fund (RIF), pending finalisation of spend profiles.

1.4 Pay Expenditure (Table B2)

The M1 Pay expenditure was £54.1m and the monthly trend is summarised below.

	M1	M12	M11	M10	M9
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
A&C	7.3	13.1	7.1	7.3	7.2
Medical	13.5	22.8	13.8	14.1	14.2
Nursing	17.1	30.1	17.1	16.3	17.1
ACS	7.2	12.6	7.3	8.1	6.9
Other	9.0	16.4	8.9	9.1	9.0
Total	54.1	95.0	54.2	54.9	54.4

The Key issues to highlight are as follows:

- The M12 pay position recognised the recent pay circulars implementing the 1.5% non-consolidated (£6.7m) & 1.5% consolidated (£8.9m) pay awards together with the pension adjustment for the additional 6.3% centrally funded element (£25.8m). Planned additional annual leave accruals of £3.9m were also written back in M12. The M12 cost excluding these one-off items was £57.5m.

- The M1 position includes the 1.5% consolidated pay settlement equivalent to £0.75m. After allowing for this inflationary increase of £0.75m the adjusted M1 position (£53.4m) is reporting a reduction of circa £1.0m compared to the average of M9, M10 & M11 (£54.5m).

The M1 agency expenditure was £4.3m and the monthly trend (excluding accountancy gains) is summarised below.

	M1	M12	M11	M10	M9
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Medical	1.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Nursing	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.4	2.6
Other	1.0	1.8	1.1	2.2	1.2
Total	4.3	5.6	4.8	5.4	5.6

Agency Costs in M1 have also reduced by circa £1.0m compared to the average of M9, M10 & M11 (£5.3m). The main areas of reduction are Medical Staff and ACS staff.

1.5 Covid analysis (Table B3)

A summary of the additional revenue costs being classified as Covid Programme is shown below.

	M1 Actual	M1 YTD	M1 Year-end forecast	Financial Plan- 31 March	Movement between M1 and the Financial Plan
Programme costs	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Public Health Response - TTP	0.1	0.1	2.7	2.7	0
Public Health Response - Mass Vaccination	0.4	0.4	6.4	6.4	0
PPE	0.1	0.1	1.0	0	1.0
Adferiad (Long COVID)	0.0	0.0	1.0	0	1.0
Nosocomial Investigation	0.0	0.0	0.6	0	0.6
Anticipated funding	(0.6)	(0.6)	(11.7)	(9.1)	(2.6)
Total	0	0	0	0	0

The key points to note are as follows:

- Public Health response – Plans continue to progress to address the interim Public Health response for both Vaccination and TTP and to

develop a more integrated sustainable approach. Pending finalisation of the 2023/24 plans, the M1forecast is based on the indicative allocation noted in Sioned Rees's correspondence dated 22 Dec 2022.

- In line with the MMR guidance, the additional costs of PPE have been assumed to be fully funded and an anticipated allocation is included in these Returns. The additional PPE costs have been assessed using the NWSSP stock list of PPE items expenditure compared to 2019/20 actual costs as baseline.
- Adferiad (Long COVID) – In line with the MMR guidance, the additional costs of Adferiad have been assumed to be fully funded. An anticipated allocation has also been included in these Returns.
- Nosocomial Investigation - In line with the MMR guidance, the additional costs of the Nosocomial investigation have been assumed to be fully funded with an anticipated allocation being recognised.

2. Month 1 - Forecast recurrent position (Table A)

The B'fwd recurrent deficit at the end of 22/23 was £70.9m.

As at M1 we are reporting a forecast Underlying deficit at the end of 23/24 of £65.3m. This is consistent with the IMTP submitted on the 31st March 2023.

	M1	Draft financial plan	Comment
	£m	£m	
Core Plan B/F	60.9	60.9	
Ongoing local Covid response costs B/F	10.0	10.0	Any reduction in these costs will be treated as a saving in 23/24
Ongoing Exceptional energy costs	tbc	tbc	The ongoing impact of exceptional energy costs into 24 25, will be reassessed during 23/24.
B/Fwd Total	70.9	70.9	
2023/24 Planned Improvement	-5.6	-5.6	The planned improvement in the underlying deficit of £5.6m assumes the full recurrent delivery of the £27.3m recurrent savings target. As at M1 this is a significant risk with only £9.3m of plans identified.
Total	65.3	65.3	

3. Risk Management (Table A2)

The key financial risks and opportunities for 22/23 are noted in Table A2 and are summarised below:

	Month 1 £m	IMTP £m	Comment
Savings delivery risks:			
Shortfall against planned savings delivery of £27.3m.	9.1	7.5	The latest shortfall at M1 is £18.3m and the risk has been estimated at 50%.
Forecast recurrent overspends in Care Groups not recognised in the plan. Risk of not delivering the £7.0m of NR benefits in 22/23 again in 23/24.	3.5	3.5	
Funding risks:			
Assumed WG funding for dental – 30% abatement of the dental income target	1.0	1.0	Further clarification needed on funding assumptions for 23/24
Assumed funding for the impact of RLW in 23/24	1.2	1.2	Further clarification needed on funding assumptions for 23/24.
Assumed funding for Regional Planned care Recovery solutions	3.8	3.8	Further clarification needed on funding assumptions for 23/24.
Risk of the 23/24 pay award not being fully funded given the £1.9m recurrent shortfall in 22/23	1.0	1.0	Further clarification needed on funding assumptions for 23/24.
Risk of the additional costs for the extra bank holiday in 23/24 not being fully funded	0.6	0.6	Further clarification needed on funding assumptions for 23/24.
Cost pressure risks:			
Return to pre Covid Cost & Volume LTA arrangements in 23/24	1.0	1.0	
Contracting risks with other Health Boards	3.1	1.5	See Section 8 re specific risk re ABUHB.
Provider and commissioner relationship for exceptional inflationary cost pressures such as energy – WAST and Velindre	0	Tbc	WAST and Velindre not assuming extra funding for energy cost pressures in their draft LTAs.
Primary care prescribing – inflation and volume growth different to plan assumptions	Tbc	Tbc	Prescribing data is 2m in arrears and we will not have Q1 data until August 2023.
Significant uncertainty surrounding the expected energy cost pressure	Tbc	Tbc	
NICE costs exceed planned growth of £3.0m	Tbc	Tbc	
Non Pay Inflation exceeds the £4.9m provision made in the plan (4.9%)	0	Tbc	
Pension changes – Increased pension costs if staff opt back in following changes to the 1995 scheme	0.75	0.75	
Winter plans – All schemes funded non recurrently in 22/23 need to stop by 31 March	0.75	0.75	
Total Risks	25.8	22.6	
Contingencies / Opportunities			
Further balance sheet review within 22/23	(2.5)	(2.5)	
Retrospective vat recoveries – Primary care and Microsoft contract	(0.5)	(0.5)	

	Month 1	IMTP	Comment
Provision for an adverse movement in discount rates in 23/24 (following a positive movement in 22/23) not required	(1.0)	(1.0)	
Potential to recharge NWSSP for increased energy costs for laundry	0	(0.6)	The M1 position and forecast assume that the recharge is made and recovered.
Total Opportunities	(4.0)	(4.6)	
Total	21.8	18.0	

4. Ring Fenced Allocations (Tables N,O & P)

Tables N & O will be completed Quarterly from Q2 (M6) and Table P will be completed from M3 onwards.

	Total Allocation	Forecast	Comment
	£m	£m	
Confirmed Allocations (Initial Allocation letter 23/24)			
Planned Care Recovery Funding	18.5	24.0	Includes £5.5m of additional investment above the WG allocation.
Value Based Healthcare	2.1	2.1	
Regional Integration Fund	22.3	22.3	Assumes anticipated allocations of £2m consistent with Shelley Davies's letter dated 31 st March.
Genomics Strategy	1.4	1.4	
Critical Care Funding	2.7	2.7	
In Year Allocations (Initial Allocation letter 23/24)			
Urgent Emergency Care	3.0	3.0	Anticipated allocation
Mental Health (SIF)	0.8	0.8	Anticipated 23/24 allocation
Planned Care	0.6	0.6	Anticipated allocation
Value Based Healthcare	0.7	0.7	Anticipated allocation for approved schemes.
Recovery	7.7	7.7	Anticipated allocations for Regional Plans
Total	59.8	65.3	

The Dental position will be reviewed in Q2. In the meantime, further clarification on whether there will additional funding to support shortfalls in patient charges in 23/24 and the position on retention/recovery of dental underspends would be appreciated.

The Health Board can confirm that there are no concerns at M1 on any other ring-fenced budgets.

5. Agency/Locum (Premium) Expenditure (Table B2 – Sections B&C)

See section 1.4.

6. Saving (inc Accountancy gains) Plans (Tables C, C1, C2, C3)

The financial plan for 2023/24 includes a £27.3m recurring savings target.

	Month 1		
	M1 YTD	23/24	Rec
	£m	£m	£m
Savings target as at M1	2.3	27.3	27.3
Actual and Forecast Savings	(0.3)	(9.0)	(9.3)
Total	2.0	18.3	18.0

Further work is ongoing to develop robust plans to close the forecast gap of £18.3m In year and £18.0m recurrently.

The financial plan for 2023/24 also includes planned accountancy gains of £3.0m.

7. Income Assumptions 2023-24 (Tables D & E)

Table D has been completed and agreed with all other organisations.

The financial plan also includes provision for additional costs arising from the WRP risk sharing arrangement of £3.5m which is consistent with the information provided by NWSSP. This provision has been included as an anticipated allocation adjustment in Table E.

Table E shows the anticipated allocations assumed within our M1 position. The table below summaries the more material items:

Description	£'000	Comments
1.5% consolidated pay award	8,900	Estimated requirement
Regional Planned Care Recovery	7,700	Planning Assumption to be confirmed
Real Living Wage	4,800	Estimated requirement
Substance Misuse	3,909	Awaiting APB approval
Urgent & Emergency Care	2,960	Planning Assumption to be confirmed
2022/23 MH Investment	3,301	Planning Assumption to be confirmed.
Dental Income Abatement	2,000	Planning Assumption to be confirmed.
Dementia Funding (RIF)	1,242	Approved RIF funding
Public Health Wales Transfer	1,387	Approved transfer funding
Planned Care – OP Transformation & Eyecare	619	Planning Assumption to be confirmed.
Hosted Value in Health Team	2,227	Estimated requirement
Health Protection – Mass Vaccination	6,400	Indicative allocation to be claimed on actual costs
Health Protection - TTP	2,700	Indicative allocation to be claimed on actual costs
Adferiad	972	Indicative allocation to be claimed on actual costs
PPE	1,000	Indicative allocation to be claimed on actual costs
Noscomial	596	Indicative allocation to be claimed on actual costs
WRP Deduction	-3,482	Indicative Adjustment
Invest to Save Repayments	-1,200	Agreed repayment profile
Other Allocations	6,543	
Total Anticipated Allocations	52,574	

8. Health Care agreements

The Health Board is working with other Welsh NHS bodies to ensure all contracts are agreed and signed by 30th June 2023.

The Health Board is assuming that LTA arrangements for 23/24 will follow the recommendation accepted by the majority view at the Directors of Finance meeting on the 17th March 2023.

The HB has received a letter dated 10th May from ABUHB indicating that they do not accept this position and are intending to reduce the CTM provider LTA value by circa £6m in 23/24. We do not agree with this assessment, and we have suggested a way forward to ABUHB to fairly address the change in patient flows since 19/20. Correspondence between DoFs and Commissioning teams since November 2022 have failed to resolve the differences and it will now be escalated to Chief Executives

before an official arbitration request is submitted. The risk to our draft plan is £3.1m.

9. Statement of Financial Position and Aged Welsh NHS Debtors (Tables F, M)

9.1 Significant month on month balance sheet movements

An update is not required for this return.

9.2 Details of any aged receivables/payables (over 11 weeks old) and disputed invoice information

In relation to aged receivables, there was one NHS invoice greater than 17 weeks and two greater than 11 weeks old as at the 30th April 2023. All invoices were agreed as part of the M12 Agreement of Balances and there are no disputes. Organisations have been contacted and confirmation of payment dates requested.

10. Cash Flow Forecast (Table G)

An update is not required for this return.

11. Public Sector Payment Compliance (Table H)

An update is not required for this return.

In relation to NHS invoices, the Health Board continues to look for improvements in the process, but several areas of the process are outside the Health Board's control (i.e. the invoicing organisation and the process through Accounts Payable). The plan to improve the payment of NHS invoices includes:

- Review of regular NHS invoices missing the PSPP date.
- Use of Power BI dashboard analysis to escalate unpaid invoices.
- Reviewing the current application of the No PO No Pay policy in relation to NHS invoices in CTMUHB, and what alternatives could be used to improve the rate of payment.
- Continuing to work with the All-Wales P2P group and Agreement of Balances sub-group to make improvements between organisations.

12. Capital Schemes and Other Developments (Tables I &K)

An update is not required for this return.

Non-cash requirements have been matched to existing baselines for M1. These will be updated in M3 with revised estimates for the year following the submission of the first non-cash return at the end of June.

13. Other Issues

The financial position reported within this monitoring return aligns to the financial details included within the internal Board papers.

The M1 Financial Monitoring Return (consisting of the Narrative, Table A, Tables C,C1,C2,C3 and C4) will be reported to the next meeting of the Planning, Performance and Finance Committee in June 2023.

14. Authorisation



P Mears
Chief Executive



S May
Director of Finance

Date: 15 May 2023

Action Points arising from Month 12 Response

Action Point	WG Comment	CTM Response
	<p>I note the reporting of a year-end deficit, subject to audit, of £24.482m. This position assumes the retention of a material underspend (c£4m) on the ring-fenced Dental allocation, which was higher than the approved retention surplus of £1.6m. I trust you will continue to liaise with the Dental Policy Lead to ensure actions are taken in 23/24, to fully utilise the funding on the purpose it has been awarded.</p>	<p>Primary care colleagues will liaise with Dental Policy lead during 23/24 to agree assumptions and slippage plans.</p> <p>Please see Section 4 above re further clarification needed on funding assumptions and slippage rules if not have an approved IMTP.</p>
	<p>It is disappointing that the NHS payment performance (80.6%) has not materially improved compared to 21/22 (80.0%). The narrative does not make reference to planned actions for improvement; therefore, please ensure these details are provided in the M1 MMR submission as part of the expected assurance that the Health Board will achieve the minimum best practice performance of 95% in 23/24.</p>	<p>Please see Section 11.</p>
	<p>I note your response to Action Point 7.5 stating that the 23/24 IMTP submission includes assumptions relating to the benefits of Accountancy Gains. I reiterate that the Welsh Health Circular prohibits the reliance of 'finalised' Accountancy Gains as part of the opening planned position. At the date of your Month 1 submission in which the Health Board will be reporting the opening plan position, the audit of your 22/23 position will still be ongoing. Accountancy Gains must be treated as unplanned in-year benefits and once finalised, phased into the period when they are reported as supporting the forecast outturn position.</p>	<p>Accountancy gains have been included in our IMTP plan and have been noted in Table A line 12.</p>

Table A - Movement of Opening Financial Plan to Forecast Outturn

This Table is currently showing 0 errors

Line 14 should reflect the corresponding amounts included within the latest IMTP/AOP submission to WG
 Lines 1 - 14 should not be adjusted after Month 1

	In Year Effect £'000	Non Recurring £'000	Recurring £'000	FYE of Recurring £'000
1 Underlying Position b/fwd from Previous Year - must agree to M12 MMR (Deficit - Negative Value)	-70,900	0	-70,900	-70,900
2 Planned New Expenditure (Non Covid-19) (Negative Value)	-57,200	-18,100	-39,100	-39,100
3 Planned Expenditure For Covid-19 (Negative Value)	-11,841	-11,841		
4 Planned Welsh Government Funding (Non Covid-19) (Positive Value)	18,200	800	17,400	17,400
5 Planned Welsh Government Funding for Covid-19 (Positive Value)	11,841	11,841		
6 Planned Provider Income (Positive Value)	0	0		
7 RRL Profile - phasing only (In Year Effect / Column C must be nil)	0	0	0	0
8 Planned (Finalised) Savings Plan	8,781	495	8,286	9,253
9 Planned (Finalised) Net Income Generation	202	202	0	0
10 Planned Profit / (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	0	0	0	0
11 Planned Release of Uncommitted Contingencies & Reserves (Positive Value)	0	0		
12 Planned Accountancy Gain	3,000	3,000		
13 Planning Assumptions still to be finalised at Month 1	18,318	271	18,047	18,047
14 Opening IMTP / Annual Operating Plan	-79,600	-13,332	-66,268	-65,300
15 Reversal of Planning Assumptions still to be finalised at Month 1	-18,318	-271	-18,047	-18,047
16 Additional In Year & Movement from Planned Release of Previously Committed Contingencies & Reserves (Positive)	0	0		
17 Additional In Year & Movement from Planned Profit / (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	0	0		
18 Other Movement in Month 1 Planned & In Year Net Income Generation	0	0	0	0
19 Other Movement in Month 1 Planned Savings - (Underachievement) / Overachievement	0	0	0	-1
20 Additional In Year Identified Savings - Forecast	0	0	0	0
21 Variance to Planned RRL & Other Income	0	0		
22 Additional In Year & Movement in Planned Welsh Government Funding for Covid-19 plus virements (Positive Value - additional)	-174	-174		
23 Additional In Year & Movement in Planned Welsh Government Funding (Non Covid) (Positive Value - additional)	0	0		
24 Additional In Year & Movement Expenditure for Covid-19 (Negative Value - additional/Positive Value - reduction)	174	174		
25 In Year Accountancy Gains (Positive Value)	0	0	0	0
26 Net In Year Operational Variance to IMTP/AOP (material gross amounts to be listed separately)	2,008	2,008		0
27 Anticipated Improvement in Savings plans	16,310	0	16,310	18,048
28	0	0		
29	0	0		
30	0	0		
31	0	0		
32	0	0		
33	0	0		
34	0	0		
35	0	0		
36	0	0		
37	0	0		
38	0	0		
39	0	0		
40 Forecast Outturn (- Deficit / + Surplus)	-79,600	-11,595	-68,005	-65,300
41 Covid-19 - Forecast Outturn (- Deficit / + Surplus)	0			
42 Operational - Forecast Outturn (- Deficit / + Surplus)	-79,600			

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Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	YTD	In Year Effect
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
1	-5,908	-5,908	-5,909	-5,908	-5,908	-5,909	-5,908	-5,909	-5,908	-5,908	-5,909	-5,908	-70,900
2	-4,767	-4,767	-4,766	-4,767	-4,767	-4,766	-4,767	-4,766	-4,767	-4,767	-4,766	-4,767	-57,200
3	-987	-987	-987	-987	-987	-987	-987	-987	-987	-987	-987	-987	-11,841
4	1,517	1,517	1,516	1,517	1,517	1,516	1,517	1,516	1,517	1,517	1,516	1,517	18,200
5	987	987	987	987	987	987	987	987	987	987	987	987	11,841
6													0
7													0
8	267	756	625	750	718	766	797	807	763	843	822	867	267
9	0	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	0
10													0
11	250	250	250	250	250	-2,750	250	250	250	250	250	250	0
12						3,000							3,000
13	2,008	1,501	1,632	1,507	1,539	1,491	1,459	1,449	1,494	1,414	1,434	1,389	2,008
14	-6,633	-6,633	-6,634	-6,633	-6,633	-6,634	-6,633	-6,633	-6,634	-6,633	-6,634	-6,633	-79,600
15	-2,008	-1,501	-1,632	-1,507	-1,539	-1,491	-1,459	-1,449	-1,494	-1,414	-1,434	-1,389	-2,008
16													0
17													0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21													0
22	-340	-457	-460	-455	-481	-480	361	398	398	418	427	498	-340
23													0
24	340	457	460	455	481	480	-361	-398	-398	-418	-427	-498	340
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	2,027												2,027
27		1,501	1,633	1,507	1,539	1,492	1,459	1,449	1,494	1,414	1,434	1,386	1,501
28													0
29													0
30													0
31													0
32													0
33													0
34													0
35													0
36													0
37													0
38													0
39													0
40	-6,614	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,656	-6,614	-79,600
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
42	-6,614	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,656	-6,614	-79,600

TABLE A : Movement of Opening Financial Plan to Forecast Outturn

Monthly Positions (- Deficit / + Surplus) reconciles to Table B Monthly Positions	Ok
Recurring & Non Recurring Analysis of In Year items is not greater than In Year items	Ok
FYE of Recurring items are greater than, or equal to, the In Year Recurring amount	Ok
FYE of Recurring items only reported against Recurring items	Ok
Has Organisation name being selected	Ok

Table C - Identified Expenditure Savings Schemes (Excludes Income Generation & Accountancy Gains)

This Table is currently showing 0 errors

		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total YTD	Full-year forecast	YTD as %age of FY YTD variance as %age of YTD	Assessment		Full In-Year forecast		Full-Year Effect of Recurring Savings £'000
		Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar				Green	Amber	non recurring	recurring	
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000				£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
1	CHC and Funded	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
2	Nursing Care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
3		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
4		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
5	Commissioned Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
6		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
7	Medicines Management (Primary & Secondary Care)	0	161	167	173	173	173	173	173	173	173	173	173	0	1,887		548	1,339			
8		0	161	167	173	173	173	173	173	173	173	173	173	0	1,887	0.00%	548	1,339	0	1,887	1,887
9		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
10	Non Pay	19	192	108	112	113	116	129	129	129	201	136	136	19	1,520		565	956			
11		19	192	108	112	113	116	129	129	129	201	136	136	19	1,520	1.26%	565	956	245	1,275	1,368
12		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0	0			
13	Pay	248	403	349	465	432	476	495	505	460	469	513	523	248	5,338		3,597	1,741			
14		248	403	349	465	432	476	495	505	460	469	513	523	248	5,338	4.64%	3,597	1,741	250	5,088	5,569
15		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0	0			
16	Primary Care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	0	36		0	36			
17		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	0	36	0.00%	0	36	0	36	428
18		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
19	Total	267	756	625	750	718	766	797	807	763	843	822	867	267	8,781		4,710	4,071			
20		267	756	625	750	718	766	797	807	763	843	822	867	267	8,781	3.04%	4,710	4,071	495	8,286	9,252
21		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0	0			
22	Variance in month	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%							
23	In month achievement against FY forecast	3.04%	8.60%	7.11%	8.54%	8.17%	8.72%	9.08%	9.19%	8.89%	9.60%	9.36%	9.88%								

Table C1- Savings Schemes Pay Analysis

	Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total YTD	Full-year forecast	YTD as %age of FY YTD variance as %age of YTD Budget/Plan	Assessment		Full In-Year forecast		Full-Year Effect of Recurring Savings £'000
		Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar				Green	Amber	non recurring	recurring	
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000				£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
1	Changes in Staffing Establishment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
2		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
3		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
4	Variable Pay	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
5		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
6		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
7	Locum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
8		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
9		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
10	Agency / Locum paid at a premium	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
11		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
12		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
13	Changes in Bank Staff	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
14		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
15		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
16	Other (Please Specify)	248	403	349	465	432	476	495	505	460	469	513	523	248	5,338		3,597	1,741			
17		248	403	349	465	432	476	495	505	460	469	513	523	248	5,338	4.64%	3,597	1,741	250	5,088	5,569
18		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0	0			
19	Total	248	403	349	465	432	476	495	505	460	469	513	523	248	5,338		3,597	1,741			
20		248	403	349	465	432	476	495	505	460	469	513	523	248	5,338	4.64%	3,597	1,741	250	5,088	5,569
21		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0	0			

Table C2- Savings Schemes Agency/Locum Paid at a Premium Analysis

	Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total YTD	Full-year forecast	YTD as %age of FY YTD variance as %age of YTD Budget/Plan	Assessment		Full In-Year forecast		Full-Year Effect of Recurring Savings £'000	
		Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar				Green £'000	Amber £'000	non recurring £'000	recurring £'000		
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000				£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000		
1	Reduced usage of Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Agency/Locums paid at a Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	premium Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Non Medical 'off contract' Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	to 'on contract' Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Medical - Impact of Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Agency pay rate caps Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Other (Please Specify) Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	Total Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table C3- Savings Schemes SoCNE/SCNI Analysis

	Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total YTD	Full-year forecast
		Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar		
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000		
1	Pay Budget/Plan	248	403	349	465	432	476	495	505	460	469	513	523	248	5,338
2	Actual/F'cast	248	403	349	465	432	476	495	505	460	469	513	523	248	5,338
3	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Non Pay Budget/Plan	19	192	108	112	113	116	129	129	129	201	136	136	19	1,520
5	Actual/F'cast	19	192	108	112	113	116	129	129	129	201	136	136	19	1,520
6	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Primary Care Drugs Budget/Plan	0	131	137	143	143	143	143	143	143	143	143	143	0	1,558
8	Actual/F'cast	0	131	137	143	143	143	143	143	143	143	143	143	0	1,558
9	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Secondary Care Drugs Budget/Plan	0	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	0	329
11	Actual/F'cast	0	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	0	329
12	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	CHC/FNC Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Healthcare Services Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Provided by Other NHS Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	Bodies Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	Non Healthcare Services Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Provided by Other NHS Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	Bodies Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	Other Private & Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	Voluntary Sector Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	Joint Financing & Other Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	Total Budget/Plan	267	756	625	750	718	766	797	807	763	843	822	867	267	8,781
29	Actual/F'cast	267	756	625	750	718	766	797	807	763	843	822	867	267	8,781
30	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

This Table is currently showing 34 errors

Table C4 - Tracker

	£'000	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Total YTD	Full-year forecast	Non Recurring	Recurring	FYE Adjustment	Full-year Effect
Savings (Cash Releasing & Cost Avoidance)	Month 1 - Plan	267	756	625	750	718	766	797	807	763	843	822	867	267	8,781	495	8,286	968	9,253
	Month 1 - Actual/Forecast	267	756	625	750	718	766	797	807	763	843	822	867	267	8,781	495	8,286	966	9,252
	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(2)	(1)
	In Year - Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	In Year - Actual/Forecast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total Plan	267	756	625	750	718	766	797	807	763	843	822	867	267	8,781	495	8,286	968	9,253
	Total Actual/Forecast	267	756	625	750	718	766	797	807	763	843	822	867	267	8,781	495	8,286	966	9,252
	Total Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(2)	(1)
	Net Income Generation	Month 1 - Plan	0	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	0	202	202	0	0
Month 1 - Actual/Forecast		0	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	0	202	202	0	0	0
Variance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
In Year - Plan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
In Year - Actual/Forecast		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Variance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Plan		0	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	0	202	202	0	0
Total Actual/Forecast		0	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	0	202	202	0	0
Total Variance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Accountancy Gains		In Year - Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	In Year - Actual/Forecast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	Month 1 - Plan	267	774	643	768	736	784	816	826	781	861	841	886	267	8,982	697	8,286	968	9,253
	Month 1 - Actual/Forecast	267	774	643	768	736	784	816	826	782	861	841	886	267	8,982	697	8,286	966	9,252
	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(2)	(1)
	In Year - Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	In Year - Actual/Forecast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total Plan	267	774	643	768	736	784	816	826	781	861	841	886	267	8,982	697	8,286	968	9,253
	Total Actual/Forecast	267	774	643	768	736	784	816	826	782	861	841	886	267	8,982	697	8,286	966	9,252
	Total Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(2)	(1)



AGENDA ITEM

2.2.1g

PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE

MONTH 2 MONITORING RETURNS TO WELSH GOVERNMENT

Date of meeting	27/06/2023
FOI Status	Open/Public
If closed please indicate reason	Not Applicable - Public Report
Prepared by	Mark Thomas, Deputy Director of Finance
Presented by	Sally May, Director of Finance & Procurement
Approving Executive Sponsor	Executive Director of Finance & Procurement
Report purpose	FOR NOTING

Engagement (internal/external) undertaken to date (including receipt/consideration at Committee/group)

Committee/Group/Individuals	Date	Outcome
Welsh Government	13/06/2023	NOTED

ACRONYMS

WG	Welsh Government
M1 etc	Month 1 etc
PPFC	Planning, Performance & Finance Committee
LHB	Local Health Board



MONTH 2 MONITORING RETURNS TO WELSH GOVERNMENT

1. SITUATION/BACKGROUND

- 1.1 In addition to our normal internal Finance reports there is a WG requirement for a Committee of the Board to receive the monthly Monitoring Return submissions to WG (narrative report plus certain tables) in order to provide the Committee with transparency on the submission made to WG.
- 1.2 The purpose of this report is to provide the PFFC with information from the M2 Financial Monitoring Return submission to Welsh Government.

2. SPECIFIC MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION BY THIS MEETING (ASSESSMENT)

- 2.1 The HB, SHA & Trust Monthly Financial Monitoring Return Guidance was issued on 26 April 2023. This guidance refers to the monitoring return spreadsheet and accompanying narrative that LHBs will need to complete to report their 2023/24 financial performance, together with the following requirements:
- 2.2 The Day 9 submission to WG must be agreed and the narrative signed by both the Director of Finance and Chief Executive before the submission is made to WG. The Board governance, regarding the arrangements for when the Director of Finance and/or Chief Executive is not available, should be set out at the start of the year and shared with the Head of NHS Financial Management.
- 2.3 An additional statement must be included in the narrative each month to clarify the date and main Committee of the Board which will receive that Month’s Financial Monitoring return (consisting of the Narrative, Table A and Tables C, C1, C2, C3 & C4) in order to provide the Committee with, transparency on the submission made to WG.
- 2.4 The following information is provided at Annex A:

Annex A
M2 Narrative report
Table A - Movement
Tables C, C1, C2, C3 & C4



3. KEY RISKS/MATTERS FOR ESCALATION TO BOARD/COMMITTEE

3.1 All information made available to WG should be consistent with that provided to the Board. The detailed commentary in the Monitoring Returns must include a statement confirming that the financial information reported in the Monitoring Return aligns to the financial details included with the internal Board papers.

3.2 The key information included in the M2 Financial Monitoring returns is summarised below:

	M2 Actual	M2 YTD	M2 Forecast	Financial Plan
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Core plan deficit	6.1	11.9	70.9	70.9
Exceptional Energy inflation	0.7	1.5	8.7	8.7
Covid Programme costs:				
Health Protection	0.4	0.9	9.1	9.1
PPE	0.0	0.1	0.3	1.0
Adferiad	0.0	0.1	1.0	1.0
Nosocomial	0.0	0.1	0.6	0.6
Anticipated Funding	(0.5)	(1.1)	(11.0)	(11.7)
Total	0	0	0	0
Grand total	6.8	13.4	79.6	79.6

3.3 The M2 YTD position is a £13.4m deficit. This represents an adverse £0.1m position compared to 2/12th of the £79.6m planned deficit.

3.4 The financial plan for 2023/24 includes a £27.3m recurring savings target.

	Month 2			Month 1		
	M2 YTD	23/24	Rec	M1 YTD	23/24	Rec
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Savings target as at M2	4.6	27.3	27.3	2.3	27.3	27.3
Actual and Forecast Savings	(2.2)	(19.9)	(20.7)	(0.3)	(9.0)	(9.3)
Total	2.3	7.4	6.6	2.0	18.3	18.0



3.5 Further work is ongoing to develop robust plans to close the forecast gap of £7.4m In year and £6.6m recurrently.

4. IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Quality/Safety/Patient Experience implications	There are no specific quality and safety implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Related Health and Care standard(s)	Governance, Leadership and Accountability If more than one Healthcare Standard applies please list below:
Equality impact assessment completed	Not required
Legal implications / impact	There are no specific legal implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Resource (Capital/Revenue £/Workforce) implications / Impact	Yes (Include further detail below) The paper is directly relevant to the allocation and utilisation of resources.
Link to Strategic Goals	Sustaining Our Future

5. RECOMMENDATION

5.1 The Committee is asked to **NOTE** the contents of the Month 2 Monitoring Returns submitted to Welsh Government for 2023/24.

CWM TAF MORGANNWG UNIVERSITY HEALTH BOARD MONITORING RETURNS – MAY 2023 FINANCIAL COMMENTARY

Introduction

These returns outline the financial position for Cwm Taf Morgannwg (CTM) UHB for the period ended 31 May 2023.

The tables attached to this commentary **do not** include the income, expenditure and balances of the Welsh Health Specialised Services Committee (WHSSC) or the Emergency Ambulance Services Committee (EASC) which is being financially managed via WHSSC. They do however include the Cwm Taf Morgannwg element of transactions between the parties.

1. Financial Plan, Year to Date and Forecast position

1.1 Financial Plan for 2023/24

Our revised Annual Plan, submitted to WG on 31st May 2023, is as follows:

	Recurrent £m	Non Recurrent £m	Total plan £m
Recurrent Core plan deficit at 31 March 2023	60.9		60.9
Recurrent ongoing COVID costs	10.0		10.0
Non Recurrent ongoing Exceptional energy costs		8.7	8.7
B’Fwd challenge at 31 March 2023	70.9	8.7	79.6
Allocation Adjustments	(17.4)	(12.5)	(29.9)
Cost Pressures & Investments:			
Inflationary Pressures	21.8	0	21.8
Demand Growth	12.3	0	12.3
Service Improvement – Local	4.3	2.8	7.0
COVID Programmes	0	11.7	11.7
Other Pressures & Investment	0.8	3.7	4.5
Savings Target	(27.3)	0	(27.3)
Total plan 23/24	65.3	14.4	79.6

1.2 Actual YTD and Forecast 23-24 (Table A)

	M2 Actual £m	M2 YTD £m	M2 Forecast £m	Financial Plan £m
Core plan deficit	6.1	11.9	70.9	70.9
Exceptional Energy inflation	0.7	1.5	8.7	8.7
Covid Programme costs:				
Health Protection	0.4	0.9	9.1	9.1
PPE	0.0	0.1	0.3	1.0
Adferiad	0.0	0.1	1.0	1.0
Nosocomial	0.0	0.1	0.6	0.6
Anticipated Funding	(0.5)	(1.1)	(11.0)	(11.7)
Total	0	0	0	0
Grand total	6.8	13.4	79.6	79.6

The key issues to highlight at M2 are as follows:

- **Core plan YTD position**

The M2 position is a £13.4m deficit. This represents a £0.1m adverse variance compared to 2/12th of the £79.6m deficit in the draft plan submitted to WG on 31 March. The M2 position includes a £2.3m shortfall against the M2 savings target of £4.5m but this is currently being offset by the following positive operating variances:

- Dental performance £0.4m
- Pay improvements £0.4m
- Non Pay Improvements £0.2m
- Corporate Functions £0.5m
- Release of Planning Contingency £0.2m
- Other £0.5m

- **Core plan forecast**

As at M2 we are maintaining a forecast Core plan deficit of £79.6m for 23/24 which is consistent with the draft financial plan.

The draft plan includes several significant risks which are summarised in Section 3, most notably the savings plan position is currently £7.4m short of the £27.3m savings target. Urgent work is ongoing to develop robust savings plans and to de-risk the financial plan for 23/24.

The draft financial plan also, includes several significant funding assumptions which are summarised in Section 7. Any further clarification on these funding assumptions would be helpful to remove uncertainty and inform our forecast position for 23/24.

- **Exceptional energy costs**

As at M2 the HB is reporting energy expenditure of £2.6m with a forecast of £15.6m. This represents a forecast cost pressure of £8.7m which is consistent with the draft financial plan.

- **COVID Programme costs**

As at M2 the HB is reporting COVID Programme expenditure of £1.1m with a forecast of £11.0m. In line with the WG guidance, the HB is anticipating that the COVID Programme costs will be fully funded.

- **Real Living Wage for Health & Social Care Workers**

In accordance with WG policy, the fee rates for patient care placements within the private/independent sector have been uplifted to reflect the impact of paying Real Living Wage for Health & Social Care workers. The impact of continuing this policy in 2023/24 has been estimated at £2.4m in addition to the £2.4m impact in 2022/23. An anticipated allocation of £4.8m has therefore been recognised in our plan.

1.3 Material income and expenditure category movements between the current period actual and the previous month forecast (Table B & B1)

	May			Year End Forecast		
	Act £'000	F/Cast £'000	Movement £'000	M2 £'000	M1 £'000	Movement £'000
RRL	102,123	101,931	192	1,234,354	1,231,056	3,298
Donation/Grants	0	23	(23)	100	276	(176)
Welsh HBs & NHST	6,904	7,410	(506)	84,814	85,320	(506)
WHSSC	997	1,018	(21)	12,195	12,216	(21)
WG Income	(570)	10	(580)	(460)	120	(580)
Other Income	3,394	3,455	(61)	41,399	41,460	(61)
Income Total	112,848	113,847	(999)	1,372,402	1,370,448	1,954
PC Contractor	11,918	12,670	(752)	151,388	154,140	(2,752)
PC - Drugs	9,370	8,572	798	103,884	103,086	798
Pay	52,205	52,550	(345)	633,755	634,100	(345)
Non Pay	9,324	10,683	(1,359)	120,827	124,567	(3,740)
SC - Drugs	5,213	4,997	216	54,732	54,516	216
H/C Other NHS	20,588	21,827	(1,239)	257,085	258,324	(1,239)
Non H/C Other NHS	293	322	(29)	3,806	3,835	(29)
CHC & FNC	5,588	5,630	(42)	65,518	65,560	(42)
Private & Vol	1,511	940	571	11,816	11,245	571
Joint & Other	150	269	(119)	16,319	16,438	(119)
DEL	3,449	2,010	1,439	32,753	24,117	8,636
AME	10	10	0	122	120	2
Res & Cont	0	0	0	0	0	0
P&L on Disposal	(3)	0	(3)	(3)	0	(3)
Cost - Total	119,617	120,480	(863)	1,452,002	1,450,048	1,954

The actual expenditure for M2 was £0.9m (0.7%) less than the £120.5m forecast. The most significant movements between the M2 forecast and M2 actuals were as follows:

- **Welsh HB & NHST Income - £506k Adverse** – The reduction in forecast income is mainly attributed to LTA variances pending signed LTA's.
- **WG Income - £580k Adverse** - The reduction in WG income reflects estimated Non-Cash Limited adjustments.
- **Primary Care Contractors - £752k Favourable** – The reduction in expenditure is mainly attributed to Non-Cash Limited adjustments.
- **Primary Care Drugs - £798k Adverse** – The position at M2 still reflects estimates pending actual data for M1. Given the deterioration in the final quarter of 22/23 the M2 position reflects the increased baseline costs with minimal savings achievement due to the absence of any M1 data.
- **Provider Non-Pay - £1,359k Favourable** – The level of non-pay expenditure incurred year to date is lower than anticipated across

many areas. Further investigation is underway to determine if this trend will continue or correct in future periods.

- **Healthcare NHS - £1,239k Favourable** – As with NHS Income, further work is ongoing pending signed LTAs. An adjustment has been made in M2 to recognise the transfer of NICE Drugs from SBU.
- **Private & Voluntary Sector - £571k Adverse** – The increase in expenditure is mainly related to increased Planned Care Recovery outsourcing/insourcing.

The year-end forecast expenditure at M2 has increased by £1.9m to £1,452m offset by a corresponding increase in the income forecast. The most significant changes between the M2 and M1 year-end forecasts are as follows:

- **Welsh HB & NHST Income - £506k Adverse** – Reflects current month movements, see above.
- **WG Income - £580k Adverse** – Reflects current month movements, see above.
- **Primary Care Contractors - £2,752k Favourable** – The reduction in expenditure is mainly attributed recognition of Dental underspends and Non-Cash Limited adjustments as noted in the current month movements.
- **Primary Care Drugs - £798k Adverse** – Reflects current month movements, see above.
- **Provider Non-Pay - £3,740k Favourable** – The change in forecast reflect £2.4m recognising the IFRS 16 adjustment together with the current month movement noted above.
- **Healthcare NHS - £1,239k Favourable** – Reflects current month movements, see above.
- **Private & Voluntary Sector - £571k Adverse** – Reflects current month movements, see above.

The forecast has been profiled using latest plans and information and will continue to be refined throughout the year. The pay expenditure includes the 1.5% consolidated pay award with a matching anticipated allocation. The position does not assume the recent pay settlement offer for 2023/24 which is assumed to be fully funded by WG.

The profile for M6 includes the anticipated accountancy gains included in our draft financial plan for Non-Pay and CHC.

M12 includes £13.3m of committed reserves for Planned Care programmes and Regional Integration Fund (RIF), pending finalisation of the spend profiles.

1.4 Pay Expenditure (Table B2)

The M2 Pay expenditure was £54.4m and the monthly trend is summarised below.

	M2	M1	M12	M11	M10	M9
		£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
A&C	7.3	7.3	13.1	7.1	7.3	7.2
Medical	14.2	13.5	22.8	13.8	14.1	14.2
Nursing	16.6	17.1	30.1	17.1	16.3	17.1
ACS	7.1	7.2	12.6	7.3	8.1	6.9
Other	9.2	9.0	16.4	8.9	9.1	9.0
Total	54.4	54.1	95.0	54.2	54.9	54.4

The Key issues to highlight are as follows:

- The M12 pay position recognised the recent pay circulars implementing the 1.5% non-consolidated (£6.7m) & 1.5% consolidated (£8.9m) pay awards together with the pension adjustment for the additional 6.3% centrally funded element (£25.8m). Planned additional annual leave accruals of £3.9m were also written back in M12. The M12 cost excluding these one-off items was £57.5m.
- The M1 position includes the 1.5% consolidated pay settlement equivalent to £0.75m. After allowing for this inflationary increase of £0.75m the adjusted M1 position (£53.4m) is reporting a reduction of circa £1.0m compared to the average of M9, M10 & M11 (£54.5m).
- The M2 position increased slightly compared to M1 which reflects the Easter Bank Holidays. Allowing for the 1.5% pay settlement, the adjusted M2 position of £53.7m (£54.4m less £0.75m pay inflation) is still reporting a favourable position of £0.8m compared to the average of M9, M10 & M11 (54.5m).

The M2 agency expenditure was £4.5m and the monthly trend (excluding accountancy gains) is summarised below.

	M2	M1	M12	M11	M10	M9
		£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Medical	1.6	1.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Nursing	1.7	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.4	2.6
Other	1.2	1.0	1.8	1.1	2.2	1.2
Total	4.5	4.3	5.6	4.8	5.4	5.6

Agency Costs in M2 have slightly increased compared to M1 but remain £0.8m less than the average of M9, M10 & M11 (£5.3m). M2 has reported £0.5m increase in medical agency costs compared to M1 but this is offset by a £0.5m reduction in Nursing costs.

1.5 Covid analysis (Table B3)

A summary of the additional revenue costs being classified as Covid Programme is shown below.

	M2 Actual	M2 YTD	M2 Year-end forecast	Financial Plan- 31 May	Movement between M2 and the Financial Plan
Programme costs	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Public Health Response - TTP	0.1	0.1	2.7	2.7	0
Public Health Response - Mass Vaccination	0.4	0.4	6.4	6.4	0
PPE	0.0	0.1	0.3	1.0	(0.7)
Adferiad (Long COVID)	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0
Nosocomial Investigation	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.6	0
Anticipated funding	(0.6)	(0.6)	(11.0)	(11.7)	(0.7)
Total	0	0	0	0	0

The key points to note are as follows:

- Public Health response – Plans continue to progress to address the interim Public Health response for both Vaccination and TTP and to develop a more integrated sustainable approach. Pending finalisation of the 2023/24 plans, the M2 forecast is based on the indicative allocation noted in Sioned Rees's correspondence dated 22 Dec 2022. This represents a potential financial opportunity and has been included in our Risk table in Section 3.
- In line with the MMR guidance, the additional costs of PPE have been assumed to be fully funded and an anticipated allocation is included in these Returns. The additional PPE costs have been assessed using the NWSSP stock list of PPE items expenditure compared to 2019/20 actual costs as baseline.
- Adferiad (Long COVID) – In line with the MMR guidance, the additional costs of Adferiad have been assumed to be fully funded. An anticipated allocation has also been included in these Returns.

- Nosocomial Investigation - In line with the MMR guidance, the additional forecast costs of the Nosocomial investigation have fully funded through an allocation letter, and movement on this position will noted with an adjustment to anticipated allocations.

2. Month 2 - Forecast recurrent position (Table A)

The B'fwd recurrent deficit at the end of 22/23 was £70.9m.

As at M2 we are reporting a forecast Underlying deficit at the end of 23/24 of £65.3m (excluding ongoing exceptional energy costs). This is consistent with the revised IMTP submitted on 31 May 2023.

	M2	Draft financial plan	Comment
	£m	£m	
Core Plan B/F	60.9	60.9	
Ongoing local Covid response costs B/F	10.0	10.0	Any reduction in these costs will be treated as a saving in 23/24
Ongoing Exceptional energy costs	tbc	tbc	The ongoing impact of exceptional energy costs into 24 25, will be reassessed during 23/24.
B/Fwd Total	70.9	70.9	
2023/24 Planned Improvement	-5.6	-5.6	The planned improvement in the underlying deficit of £5.6m assumes the full recurrent delivery of the £27.3m recurrent savings target. As at M2 this is a significant risk with only £20.7m of recurrent plans identified. The forecast recurrent savings shortfall at M2 is £6.6m.
Total	65.3	65.3	

3. Risk Management (Table A2)

The key financial risks and opportunities for 22/23 are noted in Table A2 and are summarised below:

	M2 £m	31 May submission £m	Comment
Savings delivery risks:			
Shortfall against planned savings delivery of £27.3m.	7.4	8.6	The latest forecast shortfall at M2 is £7.4m.
Forecast recurrent overspends in Care Groups not recognised in the plan. Risk of not delivering the £7.0m of NR benefits in 22/23 again in 23/24.	0	0	
Funding risks:			
Assumed WG funding for dental – 30% abatement of the dental income target	0	0	Please see section 4 below.
Assumed funding for the impact of RLW in 23/24	1.2	1.2	Further clarification needed on funding assumptions for 23/24.
Assumed funding for Regional Planned care Recovery solutions	3.8	3.8	Further clarification needed on funding assumptions for 23/24. In the meantime, the potential risk has been estimated at 50% of the assumed Regional allocation.
Risk of the 23/24 pay award not being fully funded given the £1.9m recurrent shortfall in 22/23	1.0	1.0	Further clarification needed on funding assumptions for 23/24.
Risk of the additional costs for the extra bank holiday in 23/24 not being fully funded	0	0	Funding risk removed following confirmation of the WG funding position.
Cost pressure risks:			
Return to pre Covid Cost & Volume LTA arrangements in 23/24	1.0	1.0	
Contracting risks with other Health Boards	3.1	3.1	See Section 8 re specific risk re ABUHB.
Primary care prescribing – inflation and volume growth different to plan assumptions	Tbc	Tbc	Prescribing data is 2m in arrears and we will not have Q1 data until August 2023.
Significant uncertainty surrounding the expected energy cost pressure	Tbc	Tbc	
NICE costs exceed planned growth of £3.0m	Tbc	Tbc	
Non-Pay Inflation exceeds the £4.9m provision made in the plan (4.9%)	0	0	
Pension changes – Increased pension costs if staff opt back in following changes to the 1995 scheme	0.75	0.75	
Winter plans – All schemes funded non recurrently in 22/23 need to stop by 31 March	0.75	0.75	
Total Risks	19.0	20.2	
Contingencies / Opportunities			
Further balance sheet review within 22/23	(2.5)	(2.5)	
Retrospective vat recoveries – Primary care and Microsoft contract	(0.5)	(0.5)	
Provision for an adverse movement in discount rates in 23/24 (following a positive movement in 22/23) not required	(1.0)	(1.0)	
Potential opportunity if the HB can reduce expenditure for TTP/vaccination below the notified	(2.0)	(2.0)	Further clarification needed on funding assumptions for 23/24.

	M2	31 May submission	Comment
allocation amount – and be allowed to retain any slippage.			
Total Opportunities	(6.0)	(6.0)	
Total	13.0	14.2	

4. Ring Fenced Allocations (Tables N,O & P)

Tables N & O will be completed Quarterly from Q2 (M6) and Table P will be completed from M3 onwards.

	Total Allocation	Forecast	Comment
	£m	£m	
Confirmed Allocations (Initial Allocation letter 23/24)			
Planned Care Recovery Funding	18.5	24.0	Includes £5.5m of additional investment above the WG allocation.
Value Based Healthcare	2.1	2.1	
Regional Integration Fund	22.3	22.3	Assumes anticipated allocations of £2m consistent with Shelley Davies's letter dated 31 st March.
Genomics Strategy	1.4	1.4	
Critical Care Funding	2.7	2.7	
In Year Allocations (Initial Allocation letter 23/24)			
Urgent Emergency Care	3.0	3.0	Anticipated allocation
Mental Health (SIF)	0.8	0.8	Anticipated 23/24 allocation
Planned Care	0.6	0.6	Anticipated allocation
Value Based Healthcare	0.7	0.7	Anticipated allocation for approved schemes.
Recovery	7.7	7.7	Anticipated allocations for Regional Plans
Total	59.8	65.3	

We note the WG response that funding for Dental Patient Charge Income shortfalls should not be assumed. As at M2 we have removed the anticipated allocation and are assuming that any shortfall will be managed within the Dental Ringfenced allocation. It is possible that the Health Board will underspend on the Dental Ringfenced allocation in 23/24 and we would

welcome clarification on whether any underspends can be retained by the Health Board. The Dental position will be reviewed in Q2.

The Health Board can confirm that there are no concerns at M2 on any other ring-fenced budgets.

5. Agency/Locum (Premium) Expenditure (Table B2 – Sections B&C)

See section 1.4.

6. Saving (inc Accountancy gains) Plans (Tables C, C1, C2, C3)

The financial plan for 2023/24 includes a £27.3m recurring savings target.

	Month 2			Month 1		
	M2 YTD	23/24	Rec	M1 YTD	23/24	Rec
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Savings target as at M2	4.6	27.3	27.3	2.3	27.3	27.3
Actual and Forecast Savings	(2.2)	(19.9)	(20.7)	(0.3)	(9.0)	(9.3)
Total	2.3	7.4	6.6	2.0	18.3	18.0

Further work is ongoing to develop robust plans to close the forecast gap of £7.4m In year and £6.6m recurrently.

7. Income Assumptions 2023-24 (Tables D & E)

Table D has been completed and agreed with all other organisations. See Section 8 for specific comments regarding a dispute with Aneurin Bevan UHB.

The financial plan also includes provision for additional costs arising from the WRP risk sharing arrangement of £3.5m which is consistent with the information provided by NWSSP. This provision has been included as an anticipated allocation adjustment in Table E.

Table E shows the anticipated allocations assumed within our M2 position. The table below summaries the more material items:

Description	M2	M1	Comments
	£k	£k	
1.5% consolidated pay award	8,900	8,900	Estimated requirement
Regional Planned Care Recovery	7,700	7,700	Planning Assumption to be confirmed
Real Living Wage	4,800	4,800	Estimated requirement
Substance Misuse	3,909	3,909	Awaiting APB approval
Urgent & Emergency Care	2,960	2,960	Planning Assumption to be confirmed
2022/23 MH Investment	3,301	3,301	Planning Assumption to be confirmed.
Dental Income Abatement	0	2,000	See section 4 above.
Dementia Funding (RIF)	1,242	1,242	Approved RIF funding
Public Health Wales Transfer	1,387	1,387	Approved transfer funding
Planned Care – OP Transformation & Eyecare	619	619	Planning Assumption to be confirmed.
Hosted Value in Health Team	2,227	2,227	Estimated requirement
Health Protection – Mass Vaccination	6,400	6,400	Indicative allocation to be claimed on actual costs
Health Protection - TTP	2,700	2,700	Indicative allocation to be claimed on actual costs
Adferiad	984	972	Indicative allocation to be claimed on actual costs
PPE	300	1,000	Indicative allocation to be claimed on actual costs
Nosocomial	0	596	Allocation confirmed in M2.
WRP Deduction	-3,482	-3,482	Indicative Adjustment
IFRS 16 Adjustment	-2,410	0	Indicative IFRS adjustment
Invest to Save Repayments	-1,200	-1,200	Agreed repayment profile
Other Allocations	5,542	6,543	
Total Anticipated Allocations	45,879	52,574	

8. Health Care agreements

The Health Board is working with other Welsh NHS bodies to ensure all contracts are agreed and signed by 30th June 2023.

The Health Board is assuming that LTA arrangements for 23/24 will follow the recommendation accepted by the majority view at the Directors of Finance meeting on the 17th March 2023.

The HB has received a letter dated 10th May from ABUHB indicating that they do not accept this position and are intending to reduce the CTM provider LTA value by circa £6m in 23/24. We do not agree with this assessment, and we have suggested a way forward to ABUHB to fairly address the change in patient flows since 19/20. Correspondence between DoFs and Commissioning teams since November 2022 have failed to resolve the differences and it will now be escalated to Chief Executives before an official arbitration request is submitted. The risk to our draft plan is £3.1m.

9. Statement of Financial Position and Aged Welsh NHS Debtors (Tables F, M)

9.1 Significant month on month balance sheet movements

An update is not required for this return.

9.2 Details of any aged receivables/payables (over 11 weeks old) and disputed invoice information

In relation to aged receivables, there was one NHS invoice greater than 17 weeks (which has since been paid) and six greater than 11 weeks old as at the 31st May 2023. All invoices were agreed as part of the M12 Agreement of Balances and there are no disputes. Organisations have been contacted and confirmation of payment dates requested for the remainder of the unpaid invoices.

10. Cash Flow Forecast (Table G)

The Cash Flow forecast shows a current surplus of £5.4m at the end of M2.

The forecast Cash Flow position to year end shows a projected deficit of £79.6m. This reflects the current plan deficit and will require future strategic cash support. Without cash support there will be a cash shortfall in the latter months of the financial year.

11. Public Sector Payment Compliance (Table H)

An update is not required for this return.

12. Capital Schemes and Other Developments (Tables I ,J &K)

The M2 CRL is £64.5m, issued on the 25 May 2023. As at M2, £10.9m has been charged against the CRL mainly in relation to Prince Charles Hospital Refurbishment - Phase 2 and 3.

The table below details some of the forecast over and underspends this year. These are identified as medium or high risks in Table J.

Scheme	Over/Underspend	Explanation
PCH G&FF Floor Phase 2 and 3	Medium – Risk of overspend in financial year currently estimated at £2.5m	The current forecast from the contractor estimates that the scheme will overspend against the in year allocation. This was a planned position as the allocation requested by the Health Board was initially c£4m below the contractor’s forecast to allow for slippage on the scheme. The gap has already been reduced in the first 2 months. This will be monitored over the next few months to establish if further funding is required and will be discussed regularly with Welsh Government
Bridgend Health and Wellbeing Centre (Sunnyside)	Medium – Slippage £0.76m	As previously reported the scheme remains on hold pending the appointment of a new contractor. Until a contractor is appointed the spending for 23/24 cannot be forecast.
EFAB – Infrastructure, Fire and Decarbonisation	Medium - Slippage	High number of schemes covered within this allocation and all at are early stages, hence the programme has not yet been confirmed. The assumption is that allocations in year can be managed across the 3 areas and high-level indications have been included in the return.

Disposals

Llwyn Yr Eos is planned for disposal in year as well as a small amount of equipment.

Non-cash requirements have been matched to baselines for M2. These will be updated in M3 with revised estimates for the year following the submission of the first non-cash return at the end of June.

13. Other Issues

The financial position reported within this monitoring return aligns to the financial details included within the internal Board papers.

The M2 Financial Monitoring Return (consisting of the Narrative, Table A, Tables C,C1,C2,C3 and C4) will be reported to the next meeting of the Planning, Performance and Finance Committee in June 2023.

14. Authorisation



P Mears
Chief Executive



S May
Director of Finance

Date: 13 June 2023

Action Points arising from Month 1 Response

Action Point	WG Comment	CTM Response
1.1	<p>Table A – It is disappointing to note again this year that, contrary to the WHC, the HB is including a quantified assumption of Accountancy Gains as part of your Opening Financial Plan. A value of £3.0m has been reported on free text line (12) of Table A, which you describe as relating to Non Pay and CHC areas and these are forecast to be phased into your position at Month 6. There is a clear concern, that so close to submitting your Draft Accounts, you feel confident to report such benefits. Accountancy Gains must be treated as unplanned in-year benefits in the next version of your Plan, due 31st May, and within the M2 MMR Table A on line 13 (Planning Assumptions still to be finalised). As a secondary issue, the current treatment to show these on line 12 of Table A means they do not reverse out at the start of the year and therefore, when the HB records them in the Tracker at M6, this will cause a double count. The HB will not be able to amend the Opening Plan section as it will have been fixed at M2 and therefore you would have to enter a contra entry within the in-year section to fix the double count. This is because the templates have been specifically constructed to align to the WHC guidance, to only recognise Accountancy Gains as in-year benefits. Should the Month 2 MMR submission not be revised as requested, it will likely not be accepted.</p> <p>(Action Point 1.1)</p>	Noted and adjusted in M2.
1.2	<p>Table A – Please provide further details of the M1 (non-recurring) favourable ‘Care Group and directorates operating variances’ (line 26), totalling c. £2.0m.</p> <p>(Action Point 1.2)</p>	Please see Section 1.2 for details of the more significant M2 YTD operating variances.

1.3	<p>Table A2 – The narrative confirms that you have adopted a similar approach to prior years, wherein the Opening Plan excludes forecast ‘Care Group’ recurrent overspends totalling £7.000m. These are forecast to mitigate these via in-year non-recurring benefits (an associated assessment of risk is reported as £3.5m within Table A2). As raised last year, the management of such a material issue outside of the Plan and key tables of the MMR, is of concern. Given the assessment of risk at M1, of not being able to fully mitigate these pressures and that this will be via a non-current actions, please consider including these recurring costs and any identified mitigating actions within the next version of your MDS Tables and within future MMR Table A submissions. You may wish to discuss your treatment further, with FDU colleagues, before the 31st May MDS is submitted. (Action Point 1.3)</p>	Please see updated risk table at Section 3.
1.4	<p>Table A2 – I note the potential LTA dispute with Aneurin Bevan which is quantified as a £3.1m financial risk. Please be reminded that the deadline to agree and sign-off the NHS Wales 23/24 LTA/SLA’s is the 30th of June 2023. Any requirement to activate the arbitration process should be regarded as a last resort; therefore, the submission of cases will be viewed as a failure of organisations to deal with the matter locally in a prompt and professional manner. (Action Point 1.4)</p>	Noted
1.5	<p>Table A2 - Please continue to refine the Risks and Opportunities each month, ensuring a ‘balanced’ assessment is always taken. (Action Point 1.5)</p>	Noted
1.6	<p>Table E – Please remove the assumed funding for “abatement of dental income target- £2.0m”. Should additional funding be confirmed later in the year, only at that point should it be included in your assumptions. (Action Point 1.6).</p>	Actioned
1.7	<p>Table E – Please include the latest annual forecast IFRS16 Revenue Recovery value (negative) on Line 14 and a best estimate for the IFRS 16 WBC request (Line 62). (Action Point 1.7)</p>	Actioned
1.8	<p>Table E – Also, please report the RLW (care homes) anticipated funding on the designated line (15) of Table E. (Action Point 1.8)</p>	Actioned

Table A - Movement of Opening Financial Plan to Forecast Outturn

This Table is currently showing 0 errors

Line 14 should reflect the corresponding amounts included within the latest IMTP/AOP submission to WG
 Lines 1 - 14 should not be adjusted after Month 1

	In Year Effect	Non Recurring	Recurring	FYE of Recurring
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
1 Underlying Position b/fwd from Previous Year - must agree to M12 MMR (Deficit - Negative Value)	-70,900	0	-70,900	-70,900
2 Planned New Expenditure (Non Covid-19) (Negative Value)	-49,450	-7,400	-42,050	-42,050
3 Planned Expenditure For Covid-19 (Negative Value)	-11,668	-11,668	0	0
4 Planned Welsh Government Funding (Non Covid-19) (Positive Value)	16,300	0	16,300	17,500
5 Planned Welsh Government Funding for Covid-19 (Positive Value)	11,668	11,668	0	0
6 Planned Provider Income (Positive Value)	2,850	0	2,850	2,850
7 RRL Profile - phasing only (In Year Effect / Column C must be nil)	0	0	0	0
8 Planned (Finalised) Savings Plan	17,678	341	17,337	18,268
9 Planned (Finalised) Net Income Generation	1,217	217	1,000	1,000
10 Planned Profit / (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	0	0	0	0
11 Planned Release of Uncommitted Contingencies & Reserves (Positive Value)	0	0	0	0
12 Correction of Energy N/R underlying Deficit	-8,700	-8,700	0	0
13 Planning Assumptions still to be finalised at Month 1	11,405	3,373	8,032	8,032
14 Opening IMTP / Annual Operating Plan	-79,600	-12,169	-67,431	-65,300
15 Reversal of Planning Assumptions still to be finalised at Month 1	-11,405	-3,373	-8,032	-8,032
16 Additional In Year & Movement from Planned Release of Previously Committed Contingencies & Reserves (Positive)	0	0	0	0
17 Additional In Year & Movement from Planned Profit / (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	0	0	0	0
18 Other Movement in Month 1 Planned & In Year Net Income Generation	3	3	0	0
19 Other Movement in Month 1 Planned Savings - (Underachievement) / Overachievement	-1,502	-251	-1,251	-928
20 Additional In Year Identified Savings - Forecast	2,471	574	1,896	2,384
21 Variance to Planned RRL & Other Income	0	0	0	0
22 Additional In Year & Movement in Planned Welsh Government Funding for Covid-19 plus virements (Positive Value - additional)	-688	-688	0	0
23 Additional In Year & Movement in Planned Welsh Government Funding (Non Covid) (Positive Value - additional)	0	0	0	0
24 Additional In Year & Movement Expenditure for Covid-19 (Negative Value - additional/Positive Value - reduction)	688	688	0	0
25 In Year Accountancy Gains (Positive Value)	0	0	0	0
26 Net In Year Operational Variance to IMTP/AOP (material gross amounts to be listed separately)	2,063	2,063	0	0
27 Anticipated Improvement in Savings plans	8,370	1,794	6,576	6,576
28	0	0	0	0
29	0	0	0	0
30	0	0	0	0
31	0	0	0	0
32	0	0	0	0
33	0	0	0	0
34	0	0	0	0
35	0	0	0	0
36	0	0	0	0
37	0	0	0	0
38	0	0	0	0
39	0	0	0	0
40 Forecast Outturn (- Deficit / + Surplus)	-79,600	-11,358	-68,241	-65,300
41 Covid-19 - Forecast Outturn (- Deficit / + Surplus)	0			
42 Operational - Forecast Outturn (- Deficit / + Surplus)	-79,600			
43				

	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	YTD	In Year Effect
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
1	-5,908	-5,908	-5,908	-5,908	-5,908	-5,908	-5,908	-5,908	-5,908	-5,908	-5,908	-5,908	-11,817	-70,900
2	-4,121	-4,121	-4,121	-4,121	-4,121	-4,121	-4,121	-4,121	-4,121	-4,121	-4,121	-4,119	-8,242	-49,450
3	-972	-972	-972	-972	-972	-972	-972	-972	-972	-972	-972	-972	-1,945	-11,668
4	1,358	1,358	1,358	1,358	1,358	1,358	1,358	1,358	1,358	1,358	1,358	1,359	2,716	16,300
5	972	972	972	972	972	972	972	972	972	972	972	972	1,945	11,668
6	237	238	237	238	237	238	237	238	237	238	237	238	475	2,850
7													0	0
8	268	936	915	2,699	843	890	2,745	930	886	2,807	946	2,816	1,204	17,678
9	0	37	18	351	101	102	101	101	102	101	101	102	37	1,217
10													0	0
11	250	250	250	250	250	-2,750	250	250	250	250	250	250	500	0
12	-725	-725	-725	-725	-725	-725	-725	-725	-725	-725	-725	-725	-1,450	-8,700
13	2,007	1,302	1,342	-775	1,331	4,283	-571	1,244	1,287	-633	1,228	-643	3,309	11,405
14	-6,634	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,634	-6,632	-6,634	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,634	-6,630	-13,268	-79,600
15	-2,007	-1,302	-1,342	775	-1,331	-4,283	571	-1,244	-1,287	633	-1,228	643	-3,309	-11,405
16													0	0
17													0	0
18	0	-37	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-37	3
19	-1	872	694	-1,406	442	504	-1,313	422	466	-1,367	504	-1,319	871	-1,502
20	0	295	191	199	210	220	230	252	216	221	218	218	295	2,471
21													0	0
22	-326	-513	-513	-535	-539	-472	-307	34	375	375	375	1,355	-839	-688
23													0	0
24	326	513	513	535	539	472	307	-34	-375	-375	-375	-1,355	839	688
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	2,028	35											2,063	2,063
27			420	431	679	3,558	513	570	605	513	507	573	0	8,370
28													0	0
29													0	0
30													0	0
31													0	0
32													0	0
33													0	0
34													0	0
35													0	0
36													0	0
37													0	0
38													0	0
39													0	0
40	-6,614	-6,770	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,515	-13,384	-79,600
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
42	-6,614	-6,770	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,633	-6,515	-13,384	-79,600

TABLE A : Movement of Opening Financial Plan to Forecast Outturn

Monthly Positions (- Deficit / + Surplus) reconciles to Table B Monthly Positions	Ok
Recurring & Non Recurring Analysis of In Year items is not greater than In Year items	Ok
FYE of Recurring items are greater than, or equal to, the In Year Recurring amount	Ok
FYE of Recurring items only reported against Recurring items	Ok
Has Organisation name being selected	Ok

Table C - Identified Expenditure Savings Schemes (Excludes Income Generation & Accountancy Gains)

This Table is currently showing 0 errors

		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total YTD	Full-year forecast	YTD as %age of FY YTD variance as %age of YTD	Assessment		Full In-Year forecast		Full-Year Effect of Recurring Savings £'000
		Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar				Green	Amber	non recurring	recurring	
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000				£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
1	CHC and Funded	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			0
2	Nursing Care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
3	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			0
4	Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			0
5	Commissioned Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
6	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			0
7	Medicines Management (Primary & Secondary Care)	0	317	177	183	183	183	183	183	183	183	183	183	317	2,141		1,514	627			2,146
8	Actual/F cast	0	0	482	181	182	182	182	182	182	182	182	182	0	2,118	0.00%	1,474	643	0	2,118	2,146
9	Variance	0	(317)	305	(2)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(317)	(23)	(100.00%)	(40)	16			
10	Budget/Plan	20	139	80	83	84	87	98	98	98	185	105	105	159	1,186		667	519			
11	Non Pay	19	18	125	65	67	69	81	86	86	166	86	37	953	3.91%	403	550	80	873	1,030	
12	Variance	(1)	(121)	45	(19)	(17)	(18)	(18)	(13)	(13)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(122)	(233)	(76.54%)	(264)	31			
13	Budget/Plan	248	480	658	2,432	575	619	2,463	648	604	2,438	657	2,491	728	14,315		12,281	2,034			
14	Pay	248	2,085	1,192	1,246	1,246	1,363	1,400	1,336	1,300	1,313	1,400	1,411	2,333	15,541	15.01%	13,563	1,977	584	14,956	16,120
15	Variance	(0)	1,605	534	(1,186)	671	744	(1,064)	688	696	(1,125)	743	(1,080)	1,605	1,225	220.45%	1,282	(57)			
16	Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	0	36		0	36			
17	Primary Care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	0	36	0.00%	0	36	0	36	428
18	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0)	0	(0)		0	(0)			
19	Budget/Plan	268	936	915	2,699	843	890	2,745	930	886	2,807	946	2,816	1,204	17,678		14,462	3,216			
20	Actual/F cast	267	2,103	1,800	1,492	1,495	1,614	1,662	1,603	1,567	1,661	1,667	1,714	2,370	18,647	12.71%	15,441	3,206	664	17,982	19,724
21	Variance	(1)	1,167	885	(1,206)	653	724	(1,083)	674	682	(1,146)	722	(1,101)	1,166	969	96.86%	979	(10)			
22	Variance in month	(0.37%)	124.70%	96.75%	(44.70%)	77.45%	81.41%	(39.45%)	72.45%	76.97%	(40.83%)	76.31%	(39.11%)	96.86%							
23	In month achievement against FY forecast	1.43%	11.28%	9.65%	8.00%	8.02%	8.68%	8.91%	8.60%	8.41%	8.91%	8.94%	9.19%								

Table C1- Savings Schemes Pay Analysis

	Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total YTD	Full-year forecast	YTD as %age of FY YTD variance as %age of YTD Budget/Plan	Assessment		Full In-Year forecast		Full-Year Effect of Recurring Savings £'000
		Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar				Green	Amber	non recurring	recurring	
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000				£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
1	Changes in Staffing Establishment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			0
2	Actual/F cast	0	10	42	21	28	28	28	31	31	31	31	31	10	313	3.24%	313	0	0	313	369
3	Variance	0	10	42	21	28	28	28	31	31	31	31	31	10	313		313	0			
4	Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			
5	Variable Pay	0	42	39	49	52	52	62	62	62	67	64	64	42	615	6.77%	595	20	270	345	459
6	Variance	0	42	39	49	52	52	62	62	62	67	64	64	42	615		585	20			
7	Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			0
8	Locum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
9	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			0
10	Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			0
11	Agency / Locum paid at a premium	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
12	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			0
13	Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			0
14	Changes in Bank Staff	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
15	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0			0
16	Budget/Plan	248	480	658	2,432	575	619	2,463	648	604	2,438	657	2,491	728	14,315		12,281	2,034			
17	Other (Please Specify)	248	2,033	1,112	1,177	1,165	1,282	1,309	1,243	1,207	1,215	1,305	1,316	2,281	14,612	15.81%	12,655	1,957	314	14,298	15,292
18	Variance	(0)	1,553	454	(1,256)	590	663	(1,154)	595	603	(1,223)	648	(1,175)	1,553	297	213.33%	374	(78)			
19	Budget/Plan	248	480	658	2,432	575	619	2,463	648	604	2,438	657	2,491	728	14,315		12,281	2,034			
20	Actual/F cast	248	2,085	1,192	1,246	1,246	1,363	1,400	1,336	1,300	1,313	1,400	1,411	2,333	15,541	15.01%	13,563	1,977	584	14,956	16,120
21	Variance	(0)	1,605	534	(1,186)	671	744	(1,064)	688	696	(1,125)	743	(1,080)	1,605	1,225	220.45%	1,282	(57)			

Table C2- Savings Schemes Agency/Locum Paid at a Premium Analysis

	Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total YTD	Full-year forecast	YTD as %age of FY YTD variance as %age of YTD Budget/Plan	Assessment		Full In-Year forecast		Full-Year Effect of Recurring Savings £'000	
		Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar				Green £'000	Amber £'000	non recurring £'000	recurring £'000		
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000				£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000		
1	Reduced usage of Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Agency/Locums paid at a premium Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Non Medical 'off contract' to 'on contract' Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Medical - Impact of Agency pay rate caps Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Other (Please Specify) Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table C3- Savings Schemes SoCNE/SCNI Analysis

	Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total YTD	Full-year forecast
		Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar		
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000		
1	Pay Budget/Plan	248	480	658	2,432	575	619	2,463	648	604	2,438	657	2,491	728	14,315
2	Actual/F'cast	248	2,085	1,192	1,246	1,246	1,363	1,400	1,336	1,300	1,313	1,400	1,411	2,333	15,541
3	Variance	(0)	1,605	534	(1,186)	671	744	(1,064)	688	696	(1,125)	743	(1,080)	1,605	1,225
4	Non Pay Budget/Plan	20	133	80	83	84	87	88	98	98	185	105	105	159	1,185
5	Actual/F'cast	19	18	125	65	67	69	81	86	86	166	86	86	37	953
6	Variance	(1)	(121)	45	(19)	(17)	(18)	(18)	(13)	(13)	(20)	(20)	(20)	(122)	(233)
7	Primary Care Drugs Budget/Plan	0	268	147	153	153	153	153	153	153	153	153	153	268	1,792
8	Actual/F'cast	0	0	421	152	152	152	152	152	152	152	152	152	0	1,792
9	Variance	0	(268)	274	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(268)	0
10	Secondary Care Drugs Budget/Plan	0	49	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	49	349
11	Actual/F'cast	0	0	61	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	0	325
12	Variance	0	(49)	31	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(49)	(24)
13	CHC/FNC Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Primary Care Contractor Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	36
17	Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	36
18	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0)
19	Healthcare Services Provided by Other NHS Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	Bodies Provided by Other NHS Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	Other Private & Voluntary Sector Budget/Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	Actual/F'cast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	Joint Financing & Other Budget/Plan	268	936	915	2,699	843	890	2,745	930	886	2,807	946	2,816	1,204	17,678
29	Actual/F'cast	267	2,103	1,800	1,492	1,495	1,614	1,662	1,603	1,567	1,661	1,667	1,714	2,370	18,647
30	Variance	(1)	1,167	885	(1,206)	653	724	(1,083)	674	682	(1,146)	722	(1,101)	1,166	969

This Table is currently showing 1 errors

Table C4 - Tracker

	£'000	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Total YTD	Full-year forecast	Non Recurring	Recurring	FYE Adjustment	Full-year Effect	
Savings (Cash Releasing & Cost Avoidance)	Month 1 - Plan	268	936	915	2,699	843	890	2,745	930	886	2,807	946	2,816	1,204	17,678	341	17,337	931	18,268	
	Month 1 - Actual/Forecast	267	1,808	1,609	1,293	1,285	1,394	1,431	1,351	1,352	1,440	1,450	1,497	2,075	16,176	90	18,086	1,254	17,340	
	Variance	(1)	872	694	(1,406)	442	504	(1,313)	422	466	(1,367)	504	(1,319)	871	(1,502)	(251)	(1,251)	323	(928)	
	In Year - Plan	0	296	191	199	210	220	230	251	215	220	217	217	296	2,466	574	1,892	451	2,343	
	In Year - Actual/Forecast	0	295	191	199	210	220	230	252	216	221	218	218	295	2,471	574	1,896	487	2,384	
	Variance	0	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	(1)	5	0	4	36	40	
	Total Plan	268	1,232	1,106	2,898	1,053	1,110	2,975	1,181	1,101	1,101	3,027	1,163	3,033	1,500	20,144	915	19,229	1,382	20,611
	Total Actual/Forecast	267	2,103	1,800	1,492	1,495	1,614	1,662	1,603	1,567	1,661	1,667	1,714	2,370	18,647	664	17,982	1,741	19,724	
	Total Variance	(1)	871	694	(1,405)	443	504	(1,313)	423	467	(1,366)	505	(1,318)	870	(1,497)	(251)	(1,247)	359	(888)	
	Net Income Generation	Month 1 - Plan	0	37	18	351	101	102	101	101	102	101	101	102	37	1,217	217	1,000	0	1,000
Month 1 - Actual/Forecast		0	0	55	351	101	102	101	101	102	101	101	102	0	1,220	220	1,000	0	1,000	
Variance		0	(37)	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(37)	3	3	0	0	0	
In Year - Plan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
In Year - Actual/Forecast		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Variance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Plan		0	37	18	351	101	102	101	101	102	101	101	102	37	1,217	217	1,000	0	1,000	
Total Actual/Forecast	0	0	55	351	101	102	101	101	102	101	101	102	0	1,220	220	1,000	0	1,000		
Total Variance	0	(37)	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(37)	3	3	0	0	0		
Accountancy Gains	In Year - Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	In Year - Actual/Forecast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Variance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	Month 1 - Plan	268	973	933	3,050	944	992	2,846	1,031	988	2,908	1,047	2,918	1,241	18,895	558	18,337	931	19,268	
	Month 1 - Actual/Forecast	267	1,808	1,664	1,644	1,386	1,496	1,533	1,453	1,454	1,541	1,551	1,599	2,075	17,396	310	17,086	1,254	18,340	
	Variance	(1)	835	731	(1,405)	443	504	(1,313)	422	466	(1,367)	505	(1,319)	834	(1,499)	(248)	(1,251)	323	(928)	
	In Year - Plan	0	296	191	199	210	220	230	251	215	220	217	217	296	2,466	574	1,892	451	2,343	
	In Year - Actual/Forecast	0	295	191	199	210	220	230	252	216	221	218	218	295	2,471	574	1,896	487	2,384	
	Variance	0	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	(1)	5	0	4	36	40	
	Total Plan	268	1,269	1,124	3,249	1,154	1,212	3,076	1,282	1,203	1,203	3,128	1,264	3,135	1,537	21,361	1,132	20,229	1,382	21,611
	Total Actual/Forecast	267	2,103	1,855	1,844	1,597	1,716	1,763	1,705	1,670	1,762	1,769	1,817	2,370	19,867	884	18,982	1,741	20,724	
	Total Variance	(1)	834	731	(1,405)	443	505	(1,313)	423	467	(1,366)	505	(1,318)	833	(1,494)	(248)	(1,247)	359	(888)	



AGENDA ITEM

4.1

PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE

ORGANISATIONAL RISK REGISTER

Date of meeting	27 th June 2023
FOI Status	Public
If closed please indicate reason	Not Applicable – Public Meeting
Prepared by	Cally Hamblyn, Assistant Director of Governance & Risk
Presented by	Cally Hamblyn, Assistant Director of Governance & Risk
Approving Executive Sponsor	Paul Mears, Chief Executive
Report purpose	FOR REVIEW & APPROVAL

Engagement (internal/external) undertaken to date (including receipt/consideration at Committee/group)

Committee/Group/Individuals	Date	Outcome
Service, Function and Executive Formal Review	April / May 2023	RISKS REVIEWED
Operational Management Board – Phase 1 Risks Scoring 20 and above	19 th April 2023	RISKS REVIEWED
Executive Leadership Group	15 th May 2023	REVIEWED AND MANAGEMENT SIGN OFF RECEIVED
Audit & Risk Committee	21 st June 2023	RISKS REVIEWED

ACRONYMS

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1. SITUATION/BACKGROUND

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is for the Committee to review and discuss the organisational risk register and consider whether the assigned risks have been appropriately assessed.

2. SPECIFIC MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION BY THIS MEETING (ASSESSMENT)

- 2.1 At the Operational Management Board meeting on the 19th April 2023, a targeted review of risks scoring 20 and above (escalated to the Organisational Risk Register) was undertaken and Care Group Director Teams were tasked with specific review actions. Improvement in terms of mitigation, moderated scoring and timeframes will hopefully be evident over the next few reporting periods.
- 2.2 The Care Group Highlight Reports received at the Operational Management Board will now include a specific risk update in terms of 'new, closed, de-escalated' risks for the Organisational Risk Register.
- 2.3 Monthly Risk Management Awareness Sessions (Virtually via Teams). The monthly sessions are set in the calendar until the end of 2023. **403** members of staff trained to date.
- 2.6 Risks on the organisational risk register have been updated as indicated in **red**.

3 KEY RISKS/MATTERS FOR ESCALATION TO BOARD/COMMITTEE

3.1 Principal / Strategic Risks (Board Assurance Framework)

The organisational risks captured in Appendix 1 are aligned to the Principal/Strategic Risks reported to the Board via the Board Assurance Framework Report. These risks are assigned to the Planning, Performance & Finance Committee

- Risk No. 1 – Sufficient capacity to meet emergency and elective demand. Risk score of 20.
- Risk No. 3 - Finance Revenue Resources. Risk score of 20.

3.2 NEW RISKS

Financial Stability Risks

- Datix ID 5425 – Failure to achieve financial balance in 2023-2024. Risk score of 20. This risk replaces Datix Risk ID 5153.
- Datix ID 5427 - Failure to reduce the planned recurrent deficit of £79.6m at the end of 2023-2024. Risk score of 20. This risk replaces Datix Risk ID 5154.



3.3 CHANGES TO RISKS

a) Risks where the risk rating **INCREASED** during the period
Nil as assigned to this Committee.

b) Risks where the risk rating **DECREASED** during the period
Nil as assigned to this Committee.

3.4 CLOSED RISKS FROM THE ORGANISATIONAL RISK REGISTER

Nil as assigned to this Committee.

3.5 POINTS TO NOTE

An update on Datix Risk ID 4458 - Failure to Deliver Emergency Department Metrics (including 15 minute Handover and 4 and 12 hour breaches.) has been received since the Organisational Risk Register was published. This update has been included below:

- Update 18th May 2023 from the Unscheduled Care (USC) Group - Programme of work lead by the USC senior team, acute site general managers and heads of nursing to support improvement against the metrics identified. Whilst there has been improvement against these targets the improvement work needs to be embedded as business as usual.

3.6 Organisational Risk Register - Visual Heat Map by Datix Risk ID (Risks rated 15 and above):

Consequence	5			4772		
	4				4458	4491 4071 5427 5425
	3					5207
	2					
	1					
CxL	1	2	3	4	5	
	Likelihood					

4. IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Quality/Safety/Patient Experience implications	Yes (Please see detail below)
Related Health and Care standard(s)	Governance, Leadership and Accountability If more than one Healthcare Standard applies please list below:
Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) completed - Please note EIAs are required for <u>all</u> new, changed or withdrawn policies and services.	No (Include further detail below) If no, please provide reasons why an EIA was not considered to be required in the box below. Not applicable for the Risk Register item.



Legal implications / impact	There are no specific legal implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Resource (Capital/Revenue £/Workforce) implications / Impact	There is no direct impact on resources as a result of the activity outlined in this report.
Link to Strategic Goals	Improving Care

5. RECOMMENDATION

5.1 The Committee are asked to:

- **Review** the risks escalated to the Organisational Risk Register at Appendix 1.
- **Consider** whether the Committee can seek assurance from the report that all that can be done is being done to mitigate the risks.

Datix ID	Strategic Risk owner	Care Group / Service Function	Identified Risk Owner/Manager	Strategic Goal	Risk Domain	Risk Title	Risk Description	Controls in place	Action Plan	Assuring Committees	Rating (current)	Heat Map Link (Consequence x Likelihood)	Rating (Target)	Trend	Opened	Last Reviewed	Next Review Date	
5425 (Replacing 5153)	Executive Director of Finance & Procurement	Central Support Function - Finance	Deputy Director of Finance	Sustaining Our Future	Financial Stability Risk	Failure to achieve financial balance in 2023/24.	<p>IF: The Health Board is not able to plan and deliver changes which enable current run rates of expenditure to align with the available funding for 2023/24.</p> <p>Then: The Health Board will not be able to deliver a break-even financial position for 2023/24.</p> <p>Resulting in: Potential deficit in 2023/24 leading to potential short term unsustainable cost reductions with associated risks, qualification of the accounts and potential Welsh Government regulatory action.</p> <p>Failure to meet statutory financial duty</p> <p>WG not supporting the Health Board's plan</p> <p>Potential cash shortfalls in the latter months of 23/24</p> <p>Context: The context is that the draft financial plan for 22/23, .</p> <p>This planned deficit is also dependent on the delivery of efficiency savings of £27.3m which is a significant step up in savings compared to recent</p>	<p>Developing the Health Board's understanding and use of Value Based Healthcare principles to drive service planning and improvement going forward.</p> <p>Developing a more project and programmatic approach to planning and delivery of efficiency savings schemes, with focus on pipeline schemes as well as schemes in delivery. Including the development and implementation of the CTM Improvement Plans.</p> <p>Developing the Value & Efficiency Programme with a focus on 'Enabling schemes' to support savings identification and delivery.</p> <p>Routine monitoring arrangements in place.</p> <p>Regular reporting to the Executive leadership Group, the Planning, Performance & Finance Committee and the Board.</p>	<p>May 2023: The WG response dated 21 April states that the level of financial deficit in the plan is not an acceptable or supportable position. The requirement is to deliver improvement to delivery of ministerial priorities and the financial plans submitted. A supplementary paper needs to be submitted to WG by 31 May.</p>	Planning, Performance & Finance Committee	20	C4xL5	12 (C4 x L3)	↔	New risk escalated to the Org Risk Register May 2023 - replacing Risk ID 5153	28.04.2023	28.04.2023	31.05.2023
5427 (Replacing 5154)	Executive Director of Finance & Procurement	Central Support Function - Finance	Deputy Director of Finance	Sustaining Our Future	Financial Stability Risk	Failure to reduce the planned recurrent deficit of £79.6m at the end of 2023/24.	<p>IF: The Health Board is not able to plan and deliver changes which enable current run rates of expenditure to align with the available funding for 2023/24.</p> <p>Then: The Health Board will not be able to deliver a break-even financial position for 2024/25.</p> <p>Resulting in: Potential deficit in 2024/25 leading to potential short term unsustainable cost reductions with associated risks, qualification of the accounts and potential Welsh Government regulatory action.</p> <p>Failure to meet statutory financial duty</p> <p>WG not supporting the Health Board's plan</p> <p>Potential cash shortfalls in the latter months of 24/25</p>	<p>Developing the Health Board's understanding and use of Value Based Healthcare principles to drive service planning and improvement going forward.</p> <p>Developing a more project and programmatic approach to planning and delivery of efficiency savings schemes, with focus on pipeline schemes as well as schemes in delivery. Including the development and implementation of the CTM Improvement Plans.</p> <p>Developing the Value & Efficiency Programme with a focus on 'Enabling schemes' to support savings identification and delivery.</p> <p>Routine monitoring arrangements in place.</p> <p>Regular reporting to the Executive Leadership Group, the Planning, Performance & Finance Committee and the Board.</p>	<p>May 2023: The WG response dated 21 April states that the level of financial deficit in the plan is not an acceptable or supportable position. The requirement is to deliver improvement to delivery of ministerial priorities and the financial plans submitted. A supplementary paper needs to be submitted to WG by 31 May.</p>	Planning, Performance & Finance Committee	20	C4xL5	12 (C4 x L3)	↔	New risk escalated to the Org Risk Register May 2023 - replacing Risk ID 5154	28.04.2023	28.04.2023	31.05.2023
4491	Chief Operating Officer	Planned Care Group	Interim Planned Care Service Group Director	Improving Care	Patient / Staff /Public Safety	Impact on the safety - Physical and/or Psychological harm	<p>IF: The Health Board is unable to meet the demand upon its services at all stages of the patient journey.</p> <p>Then: The Health Board's ability to provide high quality care will be reduced.</p> <p>Resulting in: Potential avoidable harm to patients</p>	<p>Controls are in place and include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Technical list management processes as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Speciality specific plans are in place to ensure patients requiring clinical review are assessed. - All patients identified will be clinically reviewed which will include an assessment of avoidable harm which will be reported and acted upon accordingly. - A process has been implemented to ensure no new sub speciality codes can be added to an unreported list, this will be refined over the coming months. - All unreported lists that appear to require reporting have been added to the RTT reported lists - All unreported lists that are to remain unreported (as they do not form part of the RTT criteria) are being reviewed and will be visible and monitored going forward. - Patients prioritised on clinical need using nationally defined categories - Demand and Capacity Planning being refined in the UHB to assist with longer term planning. - Outsourcing is a fundamental part of the Health Board's plan going forward. - The Health Board will continue to work towards improved capacity for Day Surgery and 23:59 case load. - A Harm Review process is being piloted within Ophthalmology - it will be rolled out to other areas. - The Health Board has taken advice from outside agencies especially the DU when the potential for improvement is found. - Appropriate monitoring at ILG and Health Board levels via scheduled and formal performance meetings with additional audits undertaken when areas of concern are identified - Planned Care board established. - The Health Board is exploring working with neighbouring HBs in order to utilise their estate for operating. 	<p>The Health Board has established a Planned Care Board, with a full programme of work to address FUNB, demand and capacity and a recovery programme which will include cancer patients. The plans have timescales - which are being monitored, however it is likely that it will take time to reduce waiting times to acceptable levels in the post-covid-19 environment. The PCH Improvement Programme has significantly accelerated a number of mitigating actions designed to improve flow, reduce risk and improve the quality of care in the unscheduled care pathway. Updates on this are provided through the Quality & Safety Committee including specific actions and measures. There is also a PCH Improvement Board that meets monthly with the COO as the SRO. The Health Board is centralising the operational management and decision making around all elective services with the clear aim of increasing and protecting elective activity as we deal with the pressures of the Covid-19 pandemic and winter. This process commenced in late October 2021 and greater clarity will be provided in the next review.</p> <p>The IMTP process will drive the development and prioritisation of these plans ahead of implementation in 2022-2023. Additionally as part of the IMTP Process we will be able to complete robust capacity and demand planning for all surgical specialities for the first time, this will allow us to fully understand our likely trajectory for recovery during 2022-2023 and beyond.</p> <p>Update July 2022 - Risk scoring unchanged. Revised Improvement trajectories for each speciality now in place updated via the Planned Care Recovery Programme Board. The Health Board is working with Cardiff and Vale University Health Board and Swansea Bay University Health Board to support recovery actions in high risk specialities.</p> <p>Update request escalated to Interim Planned Care Director. The Care Group Director of Nursing has confirmed their intention on launching a series of risk and compliance huddles over the course of April, May and June to ensure rigour, validity and accuracy behind existing risks.</p>	<p>Quality & Safety Committee</p> <p>Planning, Performance & Finance Committee.</p>	20	C4xL5	12 (C4 x L3)	↔		11.01.2021	28.10.2022	30.11.2022
4071	Chief Operating Officer	Planned Care Group	Interim Planned Care Service Group Director	Improving Care	Patient / Staff /Public Safety	Impact on the safety - Physical and/or Psychological harm	<p>IF: The Health Board fails to sustain services as currently configured to meet cancer targets.</p> <p>Then: The Health Board's ability to provide safe high quality care will be reduced.</p> <p>Resulting in: Compromised safety of patients, potential avoidable harm due to waiting time delays for treatment.</p>	<p>Tight management processes to manage individual cases on the cancer pathway.</p> <p>Regular reviews of patients who are passed on the pathway as a result of diagnostics or treatment not being available. To ensure patients receive care as soon as it becomes available.</p> <p>Regular Quality impact assessments with the MDTs, to understand areas of challenge and risk</p> <p>Harm review process to identify patients with waits of over 104 days and potential pathway improvements.</p> <p>Initiatives to protect surgical capacity at the Vale hospital for ASA 1+2 level patients until alternatives become available.</p> <p>All three sites are working to maximising access to ASA level 3+4 surgery on the acute sites.</p> <p>HB working to ensure haematological SACT delivery capacity is maintained.</p> <p>Ongoing comprehensive demand and capacity analysis with directorates to maximise efficiencies.</p> <p>Considerable work around recommencing endoscopy and other diagnostic services whilst also finding suitable alternatives for impacted diagnostics.</p> <p>Alternative arrangements for MDT and clinics, utilising Virtual options</p> <p>Cancer performance is monitored through the more rigorous monthly performance review process. Each Care Group now reports actions against an agreed improvement trajectory.</p>	<p>Update April 2023 - New Service Level Agreement signed with Tenovus Cancer Care, for a telephone call back system to provide additional support to patients. It is a service to support the patients who are waiting/improve the patient experience. There is no additional mitigation that has been added this month. Next review 31.5.2023.</p>	Quality & Safety Committee	20	C4 x L5	12 (C4 x L3)	↔		01/04/2014	28.04.2023	31.05.2023
4458	Chief Operating Officer	Unscheduled Care Group	Care Group Service Director - Unscheduled Care.	Improving Care	Patient / Staff /Public Safety	Impact on the safety - Physical and/or Psychological harm	<p>IF: The Health Board fails to deliver against the Emergency Department Metrics (including 15 minute Handover and 4 and 12 hour breaches.)</p> <p>Then: The Health Board's ability to provide safe high quality care will be reduced. Patients will be waiting in the ambulance rather than being transferred to the Emergency Department.</p> <p>Resulting In: A poor environment and experience to care for the patient.</p> <p>Delaying the release of an emergency ambulance to attend further emergency calls.</p> <p>Compromised safety of patients, potential avoidable harm due to waiting time delays.</p> <p>Potential of harm to patients in delays waiting for treatment.</p>	<p>Senior Decision makers available in the Emergency Department.</p> <p>Regular assessments including fundamentals of care in line with National Policy.</p> <p>Additional Capacity opened when safe staffing to do so.</p> <p>Senior presence at Health Board Capacity Meeting to identify risk sharing.</p> <p>Winter Protections Schemes Implemented within ILGs.</p> <p>Operational Performance is now monitored through the monthly performance review. Performance review process has been restructured to bring more rigour with a focus on specific operational improvements.</p> <p>Programme improvement is monitored through the monthly Unscheduled Care Improvement Board, which reports into Management Board.</p>	<p>The Unscheduled Care Improvement Board will monitor progress on the programme on a monthly basis. Given the decrease in compliance for 12 and 4 hour waits, it is impossible to outline progress at this point. It is anticipated that the work of the Urgent Care Improvement Group will be able to report some improvement in the coming months.</p> <p>Update September 2022 Update - UEC Six Goals Improvement Programme now commenced - workstream 2 (integrated front door) - rapid mobilisation of other elements of the front door (SDEC, Acute frailty assessment, Hot/rapid access clinics) to facilitate ED de-crowding and timely ambulance offload.</p> <p>Update 3.11.2022 - now being addressed via UEC 6 goals programme, workstreams 2, 3 and 4. Aim to improve whole hospital/system flow, implementing D2RA model and pathways Dec 22, implementing enabling processes to improve flow and discharge - including e-whiteboards/in-discharge referrals, discharge hub, additional components of integrated front door (including acute frailty ax, hot clinics, SDEC), discharge lounges on each site.</p>	<p>Quality & Safety Committee</p> <p>Planning, Performance & Finance Committee</p>	16	C4 x L4	12 (C4 x L3)	↔		04/12/2020	3.11.2022	31.12.2022
4772	Chief Operating Officer	Central Support Function - Facilities	Governance and compliance manager, Facilities	Improving Care	Operational: Core Business Objectives Environmental / Estates Impact Projects	Including systems and processes, Service /business interruption	<p>IF: The 10 & 13 stage Lavalat presses have old software control systems, and are both vulnerable to failure. Following a fault developing and a recent maintenance call out it was identified that the 10 stage press is working intermittently caused by a software problem.</p> <p>Then: If the 10 Stage press control system fails the consequence of not purchasing the software replacement would result in the laundry service being unable to produce to full capacity and reduced to around 55%. If the Stage 10 press control system software fails then it could also impact on the Stage 13 press. The consequence of both presses failing and not purchasing the software replacement would result in the laundry service being unable to process any laundry which will result in all CTMUHB laundry being outsourced to commercial laundries. The costs will be significantly higher than those incurred in-house. Resulting In:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential of service failure due to existing system. • Potential of CTM sites being without bedding and linen at existing volumes and turnaround times. • Potential increased costs resulting from having to outsource laundry processing to commercial laundries in the event of equipment failure. 	<p>The All - Wales Laundry review continues, and at the current time, it is likely that services will be provided from CTM laundry until at least 2024. After this time, the equipment could be moved and rehoused elsewhere to continue to support CTM and the All-Wales Laundry agenda.</p> <p>Previous IMTP submissions have included as a priority £375K for a replacement automated sorting and roll cage washer/dryer system at the laundry. The software that controls system for the CBW forms an integral part of the current press.</p> <p>Benefits of equipment being replaced:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduced risk of service failure and therefore improved confidence in continued production. • Easier to diagnose and put right any mechanical defects. <p>The Laundry is being monitored remotely by the system supplying company. This ensures that we are able to run the system and any problems quickly rectified on the 13 stage CBW. The 10 stage new software has now been installed and updated and all snagging completed. We were in the process of arranging a date for the 13 stage CBW software to be updated when the bolts on the 10 stage sheared, this will be repaired Monday 4th July 2022 we will then arrange for the new software to be updated on the 13 stage.</p> <p>There is a robust contingency plan in place we are able to continue with a normal service until these issues are resolved. We also have the ability to call upon the other L4 region production units. The contingency plan provides for a 5 day full service with ability to call on the other L4 within the All Wales Laundry agreement to produce our linen if needed.</p>	<p>Update April 2023: SON to be submitted and if successful replacement software purchased and installed. Timescale: 31/05/2023.</p> <p>SON approved and funding provided, awaiting installation. Update from Deputy Linen Services Manager that order has been raised to replace.</p> <p>10 stage press received completed software upgrade.</p> <p>We are now ready for the installation of the software upgrade to the 13-stage press. All items needed for the upgrade have been received by the supplier. The in-house electrical work has been completed. The supplier has provided an installation date for the end of March 2023 - beginning of April 2023. This will allow the installation of the new chemical system to be installed prior to the upgrade. The upgrade comes as part of a new chemical contract between KWSSP and Ecolab who will be providing the equipment as part of the contract.</p> <p>Based on this update the risk remains as a high risk and will be reviewed in 3 months time or once the software has been installed.</p> <p>Review Date: 31/05/2023</p>	Quality & Safety Committee	15	15 (C5xL3)	5 (C5xL1)	↔		27.07.2021	13.04.2023	31.05.2023

Datix ID	Strategic Risk owner	Care Group / Service Function	Identified Risk Owner/Manager	Strategic Goal	Risk Domain	Risk Title	Risk Description	Controls in place	Action Plan	Assuring Committees	Rating (current)	Heat Map Link (Consequence x Likelihood)	Rating (Target)	Trend	Opened	Last Reviewed	Next Review Date
5207	Executive Director of Strategy & Transformation	Primary & Community Care Group or Central Function?	Deputy Director of Strategy and Partnerships	Improving Care	Patient / Staff /Public Safety	Care Home Capacity	<p>If: the rising costs of delivering care in private facilities drives a number of providers to cease trading.</p> <p>Then: there will be a loss of capacity within the system.</p> <p>Resulting in: exacerbated delays in hospital flow, an impact on wait times and increased admission to hospital for displaced patients. Patient experience will be impacted due to increased hospital stays. There will also be a longer term impact on residential care opportunities.</p>	<p>Multi Agency Operational Group established that effectively risk assesses the homes and manages any emergent contractual/ provider/ safeguarding issues, we wonder if this is forward looking enough in the current context.</p> <p>Local Authorities have regular contact with Care Homes to assess any challenges that they are facing and will intervene as appropriate based on risk and circumstances.</p>	<p>Via the Regional Partnership Board and other partnership meetings questions will continued to be escalated to seek assurance.</p> <p>Reports on specific incidents will be taken to Planning, Performance & Finance Committee.</p> <p>Care Providers will continue to engage with Welsh Government to escalate their concerns around the current position.</p> <p>CTMUHB is working with Care Inspectorate Wales (CIW)and the local authorities to understand the implications of the HB providing care services either as a provider in its own right or in partnership with a local authority</p> <p>Update April 2023 - No changes made bar next review date as cost of living crisis still relevant.</p>	Quality & Safety Committee Planning, Performance & Finance Committee	15	C5xL3	10 C5xL2	↔	19.8.2022	13.04.2023	30.06.2023



AGENDA ITEM
5.1

PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE

6 Goals for Urgent and Emergency Care Programme

Date of meeting	27/06/2023
FOI Status	Open/Public
If closed please indicate reason	Not Applicable - Public Report
Prepared by	ANNA PEPPER, PROGRAMME MANAGER
Presented by	Gethin Hughes, Chief Operating Officer
Approving Executive Sponsor	Chief Operating Officer (COO, DPCMH)
Report purpose	FOR NOTING

Engagement (internal/external) undertaken to date (including receipt/consideration at Committee/group)		
Committee/Group/Individuals	Date	Outcome
		Choose an item.

ACRONYMS	
	D2RA - Discharge to Recover than Assess
	BCBC - Bridgend County Borough Council
	MTCBC - Merthyr Tydfil County Borough Council
	RCTCBC - Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough Council
	RPB - Regional Partnership Board
	SDEC - Same Day Emergency Care
	UEC - Urgent & Emergency Care
	eToC - Electronic Transfer of Care
	DHCW - Digital Health Care Wales
	PCH - Prince Charles Hospital
	RGH - Royal Glamorgan Hospital
	PoW - Princess of Wales Hospital

<p>SMOC – Senior Manager on Call NIV – Non Invasive Ventilation PROMS – Patient Recorded Outcome Measures PREMS – Patient Recorded Experience Measures</p>

1. SITUATION/BACKGROUND

1.1 In July 2022 Welsh Government launched the '6 Goals for Urgent and Emergency Care' national programme, which set out expectations for health and social care, independent and third sector partners for the delivery of the right care, in the right place, first time for physical and mental health.

The Six Goals Programme scope, plan and its delivery were produced and agreed in partnership between health and social care organisations across Cwm Taf Morgannwg University Health Board (CTMUHB) and the first phase of the programme was delivered between July 2022 and February 2023 through 24 task and finish groups with defined scope and objectives and reported/escalated issues and risks using agreed programme governance structure.

The Programme is a major contributor to the 2021-2024 Integrated Medium-Term Plan (IMTP) and CTM 2030 Strategy supporting delivery of strategic objectives under 'Improving Care' pillar.

In March 2023, gateway review of the programme was conducted and its findings including current delivery status, review of risks and barriers to delivery and future plans and recommendations for the delivery of second phase (April to September 2023) was presented at the Programme Board meeting on 10th March 2023.

It was agreed that the following task and finish groups (projects) had completed the delivery of agreed objectives and transitioned into business-as-usual operational delivery:

- 1) Minor Injury Unit T&F Group
- 2) Emergency Department T&F Group
- 3) Non-Invasive Pathway T&F Group

(Project Closure Reports will be completed and submitted to Programme Board for review and final sign-off)

In May 2023, the Programme Board agreed distribution of 6 Goals national funding, the proposal was submitted to Executive Leadership Group for approval and subsequently the allocation of funding was signed off by the Executive Team on 5th June 2023 (**Appendix 1**).

It was agreed that the following task and finish groups (projects) had completed the delivery of agreed objectives and transitioned into business-as-usual operational delivery:

- 1) Stroke Pathway Resilience Task & Finish Group:
 - a) Developed a rapid improvement for stroke pathway from RGH to PCH;
 - b) Agreed and formalised operational processes:
 - Stroke bed capacity part of SMOC protocol – ring-fencing beds
 - Stroke release protocol from Emergency Department (ED)
 - Include stroke in 10am call template
 - Availability of immediate transport between sites and appropriate mitigations

2. SPECIFIC MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION BY THIS MEETING (ASSESSMENT)

- 2.1 Programme Board agreed a focused approach and delivery plan for phase two of the programme with redefined structure and accelerated roadmaps to develop and/or mobilise priority plans. Phase two will be governed and monitored through four strategic workstreams:

Workstream 1: Attendance Avoidance

Senior Delivery Lead: Service Director for Primary Care and Community
Senior Responsible Officer: Deputy Chief Operating Officer Primary Care, Community and Mental Health

- 1) Navigation Hub Project Board including Urgent Primary Care, Acute Response, Virtual Ward, 111 and 111#2 (Mental Health)
Delivery of Navigation Hub is in progress with increasing activity, with a number of established access pathways including:
 - a) District Nurse Call Taking – operating 24/7 365 days across Merthyr Tydfil and Rhondda Cynon Taf
 - b) ROLE – verification of deaths that are natural and unexpected with no suspicious circumstances
 - c) Nursing Homes Pathway – offering advice to nursing home prior to calling 999 for conveyance
 - d) GP Out of Hours – operating daily between hours 18:30 – 08:00 365 days a year
 - e) Emergency Dental Service – triage and appointment service for patients experiencing dental pain operating 24/7 365 days a year
 - f) Professional Line – offering service to Nursing Homes, paramedics, district nursing, Macmillan nurses for professional advice or to direct patient referral to GP Out of Hours operating between 18:30 – 08:00 365 days a year



- g) 111#2 – telephone advice and support line that will provide guidance for people of all ages who are experiencing mental health need. The pathway will be phased into 24/7 service by April 2023
- h) Physician Telephone & Streaming Service (PTaS) offering advice to paramedics on scene regarding patient conveyance and streaming operating between hours 18:30 – 08:00 365 days a year

The Project Board will prioritise development of rapid palliative discharge services pathway and emergency department redirection pathways (including access to SDEC pathway) in phase two.

- 2) High Intensity Frequent Attenders Task and Finish Group – further development of scope and objectives of the project is in progress and will be reported on via programme governance structures

Workstream 2: Integrated Front Door

Senior Delivery Lead(s): Unscheduled Care Group Service Director, Medical Director Unscheduled Care

Senior Responsible Officer: Deputy Chief Operating Officer Unscheduled Care

- 1) Same Day Emergency Care (SDEC) Task & Finish Group will focus on development of medical SDEC in Prince Charles Hospital in Merthyr Tydfil (following approval of capital funding request to redevelop former vaccination centre into designated SDEC area) and Princess of Wales Hospital in Bridgend with a focus on admission avoidance and returning people to the community when acute inpatient admission is not required.

Detailed data analysis of demand and capacity on three acute sites was conducted in March 2023 with subsequent submission of SDEC requirements plans to Delivery Unit including optimal workforce model to meet current and future demand on the service based on data analysis and projections.

- 2) Acute Medicine Task & Finish Group agreed principles and model for acute medicine unit. The group focus will be to finalise operational policy (including outcomes of ongoing national review) and formalise forward plan for operational implementation.
- 3) Frailty Pathway Task & Finish Group will finalise the acute frailty model approach for CTM UHB supporting the implementation of the new front door models, working closely with community frailty provision, falls services, to ensure a linked up frailty pathway across CTM.

- 4) eWhiteboards Phase 2 & 3 Task & Finish Group will focus on development of dashboard specification for Emergency Departments and Same Day Emergency Care service.

Workstream 3: Acute Hospital Flow and Discharge

Senior Delivery Lead(s): Nurse Director for Unscheduled care; Medical Director Unscheduled Care

Senior Responsible Officer: Deputy Chief Operating Officer Unscheduled Care

Bed Management & Flow Task & Finish Group will:

- a) Develop standardised Safe to Start template and meetings scripts;
- b) Finalise CTM-wide escalation cards and service operational policy,
- c) Finalise pre-emptive boarding service operational policy
- d) Finalise CTM cross-site call service operational policy to include:
 - Stroke specific status in RGH
 - NIV beds status
 - Fracture neck of femur bed status

Workstream 4: Integrated Discharge Delivery Board

Senior Delivery Lead(s): Clinical Service Group Manager Community, Head of Adult Social Care, Bridgend County Borough Council

D2RA Implementation and Embedding Delivery Group and D2RA Hub and Supported Discharge Delivery Group will:

- 1) Produce revised governance and delivery structure with a clear operational reporting into Unplanned Care Operational Board, Primary and Community Operational Board and associated Local Authority Boards.
- 2) Co-design and re-develop of an integrated delivery plan through the D2RA implementation group, with key milestones and outcomes identified.
- 3) Revise Service Operational Policy of the D2RA hub with a rapid 90-day improvement plan developed through the Hub and Supported Discharge group.
- 4) Produce benefits realisation plan with data collected through the hub and reporting to the Integrated Discharge Board.

- 5) Develop PROMS and PREMS with revised focus on patient / family/ friends/care network experience. Revision of patient information, communication and engagement with support of regional engagement team.
- 6) Re-design and develop digital solutions with revised eToC, Supported Discharge Notification and Discharge Dashboard.
- 7) Produce clear guidance, pathways and accessible support for front line staff with handbooks, revised intranet/online resources and mentoring.
- 8) Produce staff training and engagement delivery plan in line with national resources and support.
- 9) Develop of an integrated intermediate care strategy in line with the approved integrated model with provision mapped to D2RA pathways, with a rapid 90-day improvement plan related to bed based pathways 2 and 3.

2.2 Digital Enablers and Innovation:

- 1) Complete on-boarding of electronic Transfer of Care (eToC) onto Welsh Care Records Service (WCRS) and integration of eToC with Clinical Service (DHCW)
- 2) Complete eWhiteboards access provision for local authority social care staff

3. KEY RISKS/MATTERS FOR ESCALATION TO BOARD/COMMITTEE

- 3.1 No risks have been identified specifically at this point, work is underway to focus on delivery and completion of agreed actions.

Any programme related risks are managed and mitigated through regular risk review and escalation through programme governance structure.

4. IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Quality/Safety/Patient Experience implications	There are no specific quality and safety implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Related Health and Care standard(s)	Effective Care
	If more than one Healthcare Standard applies please list below:



<p>Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) completed - Please note EIAs are required for <u>all</u> new, changed or withdrawn policies and services.</p>	<p>No (Include further detail below)</p> <p>If yes, please provide a hyperlink to the location of the completed EIA or who it would be available from in the box below.</p> <p>If no, please provide reasons why an EIA was not considered to be required in the box below.</p> <p>EIA process under review – awaiting further guidance to complete for the programme purposes</p>
<p>Legal implications / impact</p>	<p>There are no specific legal implications related to the activity outlined in this report.</p>
<p>Resource (Capital/Revenue £/Workforce) implications / Impact</p>	<p>Yes (Include further detail below)</p> <p>Contained with the report</p>
<p>Link to Strategic Goals</p>	<p>Improving Health</p>

5. RECOMMENDATION

5.1 The Committee is asked to **NOTE** the content of this report and described progress of work.



Appendix 1

Scheme Type	Care Group	Scheme	Recurrent/One-Off	Recurrent Cost	Cost already incurred Yes/No
D2RA	Primary Care & Communities	D2RA Practitioner	Recurrent	£51,000	No
SDEC	Planned Care	RGH SAU	Recurrent	£130,000	Yes
SDEC	Therapies	POW Front Door Therapy	Recurrent	£199,000	No
SDEC	Therapies	PCH Front Door Therapy	Recurrent	£88,000	Yes
SDEC	Unscheduled Care	RGH AECU	Recurrent	£180,00	Yes
SDEC	Unscheduled Care	POW AESU	Recurrent	£334,000	Yes
SDEC	Unscheduled Care	POW Frailty	Recurrent	£431,000	Yes
SDEC	Unscheduled Care	PCH Admin Support	Recurrent	£58,000	No
SDEC	Unscheduled Care	PCH Frailty	Recurrent	£134,000	Yes
SDEC	Unscheduled Care	PCH Frailty	Recurrent	£134,000	Yes
SDEC	Unscheduled Care	PCH Frailty	Recurrent	£70,000	No
UPCC	Primary Care & Communities	Navigation Hub	Recurrent	£598,000	Yes
UPCC	Primary Care & Communities	Navigation Hub	Recurrent	£90,000	No
DIGITAL	Unscheduled Care	eWhiteboards Development	One-Off	£121,000	No
Triumvirate	Unscheduled Care	6 Goals team	Recurrent	£228,000	Yes
TOTAL:				£2,846,000	

ALLOCATED FUNDING TOTAL

£2,960,000

**Contingency -
£114,000**



AGENDA ITEM
5.2

PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE

INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE DASHBOARD

Date of meeting	(27/06/2023)
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FOI Status	Open/Public
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If closed please indicate reason	Not Applicable - Public Report
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Prepared by	Jose Roper, Senior Performance Monitoring Officer
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Presented by	Gethin Hughes, Chief Operating Officer
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Approving Executive Sponsor	Gethin Hughes, Chief Operating Officer
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Report purpose	FOR DISCUSSION / REVIEW
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Engagement (internal/external) undertaken to date (including receipt/consideration at Committee/group)

Committee/Group/Individuals	Date	Outcome
Gethin Hughes	14/06/2023	Choose an item.

ACRONYMS	
AMU	Acute Medical Unit
C.difficile	Clostridium difficile
CAMHS	Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services
COO	Chief Operating Officer
CTM	Cwm Taf Morgannwg
CTP	Care and Treatment Plan
CYP	Children and Young People



D2RA	Discharge to Recover then Assess model
DHCW	Digital Health and Care Wales
DNA	Did Not Attend
DToc	Delayed Transfers of Care
E.coli	Escherichia coli bacteraemia
ED	Emergency Department
ESD	Early Supported Discharge
FUNB	Follow-up Outpatients Not Booked
HIW	Health Inspectorate Wales
IMTP	Integrated Medium Term Plan
IPC	Infection Prevention and Control
Klebsiella sp.	Klebsiella sp. Bacteraemia
LD	Learning Disabilities
LRI's	Locally Reportable Incidents
LPMHSS	Local Primary Mental Health Support Service
MDT	Multidisciplinary Team
MRSA	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus
MSSA	Methicillin-susceptible Staphylococcus aureus
NOUS	Non Obstetric Ultra-Sound
ONS	Office for National Statistics
OoH	Out of Hours
P.aeruginosa	Pseudomonas aeruginosa bacteraemia
PADR/PDR	Personal Appraisal and Development Review
p-CAMHS	Primary Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services
PCH	Prince Charles Hospital
PIFU	Patient Initiated Follow Up
POW	Princess of Wales
PSPP	Public Sector Payment Performance
PTR	Putting Things Right
PU's	Pressure Ulcers
QIA	Quality Impact Assessment
QIM	Quality Improvement Measures
RCS	Royal College of Surgeons
RCT	Rhondda Cynon Taff
RGH	Royal Glamorgan Hospital
RTT	Referral to Treatment Times
S.aureus	Staphylococcus aureus bacteraemia
SALT	Speech and Language Therapy
s-CAMHS	Specialist Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services
SCP	Single Cancer Pathway
SIs	Serious Incidents
SOS	See on Symptom
SSNAP	Sentinel Stroke National Audit Programme
WAST	Welsh Ambulance Service NHS Trust
WCP	Welsh Clinical Portal
WG	Welsh Government
WHSSC	Welsh Health Specialised Services Committee
WPAS	Welsh Patient Administration System
YCC	Ysbyty Cwm Cynon
YCR	Ysbyty Cwm Rhondda



1. SITUATION/BACKGROUND

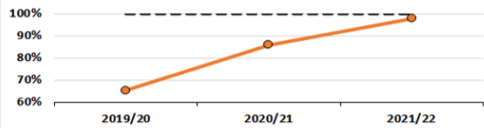

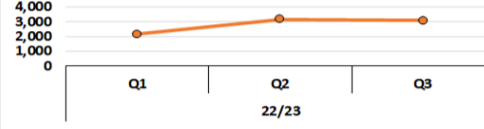
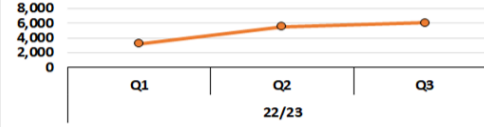
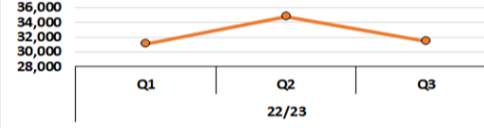
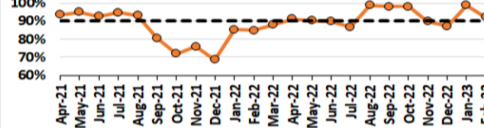
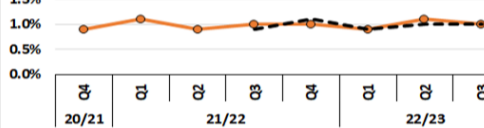
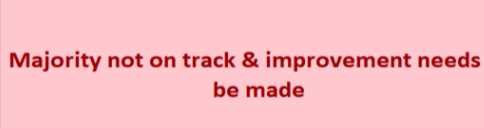
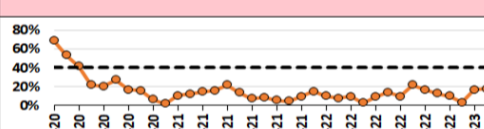
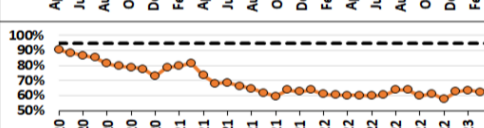
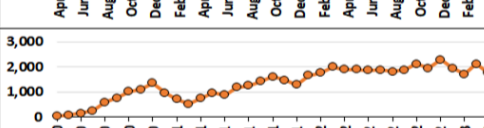
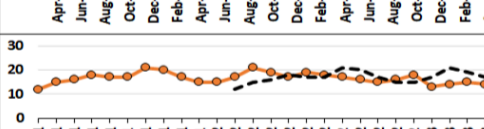
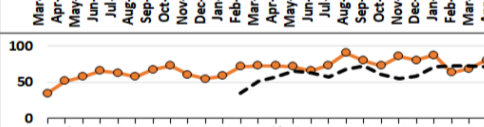
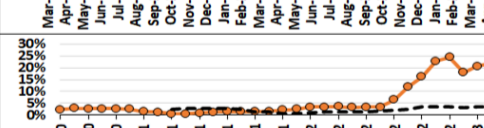
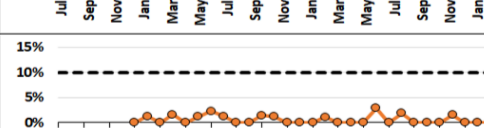
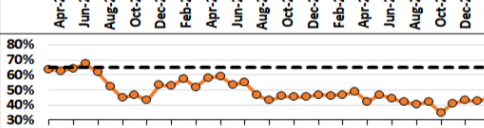
- 1.1** This report sets out the UHB's performance against the Welsh Government's (WG) Performance Framework and other priority areas for the UHB.

The report is intended to provide an ongoing assessment of the UHB's progress in delivering the Ministerial and Health Board's priorities as described in our Integrated Medium Term Plan, concentrating on areas of greatest priority and those areas where a significant change in performance has been observed, rather than a full discrete evaluation of all measures.

As the performance framework for this year is yet to be finalised by Welsh Government, we will continue to report against the 2022/23 measures, the majority of which we anticipate will remain in the future framework: <https://gov.wales/nhs-wales-performance-framework-2022-2023>

2. SPECIFIC MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION BY THIS MEETING (ASSESSMENT)

2.1 The UHB's strategic assessment of progress towards delivery of the NHS Wales Quadruple Aim are shown below:

Quadruple Aim 2: People in Wales have better quality and more accessible health and social care services, enabled by digital and supported by engagement						
Performance Measure	Target	Key: —●— Trend - - - Target/Trajectory	Key: Target Achieved	Target Failed		
			Latest Position			
Primary & Community Care	Percentage of GP practices that have achieved all standards set out in the National Access Standards for In-hours	100%		98%	2021/22	
	Number of Urgent Primary Care Centres (UPCC) established in each Health Board footprint (i.e. both UPPC models)	As outlined in the Health Board's Six Goals Programme Plan		1		
	Number of new patients (children aged under 18 years) accessing NHS dental services	4 Quarter Improvement Trend		3,090	Q3 2022/23	
	Number of new patients (adults aged 18 years and over) accessing NHS dental services			6,085		
	Number of existing patients accessing NHS dental services			31,441		
Urgent & Emergency Care	% of Out of Hours (OoH)/111 patients prioritised as P1CHC that started their definitive clinical assessment within 1 hour of their initial call being completed	90%		91.1%	Mar-23	
	Percentage of total conveyances taken to a service other than a Type One Emergency Department	4 Quarter Improvement Trend		1.0%	Q3 2022/23	
	Qualitative report detailing progress against the Health Boards' plans to deliver a Same Day Emergency Care Service (12 hours a day, 7 days a week) across all acute sites	7 days a week, 12 hours a day Same Day Emergency Care across 100% of acute sites by April 2025	Majority not on track & improvement needs to be made		N/A	Q2 2022/23
	% of patients who are diagnosed with a stroke who have a direct admission to a stroke unit within 4 hours of the patient's clock start time	39.5% (SSNAP Quarterly Average)		14.7%	Apr-23	
	% of patients who spend less than 4 hours in all major and minor emergency care (i.e. A&E) facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge	95%		68.9%		
	Number of patients who spend 12 hours or more in all hospital major and minor emergency care facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge	Zero		1,384	May-23	
	Median time from arrival at an emergency department to triage by a clinician	12 month reduction trend		13		
	Median time from arrival at an emergency department to assessment by a senior clinical decision maker	12 month reduction trend		64		
	% of patients (age 60 years and over) who presented with a hip fracture that received an orthogeriatrician assessment within 72 hours	12 month improvement trend		23.0%	Mar-23	
	% of stroke patients who receive mechanical thrombectomy	10%		1.5%	Mar-23	
	% of emergency responses to red calls arriving within (up to and including) 8 minutes	65%		47.2%	May-23	
	Number of ambulance patient handovers over 1 hour	Zero		445	May-23	



Quadruple Aim 2: People in Wales have better quality and more accessible health and social care services, enabled by digital and supported by engagement					
Performance Measure	Target	Key: Trend Target/Trajectory	Key: Target Achieved	Target Failed	
			Latest Position		
Patient Flow & Discharge	Number of people admitted as an emergency who remain in an acute or community hospital over 21 days since admission	12 month reduction trend		858	Mar-23
	% of total emergency bed days accrued by people with a length of stay over 21 days	12 month reduction trend		56.6%	
	% of stroke patients that receive at least 45 minutes of speech and language therapy input in 5 out of 7 days	50%		50.7%	
Elective Planned Care	% of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route)	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of 80% by 2026		48.6%	Apr-23
	Number of patients waiting over 8 weeks for a diagnostic endoscopy	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of zero by March 2026		2,774	
	Number of patients waiting more than 8 weeks for a specified diagnostic	12 month reduction trend towards zero by spring 2024		15,726	
	Number of patients waiting more than 14 weeks for a specified therapy	12 month reduction trend towards zero by spring 2024		1,349	May-23
	Number of patients waiting over 52 weeks for a new outpatient appointment	Improvement trajectory towards eliminating over 52 week waits by June 2023		14,183	
	Number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatient appointment who are delayed over 100%	National Target of Reduction by March 2024		35,125	
	% of ophthalmology R1 appointments attended which were within their clinical target date or within 25% beyond their clinical target date	95%		65.7%	Apr-23
	Number of patients waiting more than 104 weeks for referral to treatment	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of zero by June 2023		5,567	
	Number of patients waiting more than 36 weeks for treatment	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of zero by 2026		43,685	May-23
	% of patients waiting less than 26 weeks for treatment	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of 95% by 2026		50.5%	



Quadruple Aim 2: People in Wales have better quality and more accessible health and social care services, enabled by digital and supported by engagement

Performance Measure		Target	Key: —●— Trend - - - Target/Trajectory	Key: Target Achieved Target Failed	Latest Position	
Mental Health	Rate of hospital admissions with any mention of intentional self-harm for children and young people (age 10-24 years) per 1,000 population	Annual Reduction		4.02	2021/22	
	% of patients waiting less than 28 days for a first outpatient appointment for Specialist Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (sCAMHS)	80%		44.4%	Apr-23	
	% of mental health assessments undertaken within (up to and including) 28 days from the date of receipt of referral (for those age under 18 years)			10.3%		
	% of therapeutic interventions started within (up to and including) 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (for those age under 18 years)			39.0%		
	% of health board residents in receipt of secondary mental health services who have a valid care and treatment plan for those age under 18 years	90%		80.6%		
	% of children and young people waiting less than 26 weeks to start an ADHD or ASD a neurodevelopment assessment	80%		31.9%		
	Qualitative report detailing progress to develop a whole school approach to CAMHS in reach services	Evidence of Improvement	On track		N/A	Sep 22 - Mar 23
	Percentage of service users (adults aged 18 years and over) admitted to a psychiatric hospital between 09:00 and 21:00 hours that have received a gate-keeping assessment by the CRHT service prior to admission	95%		98.1%		
	Percentage of service users (adults aged 18 years and over) admitted to a psychiatric hospital who have not received a gate keeping assessment by the CRHTs that have received a follow up assessment by the CRHTs within 24 hours of admission	100%		100.0%		
	% of mental health assessments undertaken within (up to and including) 28 days from the date of receipt of referral (for those age 18 years and over)	80%		65.5%	Apr-23	
	% of therapeutic interventions started within (up to and including) 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (for those age 18 years and over)			90.2%		
	% of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health			44.5%		
	% of health board residents in receipt of secondary mental health services who have a valid care and treatment plan for those age 18 years and over	90%		90.9%		
	Qualitative report detailing progress to improve dementia care (providing evidence of learning and development in line with the Good Work – Dementia Learning and Development Framework) and increasing access to timely diagnosis	Evidence of Improvement	Majority on track, but scope to improve		N/A	Sep 22 - Mar 23
Qualitative report detailing progress against the priority areas to improve the lives of people with learning disabilities	Evidence of Improvement	Majority on track, but scope to improve		N/A	Sep 22 - Mar 23	
Learning Disabilities						



Quadruple Aim 2: People in Wales have better quality and more accessible health and social care services, enabled by digital and supported by engagement

Measure	Target	Key: —●— Trend - - - Target/Trajectory	Key: Target Achieved	Target Failed
			Latest Position	
Cumulative number of laboratory confirmed bacteraemia cases: Klebsiella sp	58		85	Cumulative Numbers Apr to Mar 2023
Cumulative number of laboratory confirmed bacteraemia cases: p. aeruginosa	22		40	
Cumulative rate of laboratory confirmed bacteraemia cases per 100,000 population: E.coli	67.00 per 100,000 population		84.92	Cumulative Rate Apr to Mar 2023
Cumulative rate of laboratory confirmed bacteraemia cases per 100,000 population: S.aureus bacteraemia	20.00 per 100,000 population		32.68	
Cumulative rate of laboratory confirmed bacteraemia cases per 100,000 population: C.difficile	25.00 per 100,000 population		25.34	
% of confirmed COVID cases within hospital which had a definite hospital onset of COVID	Reduction against the same month in 2021-22		31.1%	Mar-23
% of confirmed COVID cases within hospital which had a probable hospital onset of COVID	Reduction against the same month in 2021-22		20.1%	



2.2 Access

Detailed analysis is provided in the following section of this report, with headlines from the Access Scorecard provided below:

2.2.1 Urgent Care:

During May, around 69% of patients were treated within 4 hours in our Emergency and Minor Injury Departments, with around 45% of ambulances ready to respond to the next '999' call within 15 minutes of arrival at an ED, which is a notable improvement from the previous month (24.9%).

Additionally, the proportion of patients whose care was "handed over" from the Welsh Ambulance Service within 60 minutes also improved to 82% during May, this equates to the number of patient breaches more than halving from the previous month, bringing the total to 445 this period.

There were 17,532 attendances over the course of the month, 14% more attendances than in the equivalent period last year and a similar increase in the number of attendances observed last month.

2.2.2 Stroke Care:

Overall, compliance against the desired performance standards in stroke care continues to remain at low levels. During April:

- in total there were 68 patients presenting with stroke, which is a 30% reduction on the numbers of patients in the previous month, (noting April's admissions levels were the highest level recorded since July 2018 (97))
- 10 of the 68 stroke patients, 14.7%, were admitted to the stroke units within 4 hours
- 46.4% of patients received a CT scan within an hour of presenting in ED and likewise, 46.4% of stroke patients who required admission were assessed by a stroke specialist within 24 hours.

2.2.3 Planned Care & Cancer Care:

The position at the end of May is shown in the scorecard, noting:

- 14,183 patients have been waiting over a year for a first outpatient attendance (April - 14,317)
- 5,567 patients have been waiting over 2 years for treatment (April - 5,855)
- 15,726 patients have been waiting over 8 weeks for a diagnostic procedure, an almost static position from the previous month (April - 15,727)
- 1,349 patients have been waiting over 14 weeks for therapy (April - 1,173)

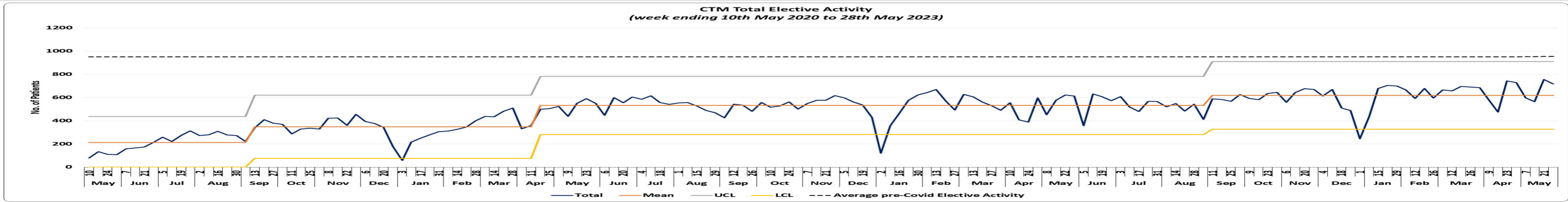
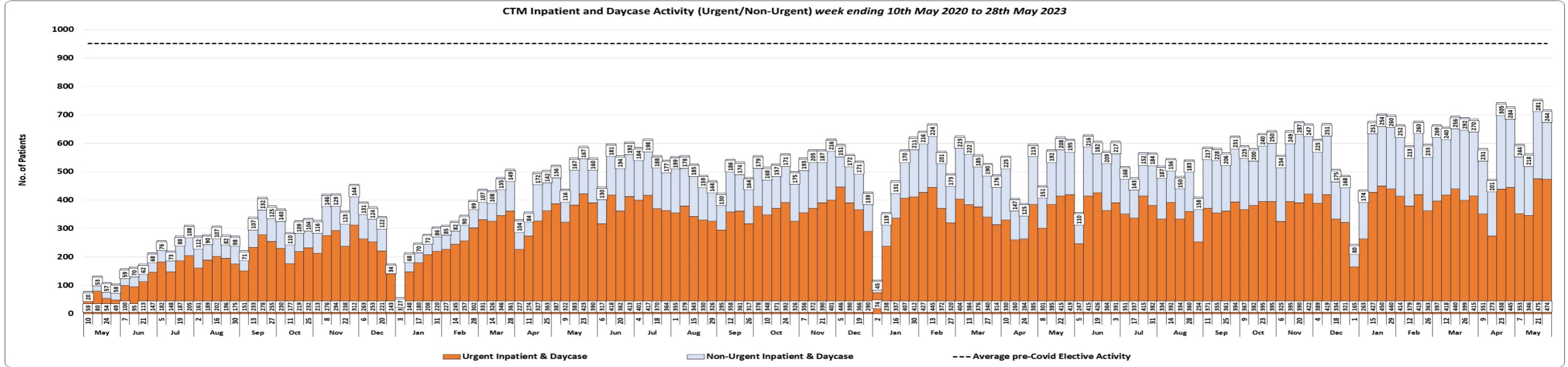


- 742 patients have been waiting in excess of 62 days on an urgent suspected cancer pathway (April - 640)

Please note that the following scorecard is in development and trajectory data will be revised in future iterations of this report:

2023/24 National Performance Trajectory			
Measure	Performance Against Target	Key:	National Target Met National Target Failed - - - Trajectory — Actual
Number of patients referred from primary care (optometry and General Medical Practitioners) into secondary care Ophthalmology services	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of reduction by March 2024	1,500 1,400 1,300 1,200 1,100	
	Current Period 1,369	Trajectory Actual	Mar 1,234 1,303 1,303 1,303 1,303 1,303 1,303 1,303 1,303 1,303 1,303 1,303 1,303 Apr 1,456 1,401 1,384
Number of patients waiting over 52 weeks for a new outpatient appointment	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of zero by June 2023	25,000 20,000 15,000 10,000 5,000	
	Current Period 14,467	Trajectory Actual	Mar 14,017 19,704 18,010 16,317 14,475 12,628 11,271 9,974 8,699 7,424 6,247 5,199 4,187 Apr 14,017 14,317 14,183
Number of patients waiting more than 36 weeks for a new outpatient appointment	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of zero by March 2024	35,000 30,000 25,000 20,000 15,000 10,000 5,000	
	Current Period 29,187	Trajectory Actual	Mar 23,569 28,693 27,055 25,376 24,522 23,606 22,691 21,766 20,856 19,879 18,903 18,029 17,156 Apr 23,569 23,741 23,318
Number of patients waiting more than 104 weeks for treatment	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of zero by June 2023	8,000 6,000 4,000 2,000	
	Current Period 6,020	Trajectory Actual	Mar 6,151 6,020 5,357 5,902 5,071 4,068 3,080 2,119 1,210 413 231 107 Apr 6,151 5,855 5,567
Number of patients waiting more than 52 weeks for treatment	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of zero by 2025	40,000 30,000 20,000 10,000	
	Current Period 29,187	Trajectory Actual	Mar 23,569 29,187 27,520 25,841 24,659 22,993 21,642 20,340 19,072 17,380 15,954 14,647 13,366 Apr 23,569 23,741 23,318
Number of patients waiting over 8 weeks for a specified diagnostic	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of zero by March 2024	16,000 15,500 15,000 14,500	
	Current Period 15,724	Trajectory Actual	Mar 15,299 15,727 15,726
Number of patients waiting over 14 weeks for a specified therapy	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of zero by March 2024	2,000 1,750 1,500 1,250 1,000	
	Current Period 1,185	Trajectory Actual	Mar 1,145 1,145 1,173 1,349
Number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatient appointment who are delayed by over 100%	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of reduction by March 2024	36,000 35,000 34,000 33,000 32,000 31,000	
	Current Period 35,795	Trajectory Actual	Mar 33,208 35,795 35,625 35,455 35,285 35,115 34,945 34,775 34,605 34,435 34,265 34,095 33,925 Apr 33,208 35,260 35,121
Number of patients waiting more than 62 days for their first definitive cancer treatment from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route)	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of reduction by March 2024	800 600 400 200	
	Current Period 640	Trajectory Actual	Mar 640 538 529 516 512 511 490 455 450 424 404 396 392 Apr 640 742
Percentage of patient starting their first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route)	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of reduction by March 2024	80.0% 60.0% 40.0% 20.0% 0.0%	
	Current Period 49.0%	Trajectory Actual	Mar 48.4% 58.3% 59.0% 60.3% 60.9% 61.3% 62.8% 64.8% 65.4% 67.2% 69.1% 69.6% 69.8% Apr 48.4% 48.6%
Number of ambulance patient handovers over 1 hour	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of zero by March 2024	1,200 1,000 800 600 400 200	
	Current Period 952	Trajectory Actual	Mar 1,094 952 397 255 357 329 407 419 465 390 351 316 Apr 1,094 952 445
Number of patients who spend 12 hours or more in all major and minor emergency care facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge	Improvement trajectory towards a national target of zero by March 2024	2,500 2,000 1,500 1,000 500	
	Current Period 1,738	Trajectory Actual	Mar 2,092 1,716 1,754 1,754 1,313 1,313 1,313 724 724 724 724 724 Apr 2,092 1,676 1,384

Activity Undertaken within Internal Hospital Capacity – Inpatient and Day Case



Greatest Volume Specialties compared to pre & intra Covid

Monthly Elective Treatment Activity compared to pre & intra Covid period						
Specialty	May-19	May-20	May-21	May-22	May-23	2023 as % 2019 (pre-Covid)
Gastroenterology	1064	173	818	889	856	80%
Orthopaedics	464	6	182	266	334	72%
Urology	403	135	299	289	329	82%
Ophthalmology	386		174	232	250	65%
General Surgery	383	13	162	196	238	62%
Gynaecology	255	47	116	150	218	85%
Ear Nose and Throat Service	246	19	108	128	159	65%
Cardiology	116	11	65	79	92	79%
Oral Surgery	78	1	40	52	72	92%
Breast Surgery	45	18	44	54	68	151%
General Medicine	6	3	3	5	45	750%
Anaesthetics	22		2	12	38	173%
Paediatrics	38		18	41		0%
Total	3506	426	2031	2393	2699	77%

How are we doing?

As per the charts above, the number of weekly elective treatments has been gradually increasing, with the average number of elective admissions for May at 659 per week, a 4% increase in the number of cases electively admitted during April.

Since the start of April 2021 to date, CTM have sent 2,810 patients to be treated at Spire and Nuffield Hospitals. Of these patients, 2,080 (on average 80 patients per month) have been treated, as detailed below:

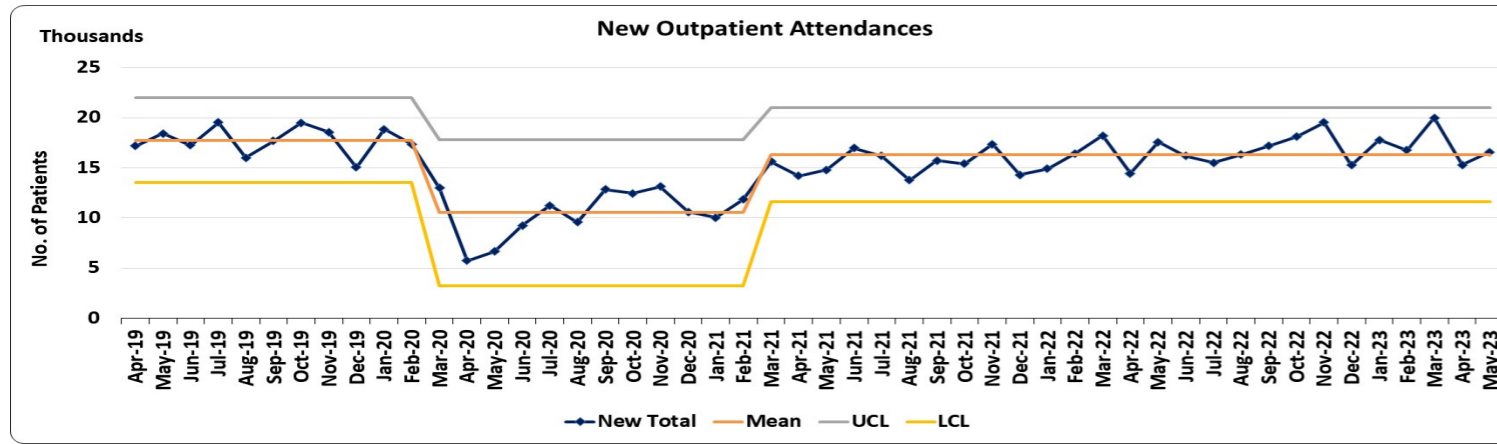
The table above compares the greatest volume specialties of elective activity compared to the average pre & intra Covid levels. Whilst continual improvement in volumes is apparent as a UHB we are delivering only 77% of the volumes that were achieved pre covid. Numerous initiatives to increase both productivity and overall volumes have started to be initiated, and are described overleaf, although some of the larger schemes, such as the interim service model for trauma, are not anticipated to commence until the end of Summer.

Outsourced Activity as at end of May 2023						
Specialty	Sent to Date	Returned	Treated to Date	Dated	Outpatient Booked	Outstanding
SPIRE - Orthopaedics	1131	157	891	70	13	0
SPIRE - Shoulders	25	10	15	0	0	0

Elective Activity continued on the next page...

Elective Activity: What actions are we taking & when is improvement anticipated?	What are the main areas of risk?
<p>Ophthalmology: CTM continue to work in partnership with C&VUHB Vanguard Programme to reduce waiting times for patients waiting for a cataract operation. Initial agreement was to send Stage 4 patients only, though since 1st April 2023 the agreement is to send New outpatient appointments referred for cataract surgical opinion. Capacity has been divided between C&V, CTM and AB Health Boards. Although the regional recruitment and funding developments are still being worked through it has been agreed to continue with the regional treatment capacity in UHW Vanguard theatres for Q2. CTM have been allocated a further 498 slots and are required to send a minimum of 83 referrals per week – this is 49% of the available capacity (36% for AB), which is aligned to the regional calculations.</p> <p>Orthopaedics: Principle efforts have focused on improving theatre productivity. These efforts have seen theatre activity at PCH increase by 52% over the last 4 months and improved levels of efficiency and a wider case mix of procedures being undertaken at Neath Port Talbot Hospital, including elective overnight arthroplasty surgery. Temporary changes to the trauma model which will greatly increase elective capacity are now being planned. To sustain the improvements, many of which have resulted from staff working overtime, changes to the workforce model are under consideration and a bed plan is being developed to increase elective inpatient bed capacity which should greatly increase productivity and enable backfill opportunities to be realised. Day case availability in PCH is being explored with regular backfill lists focusing on long waiting patients. The SBU disaggregation is likely to favorably impact the long waits with approx. 30% of the waiting list transferring to SBU on 1st July. Protected arthroplasty beds are being considered and the HB is exploring the opportunity for weekend operating once capacity is secured. The interview date for the new Shoulder Surgeon has been planned for August 2023.</p> <p>Theatre Productivity and Improvement Schemes to Maximise Utilisation: “6-4-2” scheduling continues with great success and benefit realisation. PCH service leads have introduced this scheduling, allowing the services to understand if any missed opportunities can be improved and learned from. The process continues to improve theatre and in session utilisation. Looking to utilise Text Reminder service for theatres to reduce on the day and late cancellations. At RGH the number of General Surgery, ENT, Urology and colorectal operating sessions being delivered is at or exceeds pre-Covid theatre capacity.</p> <p><i>*“6-4-2 model - in this process theatre lists start being built at 6 weeks from the day of surgery, lists are signed off at 4 weeks from the day of surgery and at 2 weeks all lists are 'locked down' (subject to only exceptional changes).</i></p> <p>The DSU at PCH is now fully operational with the additional support from insourcing theatre team.</p> <p>General Surgery: Continuing to utilise all available inpatient and day surgery theatre capacity at POW and Neath Port Talbot hospital and further theatre capacity has been provided by the insourcing team, ID Medical, which provides theatre teams. A 6 month locum consultant has recently been appointed to undertake additional operating sessions. Of the two current consultant vacancies within the Upper GI Service, one has been appointed to on a permanent basis following interviews during June, with the other being covered by a locum appointment. An additional locum surgeon has been appointed to work as an emergency surgeon and this will increase activity lost due to the consultant on-call and will enable further improvement in backlog reduction..</p> <p>ENT: Funding of the ENT service plan which will deliver the ministerial priorities for 2023/24 has recently been agreed and is in the process of being actioned.</p> <p>OMFS (Oral Maxillofacial Surgery): Interviews for the Consultant Endodontic Specialist post are scheduled for the 16th June. A paper to support a 2nd Restorative consultant has been submitted to board.</p> <p>Inpatient Bed capacity: A weekly task and finish group has been initiated to re-open Ward 16 in Princess of Wales Hospital as a 16 bedded surgical unit.</p>	<p>The organisational change process has the potential to disrupt delivery as the service is heavily dependent upon the goodwill of numerous staff to ensure opportunities to increase activity can be taken.</p> <p>There is insufficient bed capacity for elective work in order to run services efficiently and at levels comparative with national guidance. Currently POW only has 9 beds identified for elective care.,</p> <p>There are no ring-fenced inpatient beds at this time due to the challenges with flow across the system and the level of clinical risk this is causing within our ED's and Assessment Units. The lack of ring-fenced capacity continues to impact on productivity and efficiencies through DSU. In partial mitigation, all inpatient cases start off within DSU footprint and are then transferred to available inpatient bed post-operatively; a pathway that this has reduced, but not eliminated cancellations.</p> <p>The ongoing requirement to work with 2 different PAS systems within CTM is inefficient and poses the potential for patients to be removed from one system and not added to another.</p> <p>Risks relating to Day case and Theatres: Limited recovery space at POW to support low risk, high volume day case activity, though this may be mitigated with the opening of ward 16.</p> <p>Limited options to relocate diagnostic pathways from PCH DSU due to restricted treatment/recovery space.</p> <p>Previous funding has been frozen due to slow recruitment into vacant positions. A high number of vacancies remain across Theatre Practitioner groups, limiting ability to increase current scheduled activity.</p> <p>The UHB continues to use high levels of overtime to cover existing planned activity. The service is unable to recruit ODP's outside of annual streamlining recruitment every September, which presents timing constraints on programme budgeting decisions. New workforce model still awaiting approval and funding to enable theatres to be fully staffed at PCH, overarching CTM Business Case being updated to include POW and RGH. Insourcing team still in situ.</p> <p>Ophthalmology: Many of the current and long term issues stem from across site working and historical ways of working. Working with 2 different PAS systems within CTM continues to cause issues. Room space continues to be a problem across all 4 sites within CTM UHB. There remains a consultant vacancy with interviews planned for June. This will be a full time post working across the Health Board, specialising in cornea. Due to patients waiting longer than they did pre-pandemic, cataracts are more complex so in some cases restricting numbers on lists. 90% of cataract lists across the Health Board are teaching lists and this is reflected in numbers on the list. Ongoing vacancies, including a glaucoma practitioner. The optometry lead is leaving in June, this will impact on the glaucoma clinics.</p> <p>General Surgery:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Limited theatre capacity for upper GI surgery. - Limited laparoscopic equipment for certain procedures in NPTH resulting in patients being treated out of turn. - Limited consultant capacity for specialist upper limb surgery. - Disproportionate number of higher ASA grade patients on the waiting lists to acute capacity. - Significant issues with pre-operative assessment (POA) capacity that has delayed surgery for a number of long waiting patients. - Limited capacity for elective theatre lists - Pre-assessment capacity in RGH is an ongoing; barrier to moving patients through to surgery

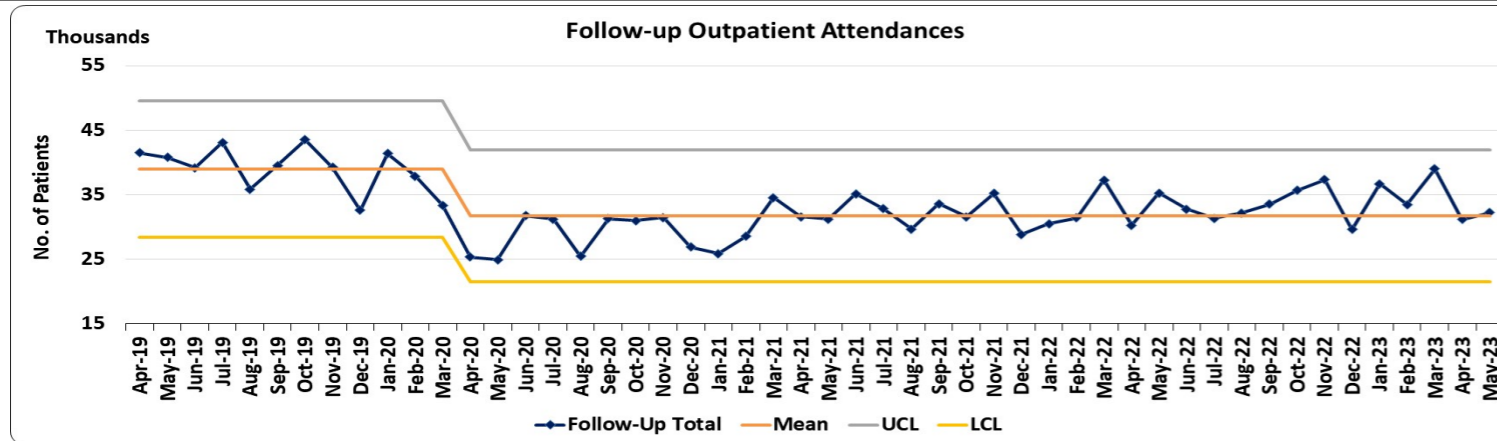
New Outpatient Attendances May 2023 – provisionally 16,564 attendances



Number of patients who have waited over 104 weeks for New Outpatient Appointment at end of May 2023 – 1,240

Specialty	31/03/2023	30/04/2023	Provisional Status at 31/05/2023	Improvement from the previous month
Ophthalmology	218	224	279	55
Urology	533	373	261	-112
Dermatology	176	202	164	-38
General Medicine	64	70	86	16
Breast Surgery	53	54	64	10
Rheumatology	27	26	30	4
Ear, Nose & Throat Service	270	132	23	-109
Gastroenterology	25	32	17	-15
Restorative Dentistry		1	9	8
Trauma & Orthopaedics	5	16	5	-11
Oral Surgery	1	2	4	2
Colorectal		2	3	1
General Surgery	68	22	3	-19
Cardiology	4	3	2	-1
Total	1444	1159	950	-209

Follow-up Outpatient Attendances April 2023 – provisionally 32,227 attendances



How are we doing?

As at the end of May 2023, there were 69,950 patients awaiting a new outpatient appointment, of which, 17,434 (25%) patients were categorised as urgent and 10,795 (15%) were ophthalmic patients who are prioritised to alternative clinical triage criteria. The total waiting list volume represents an increase of around 1% (559) on the 69,391 patients waiting at the end of the equivalent period last year.

WG had set a target of having no patients waiting over 104 weeks for a first outpatient appointment at the end of March 2023. As it currently stands, at the end of May there were 950 patients (14.5% less than in March) who have waited in excess of two years for a new outpatient appointment, as detailed in the table top right.

What actions are we taking & when is improvement anticipated?

The following actions are being taken to eliminate waits of >104 weeks:

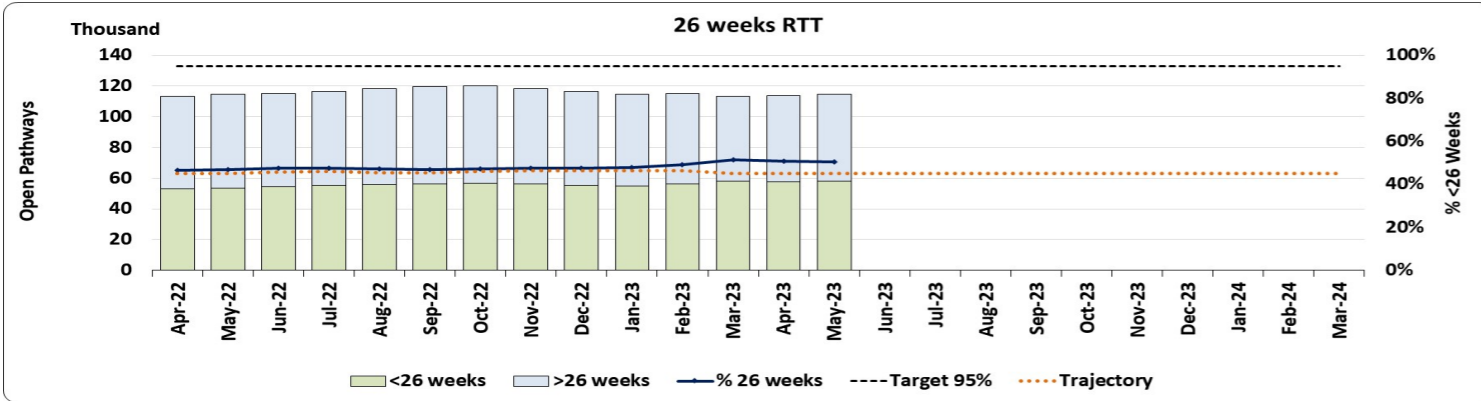
- **Outpatient utilisation and improvement programme:** initiated, focusing on clinic utilisation booking processes, standardisation & reduction of DNA's. Partial booking of all new appointments continue at PCH.
- **Prioritisation exercise:** underway to review the realised benefits of recovery schemes to inform the allocation of PCR funds for the next financial year.
- **Use of WISE for Pain Management patients:** CTM's Wellness Improvement Service (WISE) is now established as the initial intervention for Pain Management, Stage 1 referrals and for any patient coming back to us requiring treatment (Stage 4), we have set up additional backfill pain lists. Of the first cohort of 366 offered assessment, 39% (142) chose to be off-listed and the remainder (224) underwent assessment and enrolment to Wise. Next cohort of patients waiting 52 weeks and over sent. Further bid being developed to support Stage 4 and potential conversion from Stage 1.
- **Super Saturday Clinics:** reviewed across all Specialties and already undertaken in Oral Maxillofacial Surgery and Cardiology; continue to run with maximum planned activity. Conversion rates continue to be monitored.
- **Health Board wide Waiting Lists:** weekly performance meetings on a specialty, rather than locality level, allowing for whole HB focus on waiting list performance. Addressing inequity across sites e.g. General Surgery patients being transferred from RGH to PCH who have a higher rate of virtual appointments.
- **LGI:** Clerical and Clinical validation as a live weekly process. CTM wide FIT process to agree go live date.
- **Text Reminder:** Text Reminder and Broadcast Messenger gone live for Endoscopy; showing great success – the service will monitor DNA rates over the next few months. Looking to roll out same service for Pre-Assessment and Theatres to reduce on the day and late cancellations due to patient choice or unwell.
- **Urology:** Continuing to offer WLI's to reduce the patients waiting >104 for a urology appointment, though there appears to be very little uptake from a nursing perspective to support the additional activity during the week or weekend.
- **General Surgery:** The appointment of a locum consultant has allowed the service to significantly reduce the stage 1 wait over the previous 2 months, with the anticipation to be clear of 52 weeks by September 23. Currently working with the consultant body to train registrars to see new patients in clinic alongside the consultant for routine hernia cases to reduce the backlog.
- **Orthopaedics:** Ongoing validating with the appointment of a waiting list validator. Anticipated reduction in stage 1 by 30% with the SBU disaggregation.
- **ENT** continues to make sustained progress to reduce the backlog of patients waiting for a 1st OPA appointment and patients waiting over 104+ weeks will be clear by the end of June
- **Oral Surgery** Awaiting confirmation on WLI clinics offered out to the teams. The OMFS consultants have increased clinic capacity by 4 new patients. 12 restorative patients @ 104 weeks will be booked before the end of August. One clinic will be moved from UHW to PCH to support Oncology patients.

What are the main areas of risk?

- Those specialties with a high Urgent Suspected Cancer referral rate have highlighted that the capacity for referrals prioritised as routine will continue to experience long waits whilst the backlog is addressed
- **Ophthalmology** - Non-continuation of high volume outsourcing in the interim of the regional Programme. Recurrent demand outweighs capacity.
- **Urology** - Cancer demand is greater than core clinical capacity.
- **Breast** - Progress continues to be affected by capacity being prioritised for cancer provision. However, a plan has been submitted with approval pending to reduce the RTT cohort with up to 80 additional slots to support clearance of 104+ by end of June 23
- **Colorectal and General Surgery** - Limited outpatient capacity for the locum consultant.
- **Orthopaedics** – Upper limb deficit in D&C due to only having one surgeon in POW. Interviews for a consultant orthopaedic surgeon with an interest in Shoulders are taking place in June.

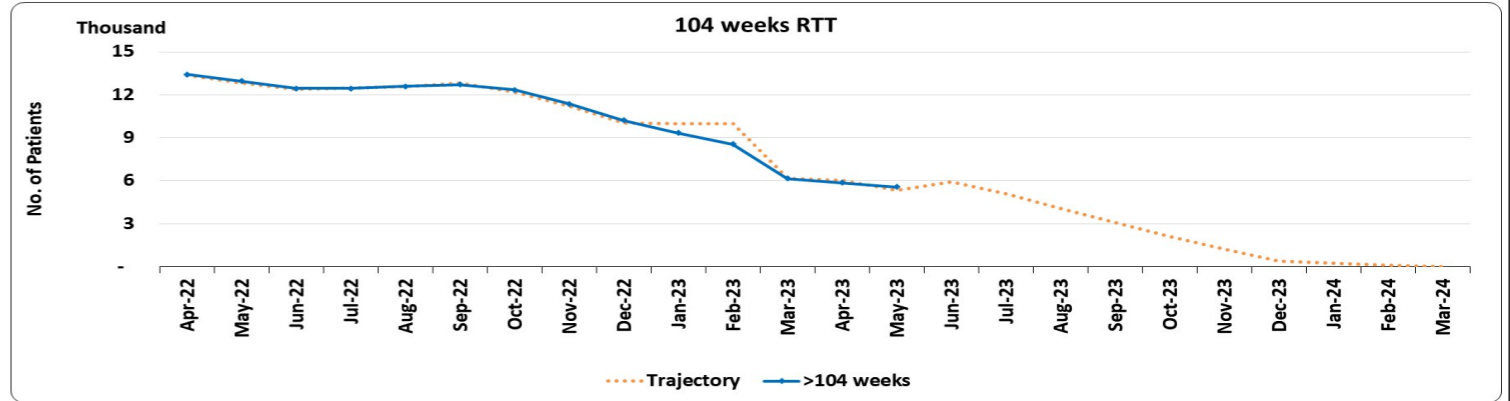
Referral to Treatment Times (RTT) – May 2023 (Provisional Position) – Total Open Pathways 114,768

% of patients waiting less than **26 weeks RTT (50.5%)** – Target is Improvement Trajectory towards a national target of 95% by 2026



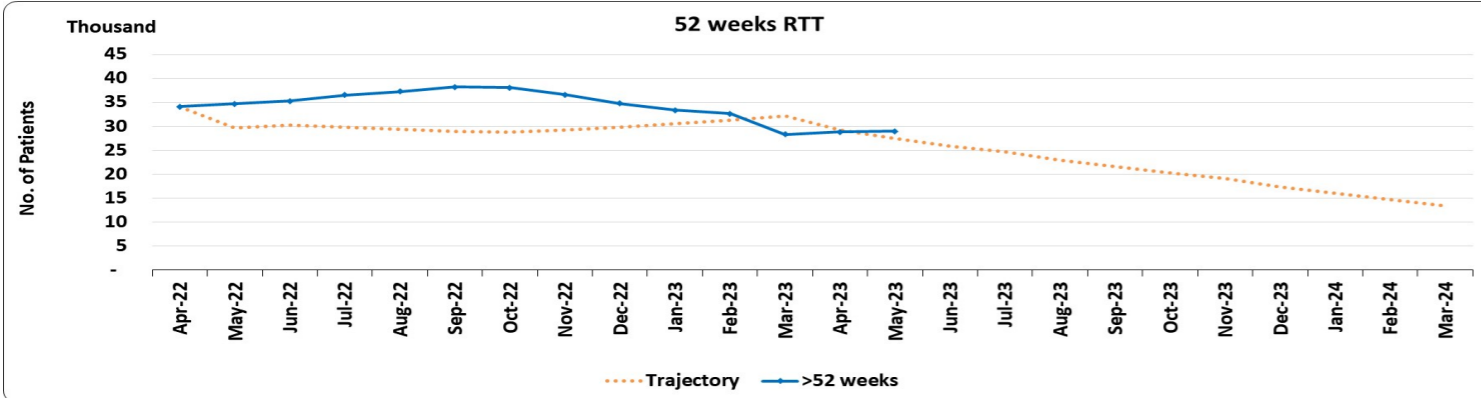
The 26 week position performance for May across Cwm Taf Morgannwg is 50.5%. Given the long waiting times, this statistic should be considered more as an indicator of our ability to treat in turn and our urgency rates, as opposed to a definitive indicator of progress in improving access.

Number of patients waiting **>104 weeks (5,567)** - Target is Improvement Trajectory towards a national target of Zero by June 2023



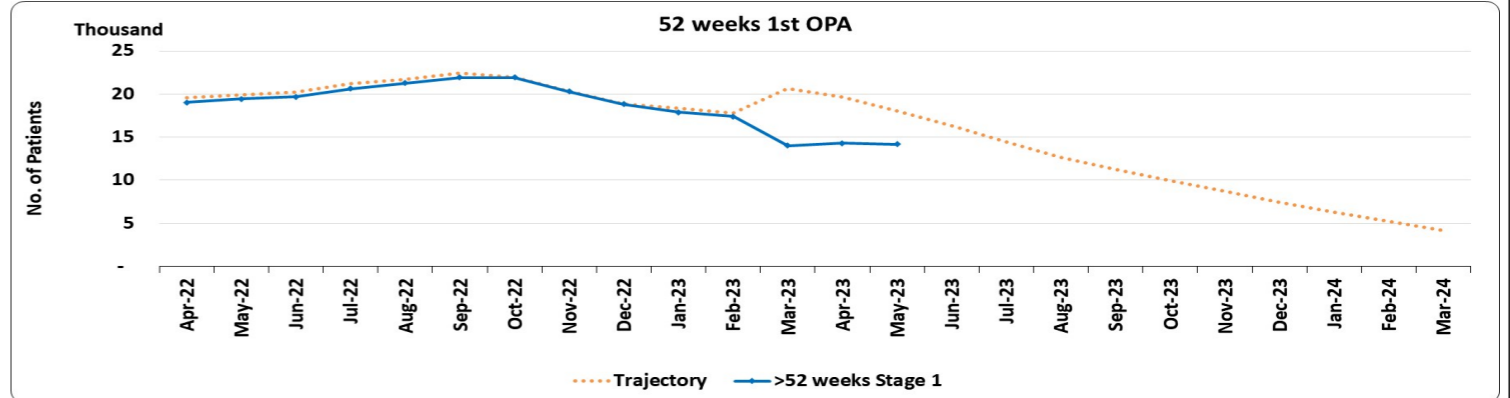
The provisional position across Cwm Taf Morgannwg for patients waiting over 104 weeks for referral to treatment at the end of May is 5,567, a reduction of 4.9% (288) from the reported April position.

Number of patients waiting **>52 weeks RTT (29,006)** – Target is Improvement Trajectory towards a national target of Zero by March 2025



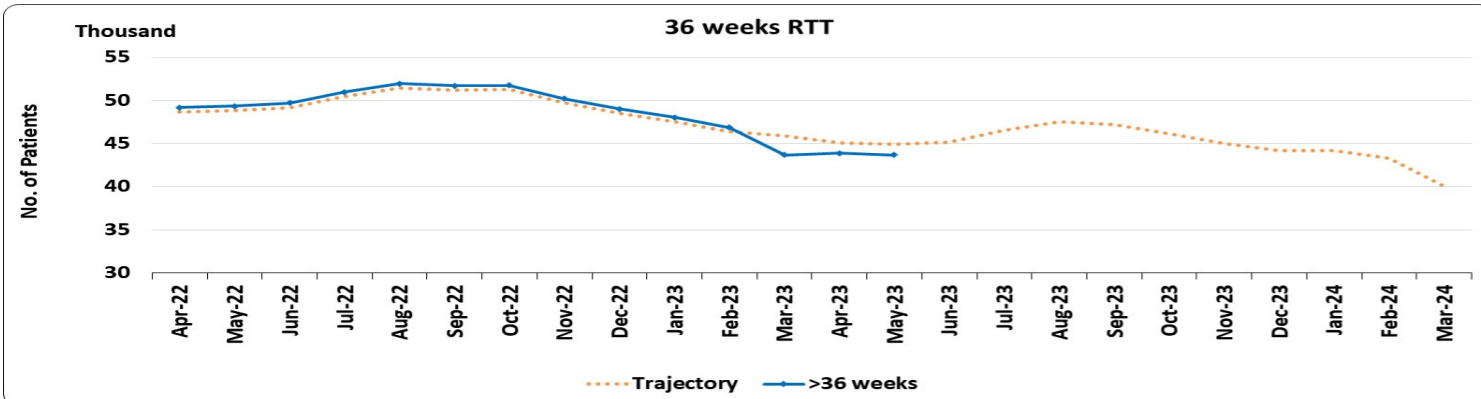
The provisional position across the Health Board for patients waiting over 52 weeks for referral to treatment at the end of May is 29,006, an increase of 0.5% (154) from the April reported position

Number of patients waiting **over 52 weeks for a new outpatient appointment (14,183)** - Target is Improvement Trajectory towards eliminating over 52 week waits by June 2023



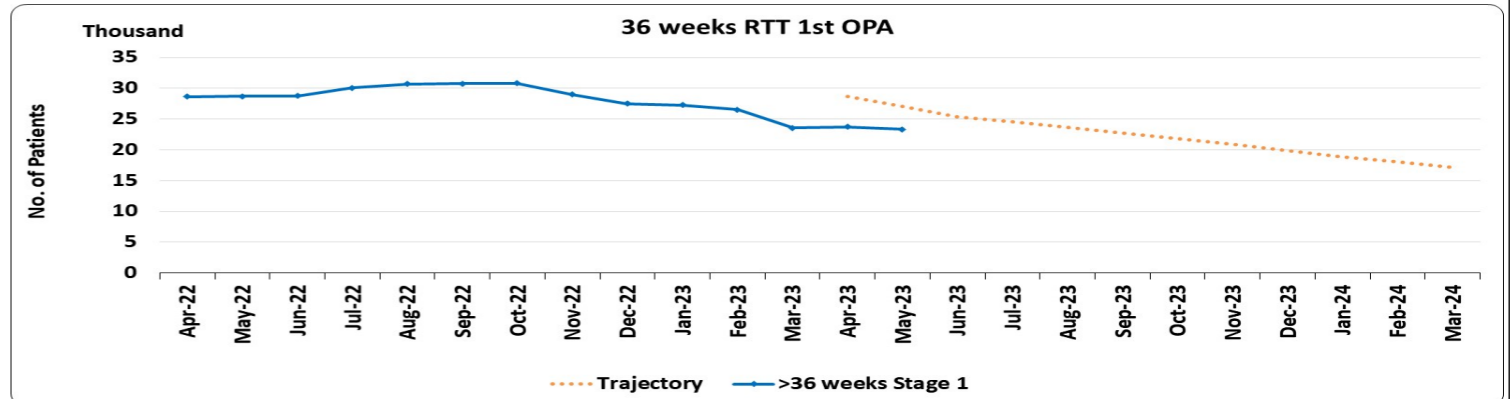
The provisional position across the Health Board for patients waiting over 52 weeks at Stage 1 (1st Outpatient Appointment) at the end of May is 14,183, a reduction of 0.9% (134) from the April reported position. The variance from the trajectory is explained by the large number of urgent patients still waiting more than 4 weeks for an appointment.

Number of patients waiting **>36 weeks RTT (43,685)** Target – Improvement Trajectory towards a national target of Zero by March 2026



The number of patients waiting over 36 weeks at the end of May, across Cwm Taf Morgannwg, is a provisional position of 43,685 patients, which is a reduction of 0.5% (199) from April (N.B. includes the 29,006 patients waiting over 52 weeks).

Number of patients waiting **over 36 weeks for a new outpatient appointment (23,318)** - Target is Improvement Trajectory towards eliminating over 36 week waits by March 2024



The provisional position across the Health Board for patients waiting over 36 weeks at Stage 1 (1st Outpatient Appointment) at the end of May is 23,318, which as it currently stands is a reduction of 1.8% (423) from the April reported position. (N.B. includes the 14,183 Stage 1 patients waiting over 52 weeks).

RTT continued on the next page...



Cont'd...Referral to Treatment Times (RTT) – May 2023 (provisional position)

Total number of open pathways per specialty - May 2023 (provisional)								
Specialty	Number of Urgent Patients		26 Weeks Compliance					Total Open Pathways
	Waiting >12 Weeks	>26 to 36 Weeks	>36 to 52 Weeks	>52 Weeks to 104 Weeks	>104 Weeks to 156 Weeks	>156 Weeks		
Anaesthetics	172	39.4%	142	224	232	54	19	1108
Cardiology	808	67.1%	756	643	235	23	9	5064
Care of the Elderly	1	100.0%	0	0	0	0	0	47
Dermatology	1486	52.2%	833	1183	1429	119	54	7568
Endocrinology	5	66.9%	67	53	0	0	0	362
Gastroenterology	1048	57.7%	455	522	607	60	15	3921
General Medicine	443	63.0%	339	351	261	84	3	2803
Nephrology	20	91.0%	15	0	0	0	0	166
Respiratory Medicine	88	70.7%	200	208	177	22	0	2074
Rheumatology	315	60.3%	200	185	193	78	21	1704
Sport and Exercise Medicine		100.0%	0	0	0	0	0	8
Thoracic Medicine	20	80.1%	72	46	16	0	0	674
Geriatric Medicine	1	100.0%	0	0	0	0	0	36
Diagnostics		52.5%	1003	932	1991	545	8	9439
Therapies		76.4%	253	283	57	3	0	2524
Ophthalmology	415	42.8%	1492	1951	4206	437	37	14211
Oral Surgery	658	58.0%	575	413	311	53	9	3243
Orthodontics	64	78.0%	38	25	2	0	0	296
Restorative Dentistry	26	34.2%	23	12	60	9	0	158
Ear, Nose & Throat Service	759	44.4%	1214	1471	3502	370	332	12397
Gynaecology	958	55.1%	1060	1040	1106	265	268	8320
Paediatrics	157	79.7%	357	179	18	0	0	2730
Haematology (Clinical)	12	91.1%	21	0	0	0	0	237
General Surgery	691	43.4%	1006	1160	2393	384	163	9019
Orthopaedics	1922	38.8%	1592	2267	3693	703	272	13939
Urology	942	44.9%	740	789	1814	606	273	7660
Breast Surgery	380	45.9%	163	178	330	88	4	1411
Colorectal	649	45.1%	457	564	806	142	35	3649
Total	12040	50.5%	13073	14679	23439	4045	1522	114768

How are we doing?

General Surgery: 37 patients awaiting over 156 weeks, 108 patients waiting over 104 weeks and 494 waiting over 52 weeks. Maximising all planned theatre lists to clear stage 4, >156 and >104 weeks. Increased backfill plus weekend working to target inpatient cases.

Orthopaedics: 180 patients currently waiting over 156 weeks, 187 waiting over 104 weeks and 965 patients waiting over 52 weeks.

What actions are we taking & when is improvement anticipated?

General Surgery: Validation of the waiting list is ongoing. The appointment of a locum consultant has increased operating and outpatient capacity. Working with colleagues in diagnostics to support the stage 2 waiting list to get a definitive plan for patients.

Orthopaedics: Ongoing waiting list validating with the appointment of a waiting list validator resulting in significant improvements at stages 2 and 3. Increasing inpatient activity by utilising other HB sites. Securing a ring fenced elective arthroplasty ward to allow the increase in arthroplasty surgery in POW and potentially weekend operating. Anticipated for July/August.

What are the main areas of risk?

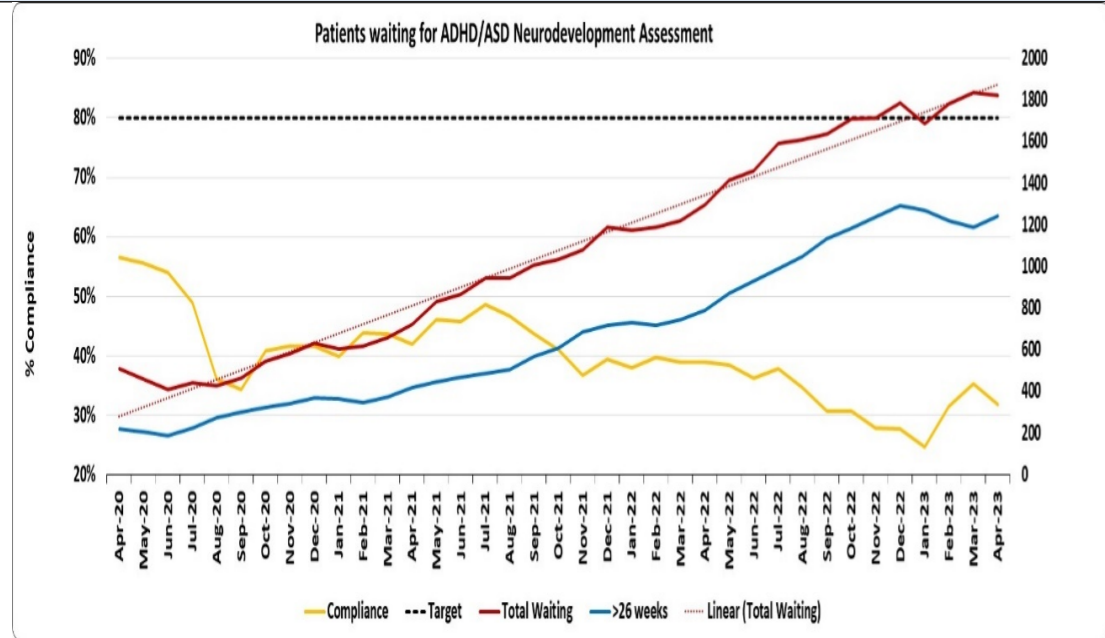
There are sizeable backlogs of urgent patients which will impact on how quickly efforts to reduce the routine backlog. The trajectories assumes that these will be cleared prior to the routines, and as such comparison with the trajectories may be misleading.

Ophthalmology, Breast and Orthopaedics remain areas of risk from a pure volume perspective.

General Surgery: Limited operating capacity. Limited capacity in POW. Significant delays to diagnostics with some areas not seeing routine patients.

Orthopaedics: Limited inpatient capacity. Limited on theatre capacity. High number of ASA 3 and 4 patients on the T&O waiting list needing admission to an acute site with increased LoS.

% of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start an ADHD/ASD Neurodevelopment Assessment (31.9%) -Target 80%



How are we doing?

Although a minor improvement in performance from February 2023 is observed, the chart to the left highlights that there has been a significant deterioration in the compliance over the last three years against the 26 week target for Neurodevelopment services, with compliance at 31.9% for April and continuing to remain well below the target threshold of 80%.

Short term funding has meant that we have been able to deliver WLIs so that no children will be waiting >104 weeks for an assessment. Currently there are 688 patients to be seen before end of March 2024 before reaching 104 weeks. Core capacity will provide 320 and the remainder will need to be seen via WLI to prevent 104 week breach by end of March.

What actions are we taking & when is improvement anticipated?

Children & Families are looking to utilise the £100k ND IP resource for waiting list reduction.

The ND improvement programme is looking at service redesign, spanning early intervention, assessment, education and transition. Recognising the complexities in order to reach across the different partners and communities across the health board.

In addition, scoping work is being progressed to assess the demand, capacity and design of ND services.

What are the risks?

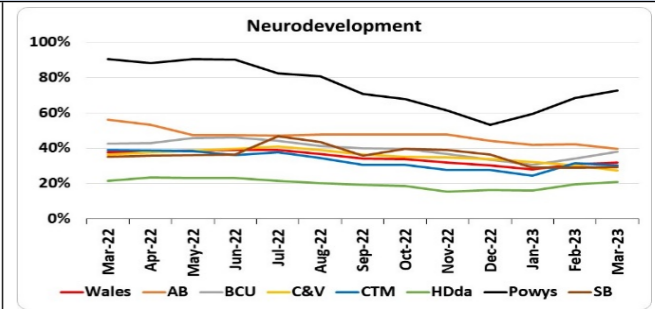
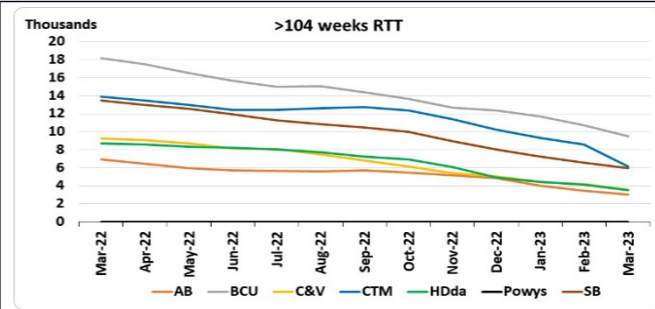
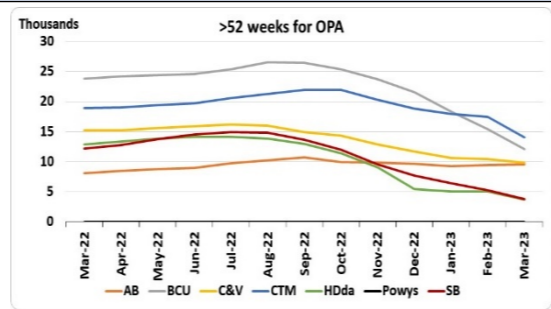
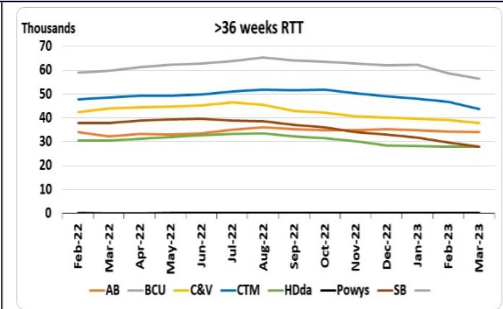
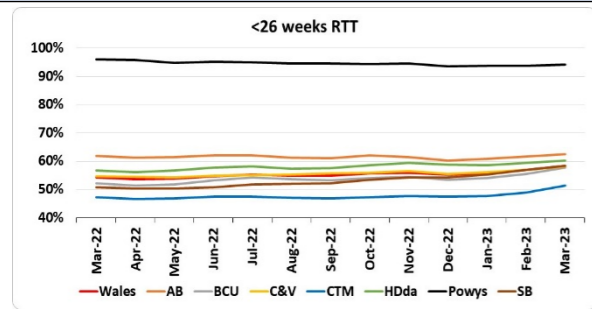
Demand outstrips capacity. A better understanding is needed of what is currently offered by the third sector and wider community services and what gaps exist.

Resource constraints on multidisciplinary provision that lead to assessment outcomes.

Identifying constraints that are impacting on the ability to deliver timely services.

Reliance on short term funding does not provide a longer term solution, hence services are being reviewed with partners

How do we compare with our peers?



Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
Powys	94.3%	1st
AB	62.5%	2nd
HDda	60.2%	3rd
SB	58.4%	4th
C&V	58.2%	5th
BCU	57.9%	6th
CTM	51.3%	7th

Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
Powys	110	1st
HDda	27,973	2nd
SB	27,977	3rd
AB	33,997	4th
C&V	37,897	5th
CTM	43,674	6th
BCU	56,339	7th

Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
Powys	1	1st
HDda	3,715	2nd
SB	3,751	3rd
AB	9,552	4th
C&V	9,799	5th
BCU	12,090	6th
CTM	14,017	7th

Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
Powys	0	1st
AB	3,030	2nd
HDda	3,495	3rd
C&V	3,601	4th
SB	5,934	5th
CTM	6,151	6th
BCU	9,515	7th

Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
Powys	72.7%	1st
AB	39.7%	2nd
BCU	38.2%	3rd
CTM	30.4%	4th
SB	29.5%	5th
C&V	27.3%	6th
HDda	20.9%	7th



Diagnostics & Therapies – May 2023 (Provisional Position)

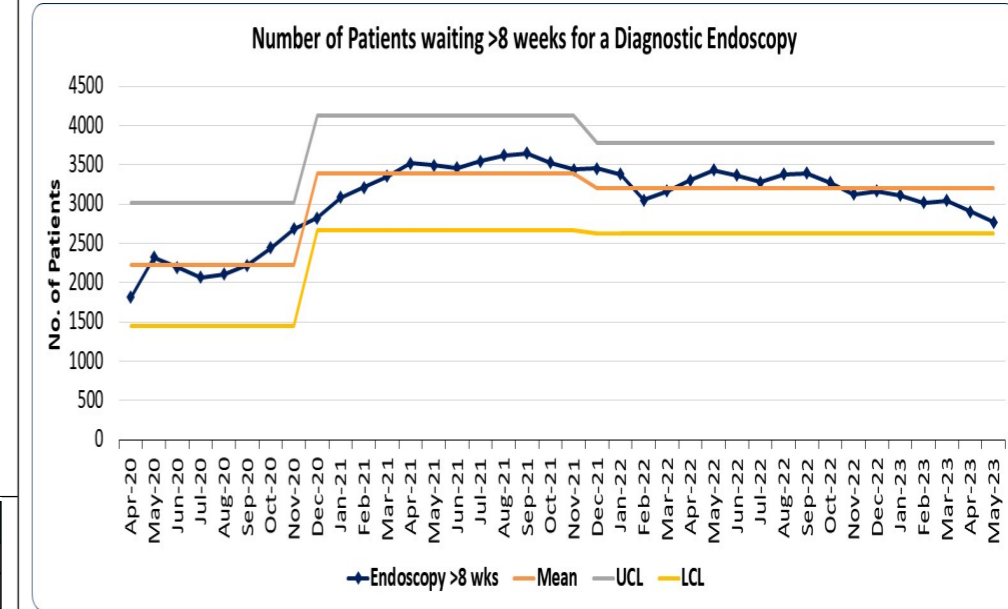
Number of patients waiting >8 weeks for Diagnostics
Target - 12 month reduction trend towards Zero by spring 2024
Total >8 weeks 15,726

Number of patients waiting >14 weeks for Therapies
Target - 12 month reduction trend towards Zero by spring 2024
Total >14 weeks 1,349

Number of patients waiting >8 weeks for Diagnostic Endoscopy
Target - Improvement Trajectory towards target of Zero by March
Total >8 weeks 2,774

CTMUHB - Number of Patients waiting more than 8 Weeks for a Diagnostic Test		
Cardiology	Echo Cardiogram	640
Cardiology Services	Cardiac CT	2
	Cardiac MRI	7
	Diagnostic Angiography	83
	Stress Test	41
	DSE	49
	TOE	4
	Heart Rhythm Recording	124
	B.P. Monitoring	1
Bronchoscopy		5
Colonoscopy		615
Gastroscopy		734
Cystoscopy		645
Flexi Sig		775
Radiology	Non-Cardiac CT	671
	Non Cardiac MRI	1631
	NOUS	8908
	Non-Cardiac Nuclear	60
Imaging	Fluoroscopy	83
Physiological Measurement	Urodynamics	117
Neurophysiology	EMG	240
	NCS	291
Total		15726

CTMUHB - Number of Patients waiting more than 14 Weeks for a Therapy	
Arts Therapy	1
Audiology	5
Dietetics	1130
Occupational Therapy	37
Physiotherapy	1
Podiatry	0
Speech & Language	175
Total	1349



Diagnostics	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar
2022/23	15,437	15,579	15,363	15,080	15,315	15,570	15,547	15,651	15,886	16,114	15,294	15,299
2023/24	15,727	15,726										

Therapies	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar
2022/23	1,019	1,370	1,265	1,570	1,795	1,589	1,615	1,452	1,474	1,284	1,175	1,145
2023/24	1,173	1,349										

How are we doing?

Diagnostics: At the end of May, 15,726 patients had been waiting in excess of 8 weeks for a diagnostic procedure, which as it currently stands is an almost static position on the number of patients waiting over 8 weeks that was reported at the end of April.

Endoscopy observed a further improvement of 4.4% in the number patients waiting in excess of eight weeks (128 patients) although the number of patients currently breaching the target now stands at 2,774.

The NOUS service continues to have the highest volume of breaching patients with 8,908 currently waiting over 8 weeks for a scan, which is an increase of 2.4% (207) patients on the reported position for April.

Therapies: There are provisionally 1,349 patients breaching the 14 week target for therapies in May, an increase of 15% (176 patients) on the reported position for April.

The Dietetic service accounts for almost 84% of the total patients waiting beyond the 14 week target for therapies.

What actions are we taking & when is improvement anticipated?

Endoscopy: Transformation Programme commenced across CTM looking at new ways of working around scheduling, productivity and efficiencies.

Electronic partial booking and text reminder service gone live with good success. The "6-4-2" model agreed and we await a "go live" date.

Weekly Task and Finish Group rolled out with key stakeholders to set priorities, actions and monitor delivery. Standardised templates commenced at PCH to be rolled out across CTM.

Bowel Screening Wales recovery plan drafted with recovery schemes, planned activity, timeframes and financial risks.

Radiology: Planned care recovery actions in place.

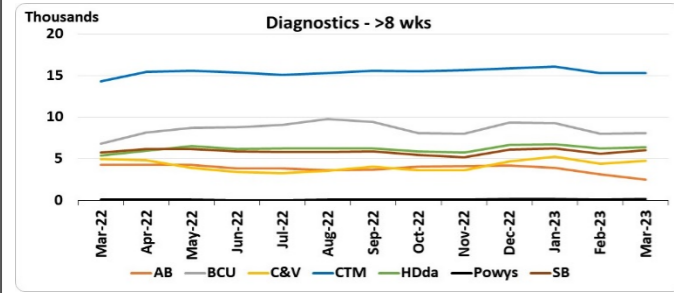
Booking through end of may and into June to additional weekends and evening for Ultrasound scanning. Trajectory discussed and agreed with team and will start seeing a steady reduction in the patients waiting over 8 weeks going forward.

Trajectories for CT and MR also reviewed and will be looking to set in place plans to potentially use more capacity on weekends after summer period.

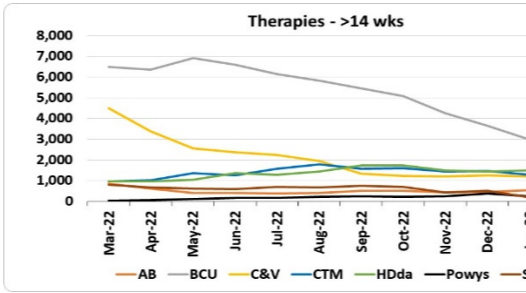
What are the main areas of risk?

- Demand and Capacity imbalance shown in most diagnostic and therapy services as demand has risen. Also CT likely to rise further with new BSW protocols for earlier screening for younger patients.
- Current sickness and vacancies within the administration teams and amongst Ultrasonographers, is reducing throughput volumes, exacerbated by a lack of Band 2 and Band 3, HCA support staff.
- Diagnostic services continue to hold a number of Consultant vacancies and remain unable to recruit.
- Endoscopy Competing Priorities – faces challenges with competing priorities with the service trying to deliver and maintain the cancer pathway, accommodate longest waiters for delivery of the RTT targets 156 & 104 weeks, hit the 8 week diagnostic target whilst reducing the backlog of overdue surveillance patients.
- Neurophysiology Services – following a recent reduction in the availability of Neurology services in CTM, capacity for Nerve Conduction Studies has been significantly reduced. This will have a direct impact on delivery for the Orthopaedic targets going forward.
- Cardio Pulmonary Service – Backlogs in CPU will continue to directly impact on the delivery of Cardiology targets.

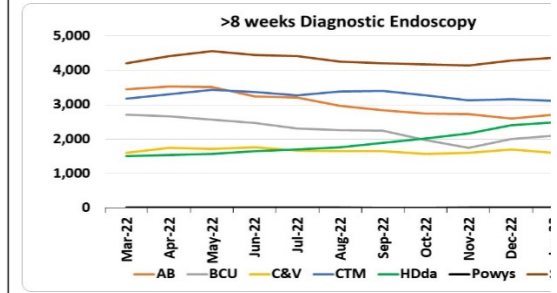
How do we compare with our peers?



Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
Powys	132	1st
AB	3,146	2nd
C&V	4,421	3rd
SB	5,645	4th
HDda	6,226	5th
BCU	8,057	6th
CTM	15,294	7th



Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
Powys	190	1st
SB	193	2nd
AB	521	3rd
C&V	953	4th
CTM	1,145	5th
HDda	1,895	6th
BCU	2,192	7th



Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
Powys	11	1st
C&V	1,563	2nd
AB	2,061	3rd
BCU	2,098	4th
HDda	2,302	5th
CTM	3,048	6th
SB	4,554	7th



Follow-up Outpatients Not Booked (FUNB) – Provisional Position May 2023

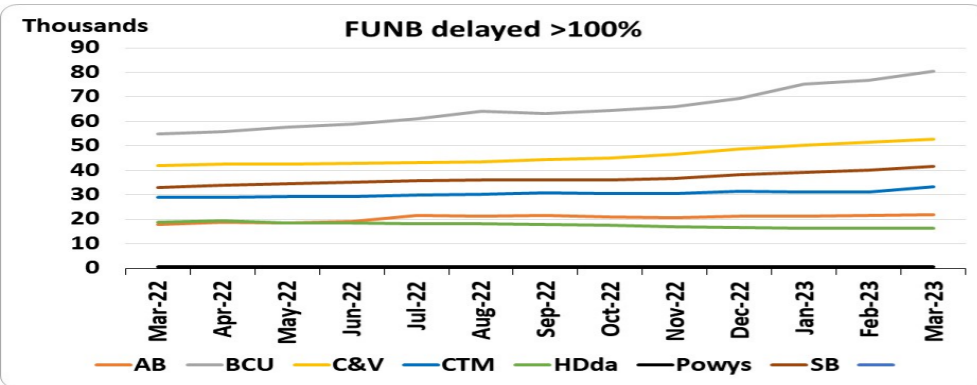
Number of patients waiting for a Follow-up with documented target date

No. of patients waiting for follow-up appointment			
No documented target date	Not Booked	Booked	Total
0	80,504	52,541	133,045

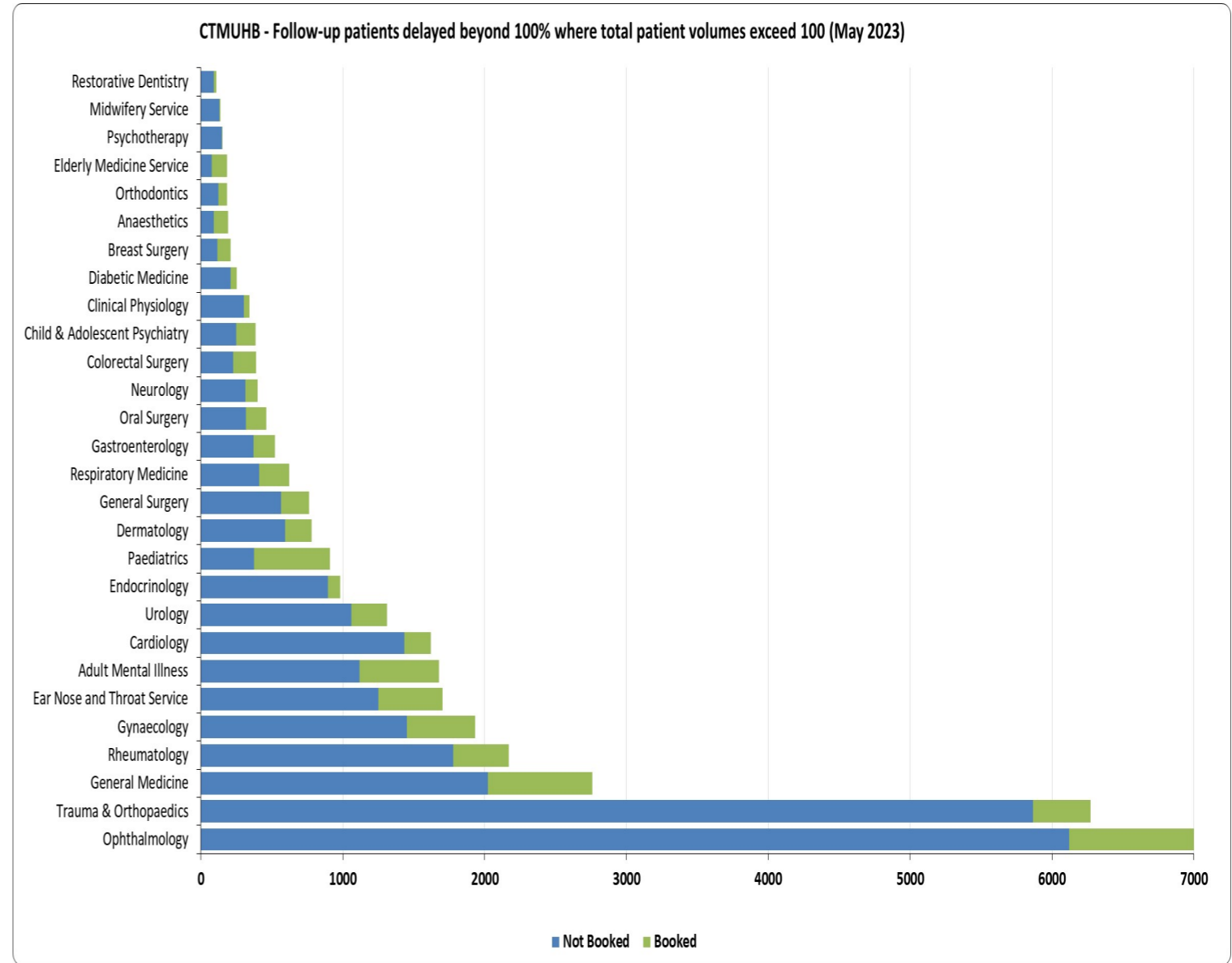
Number of patients waiting for a Follow-up delayed over 100% - Target: Improvement trajectory towards a national target of reduction by March 2024

No. of patients delayed over 100% past their target date			
Not Booked	Booked	Total	% of all follow-up appoints delayed by 100%
27,963	7,162	35,125	26.4%

How do we compare with our peers?



Status as at March 2023	
Health Board	Compliance
Powys	602
HDda	16,207
AB	21,871
CTM	33,208
SB	41,710
C&V	52,742
BCU	80,322



How are we doing?

The number of patients waiting for a follow-up appointment in Cwm Taf Morgannwg UHB, at the end of May 2023, provisionally stands at 133,045, which is an increase of 23% on the patients waiting during the equivalent period of 2022. There are currently no patients without a documented target date

Of the patients waiting, 35,125 (around 26%) have been waiting more than 100% longer than their clinician advised, representing an increase of 20% on the equivalent period last year.

Combined outpatient activity levels during May 2023 continue to be below pre-Covid levels (around 17% fewer) and 8% lower than equivalent period of 2022 (the three bank holidays during May will have an impact on activity levels), with the provisional May figures below for new and follow-up patients compared to prior the pandemic:

- Total New Patients seen: 16,564; which is a reduction of around 9% on the Pre-Covid average (19/20) of 18,186.
- Total Follow-up Patients seen: 32,227; around a 20% reduction on the Pre-Covid average (19/20) of 40,500.

What actions are we taking & when is improvement anticipated?

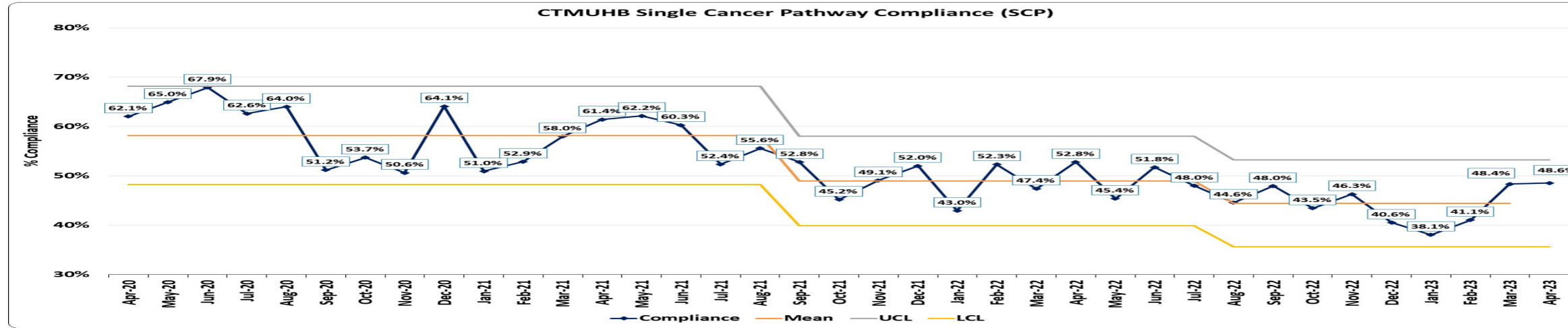
General Surgery: Ongoing validating of the FUNB list with regular consultant input. Return to normal capacity for follow up appointments.

Orthopaedics: Ongoing consultant validating of their FUNB list as significant numbers are not anticipated to require a follow up appointment. Booking of all follow ups into clinics to reduce the FUNB holding list, utilising any spare capacity. Utilise any surplus capacity from the SBU disaggregation to reduce FUNB in the interim.

What are the main areas of risk?

General Surgery: Capacity deficiency in clinics to manage new and follow up patients appropriately.

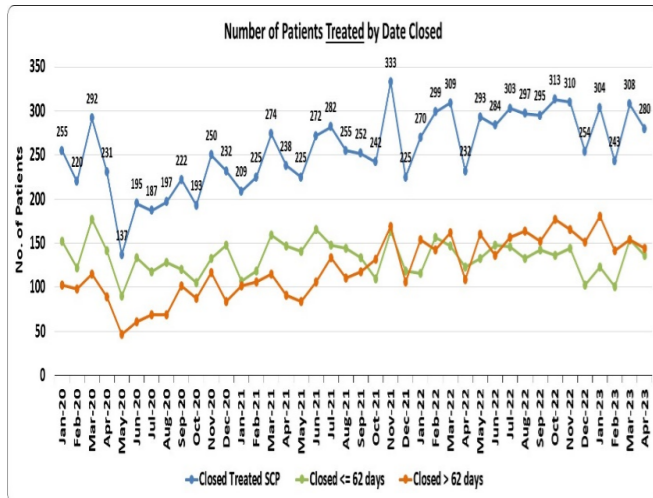
Orthopaedics: Administrative support to remove patients from the FUNB after validating.



Tumour site	Treated in Target Without Suspensions	Patient Breaches	Total Treated	% Treated in Target Without Suspensions
Head and neck	2	4	6	33.3%
Upper GI	10	12	22	45.5%
Lower GI	10	21	31	32.3%
Lung	16	15	31	51.6%
Sarcoma	1	0	1	100.0%
Skin (exc BCC)	54	13	67	80.6%
Brain/CNS	1	0	1	100.0%
Breast	15	24	39	38.5%
Gynaecological	5	7	12	41.7%
Urological	16	44	60	26.7%
Haematological	4	4	8	50.0%
Other	2	0	2	100.0%
Total	136	144	280	48.6%

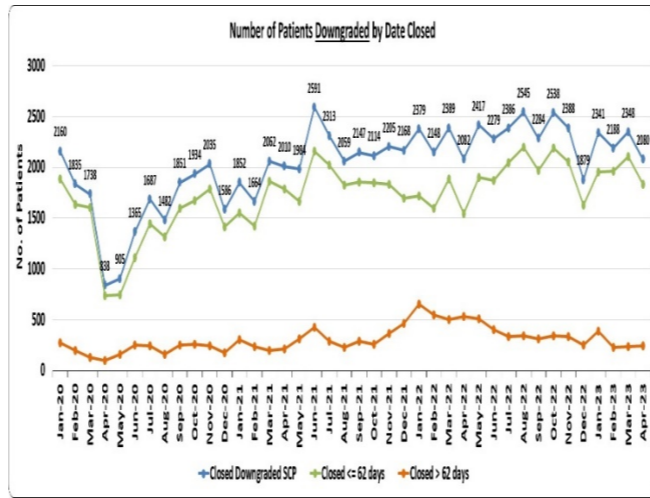
Performance for April remained almost static at 48.6%, with four of the tumour sites reaching the target threshold, as seen in the table above. Predicted compliance for May currently stands at 50.3%. Delays at first outpatient (44%) and diagnostic stage (40%) continue to be the biggest concern and significant factor for not achieving target, with 1st outpatient volumes deteriorating over the last month. Diagnostic delays remain in radiology for CTC's, endoscopy and pathology.

Patients Treated by Closed Date



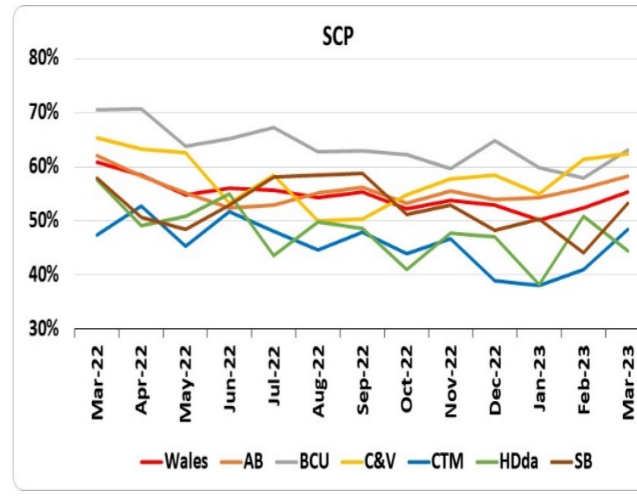
Overall cancer treatment volumes have increased marginally during the past 12 months to around 290 per month, compared to 266 in the equivalent period of the previous year. This represents an average monthly increase of 9%.

Patients Downgraded by Closed Date



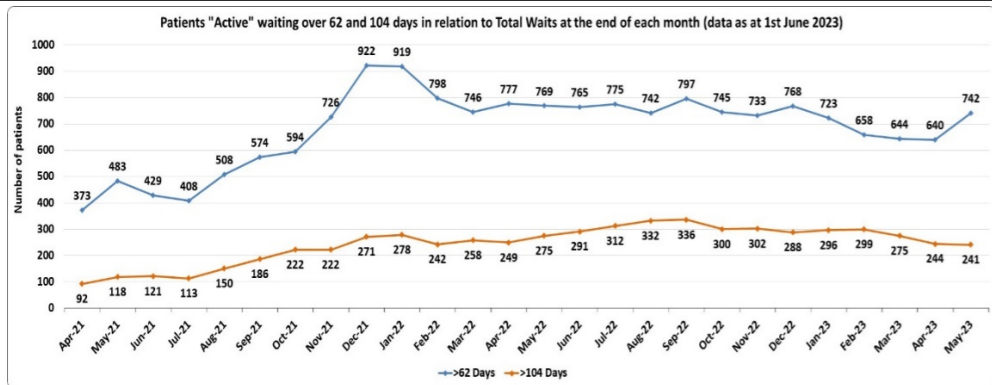
The number of patients on the SCP pathway who have been downgraded (told they do not have cancer) after having been seen at 1st Outpatient appointment or following a diagnostic test, has followed a monthly upward trend with the average for the past 12 months being 4% higher than the equivalent time span of the previous year.

How do we compare with our peers?



Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
BCU	63.1%	1st
C&V	62.5%	2nd
AB	58.2%	3rd
SB	53.2%	4th
CTM	48.4%	5th
HDda	44.5%	6th

Patients currently waiting on a Cancer Pathway and of those patients the number waiting more than 62 days



SCP Waits >62 days (data as at 1st June 2023)	>62 to 124 days	125+ days
Sarcoma	1	
Breast	20	
Brain/CNS	1	
Gynaecological	157	11
Haematological (exc acute leukaemia)	5	2
Head and neck	18	3
Lower GI	180	70
Lung	27	5
Skin (exc BCC)	28	4
Upper GI	53	15
Urological	101	33
Other	8	
Total	599	143

What actions are we taking & when is improvement anticipated?

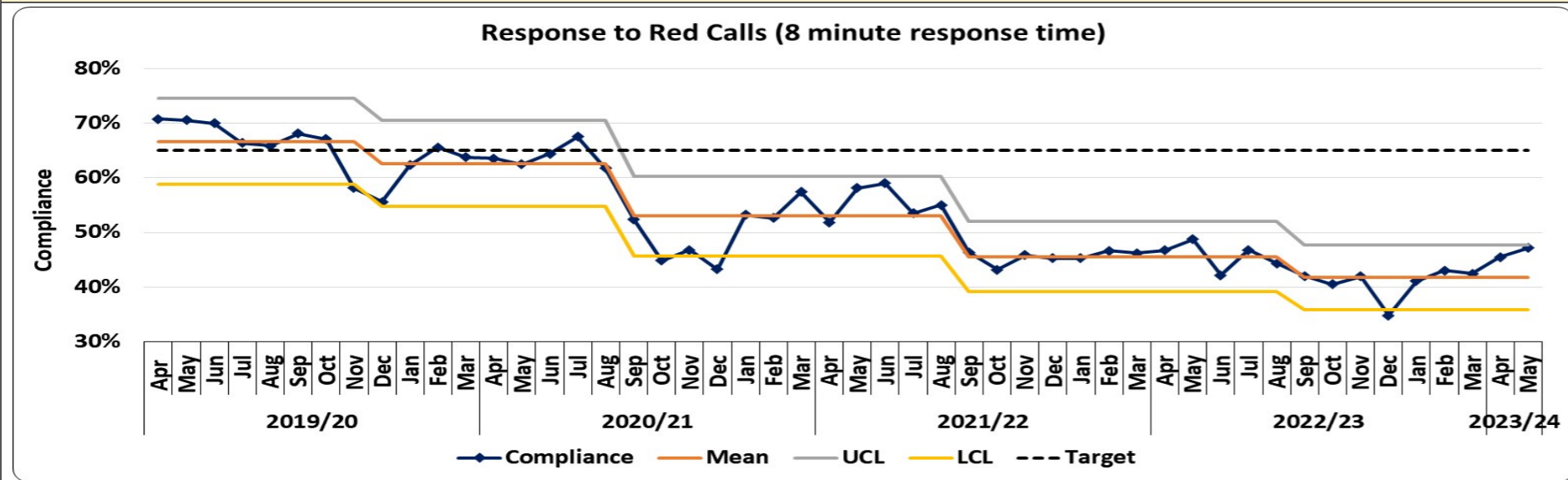
- New Breast surgeon commencing 26th June
- Improved processes and theatre utilisation of symptomatic endoscopy lists
- Merging of Urology MDT's scheduled 11th July
- FIT pathway launched 15th May
- Live Canisc replacement live in Breast & scheduled to go live in Urology from 6th June
- Urology service review completed & action plan being developed to work through recommendations
- Streamlining and standardisation of MDT and clinical lead JD's
- Shifting of trans nasal endoscopies out of endoscopy theatre once equipment received
- WLI's / super Saturdays to increase activity
- Implementation of Short, medium and long-term plan for reducing gynaecology backlog and provide sustainability of service
- Centralisation of Breast services from all three DGH sites into the Snowdrop Centre, Llantrisant Health Park planned before September
- Change to PAC process – short term plan to reduce waiting time & backlog

What are the main areas of risk?

- Performance challenges evident in all tumour sites whilst backlog clearance remains focus.
- 84% of all patients on the active SCP are at 1st outpatient or diagnostic stage
- Resources required to effectively plan and implement the Wrapper / Canisc replacement Programme.
- Delays in pathology, endoscopy continue with deterioration in SB path for POW patients
- Delays in tertiary investigations & treatments at SB, Velindre Cancer Centre and C&V.
- Bowel Screening Wales diagnostic colonoscopy
- Urology tumour site – nursing establishment
- Gynaecology tumour site
- Implementation of genomic testing for new targeted therapies
- PAC

Emergency Ambulance Services – Response to Red Calls & Red Release Requests – May 2023

Response to Red Calls - % of emergency responses to Red Calls arriving within 8 minutes (Target 65%) May 2023 – 47.2%



Immediate Vehicle Release Requests

Period	PCH			RGH			POW		
	Requests	Accepted	Compliance	Requests	Accepted	Compliance	Requests	Accepted	Compliance
Apr-22	10	7	70.0%	9	4	44.4%	8	3	37.5%
May-22	15	13	86.7%	6	5	83.3%	11	5	45.5%
Jun-22	12	11	91.7%	13	10	76.9%	23	8	34.8%
Jul-22	13	13	100.0%	10	9	90.0%	15	7	46.7%
Aug-22	9	7	77.8%	17	15	88.2%	15	4	26.7%
Sep-22	15	13	86.7%	17	14	82.4%	16	2	12.5%
Oct-22	26	26	100.0%	16	12	75.0%	15	4	26.7%
Nov-22	25	24	96.0%	19	15	78.9%	17	9	52.9%
Dec-22	30	25	83.3%	32	26	81.3%	25	1	4.0%
Jan-23	20	19	95.0%	19	13	68.4%	7	2	28.6%
Feb-23	8	8	100.0%	10	9	90.0%	3	3	100.0%
Mar-23	14	14	100.0%	11	10	90.9%	12	11	91.7%
Apr-23	15	15	100.0%	7	3	42.9%	3	3	100.0%
May-23	2	2	100.0%	2	2	100.0%	1	1	100.0%

How are we doing?

Response to Red Calls: Response times to life-threatening calls further improved to 47.2% in May as did the National compliance, improving to 54.4%. The minimum expected standard is for 65% of Red Calls to be responded to within 8 minutes.

The volume of Red Calls during May totalled 606 for the CTM area, a similar volume to the 12 month average of 602 per month, but is over 16% higher than the equivalent period of 2022.

Immediate Release Requests (shown above right): received when a WAST crew, which is currently with a patient at hospital, needs to be released to respond to an urgent call, amounted to 5 during May*. The ED services were able to support affirmatively all of those requests. The Ministerial requirement is for all red release requests to be supported.

*Please note that data for May 2023 is provisional and may be subject to change in future iterations of this report.

What actions are we taking & when is improvement anticipated?

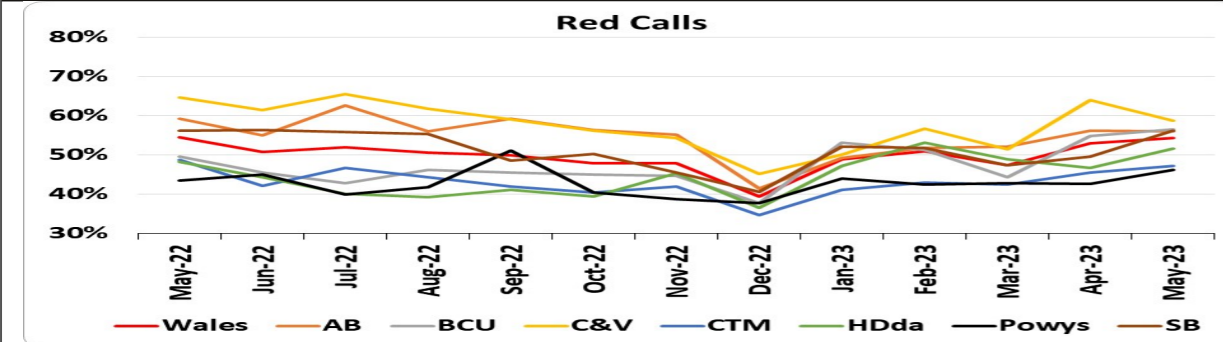
- Trajectories agreed
- Weekly data v improvement “deep dive” against trajectories
- Weekly performance/assurance meetings in place
- Navigation Hub increased utilisation
- Pan CTM - Immediate response and Pre-emptive transfer procedures reviewed
- Pan CTM Emergency Pressure Escalation Procedure review complete – plan launch
- Robust out of hours and weekend planning process in place
- Update Safe to Start process pan CTM
- Unscheduled Care Senior leadership team proactively engaged and leading programme for improvement
- Fortnightly Silver operational meetings between CTM and WAST established

What are the main areas of risk?

A number of Winter schemes (funded and unfunded) that were due to cease on the 31 March 2023, have been extended. This includes an additional D2RA Ward at the Princess of Wales Hospital Site and the GP assessment area at Prince Charles Hospital.

These schemes are currently supporting our ability to manage risk. This risk sits across a number of Care Groups.

How do we compare with our peers?



Status as at May 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
C&V	58.8%	1st
BCU	56.5%	2nd
SB	56.3%	3rd
AB	56.1%	4th
HDda	51.7%	5th
CTM	47.2%	6th
Powys	46.2%	7th



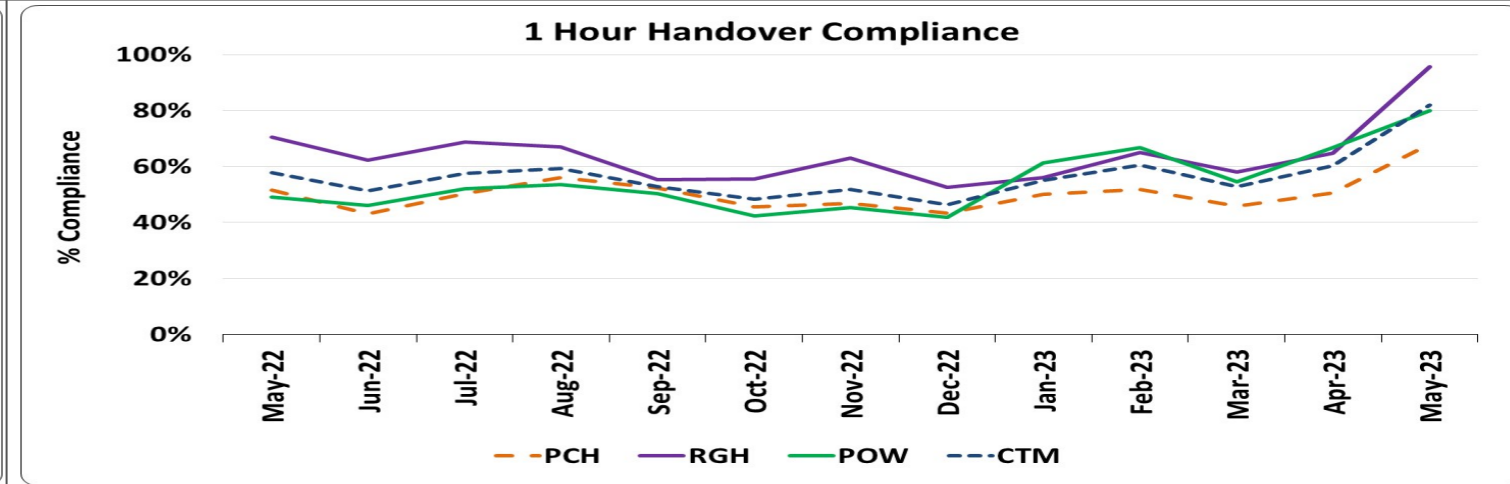
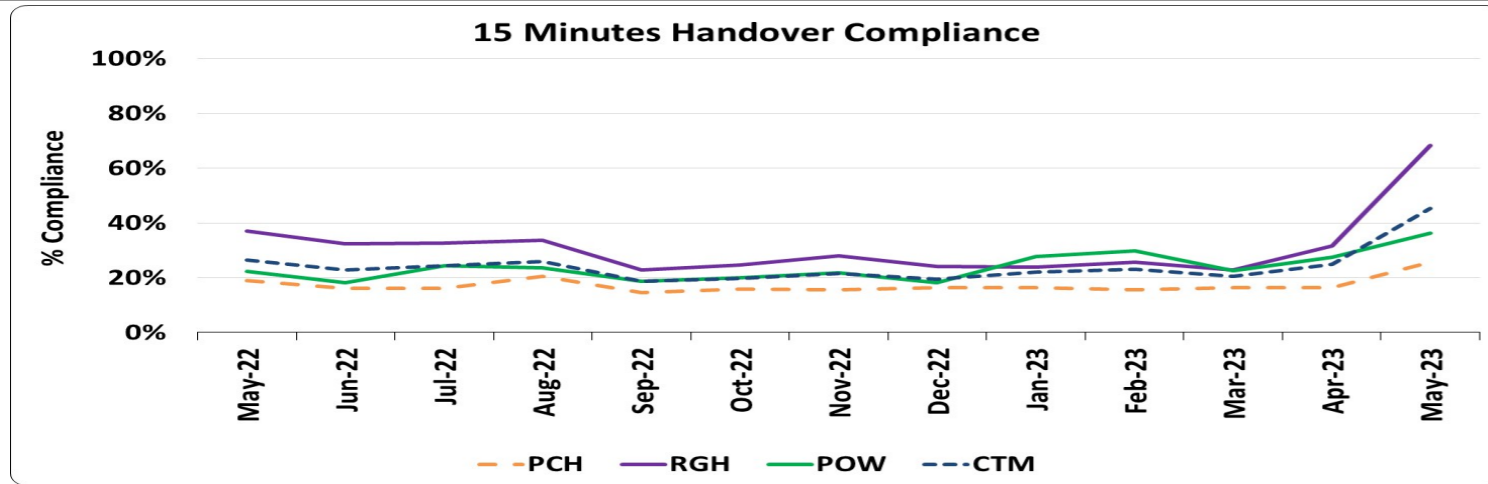
Emergency Ambulance Services - Handover Compliance – May 2023

Number of ambulance handovers within 15 minutes – Target Improvement

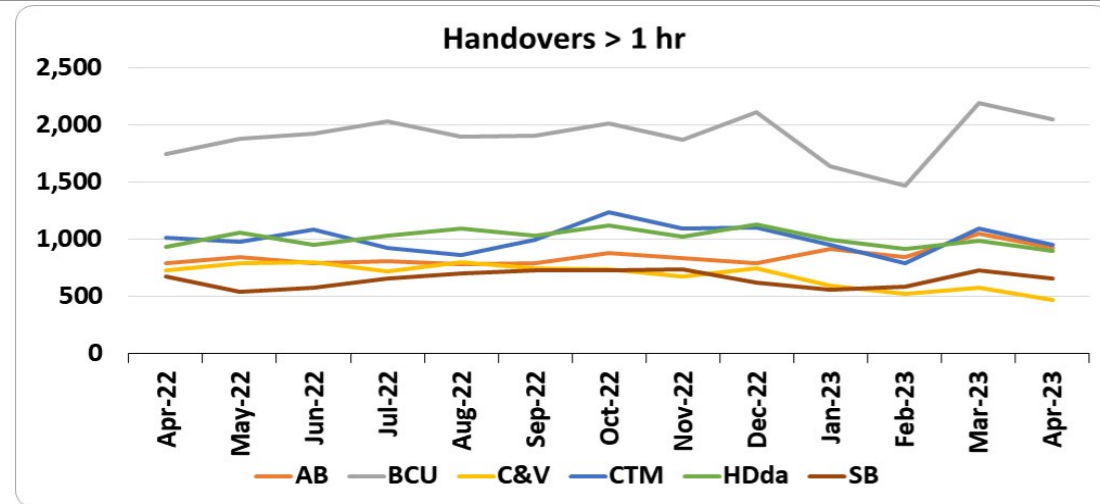
Number of ambulance handovers over 1 hour – Target Zero

Total handovers 2,471 of which 1,117 handovers were within 15 minutes (45.2%)

445 handovers were over 1 hour (82.0% of handovers were within 1 hour)

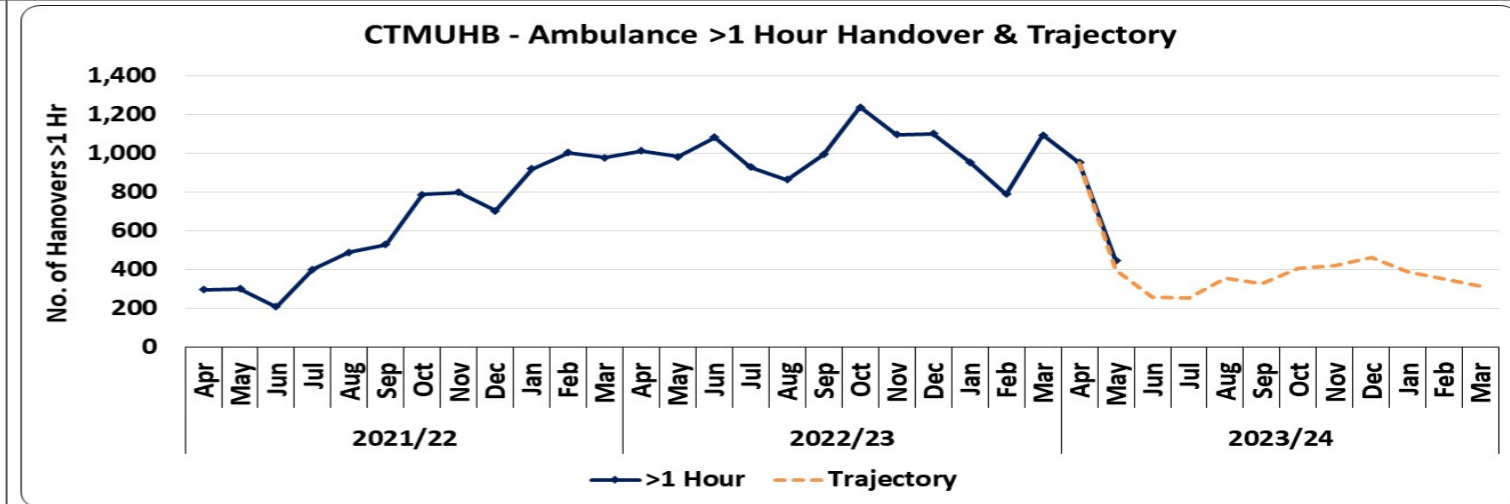


How do we compare with our peers?



Status as at April 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
C&V	469	1st
SB	659	2nd
HDda	901	3rd
AB	925	4th
CTM	952	5th
BCU	2,048	6th

Reduce >1 Hour Ambulance Handover Trajectory



How are we doing?

During May 2023, compliance for both the 15 minute and one hour handover times saw a marked improvement with performance at 45.2% and 82.0% respectively, although, there remained 445 patients who breached the one hour zero tolerance set by WG.

Compared to April, the volume of handovers were around 3.6% higher (on average 2 patients more per day), bringing the total number of ambulance conveyances to our major emergency departments to 2,471, which is 11% higher than the 12 month average of 2,222 per month.

The current volume is also 3.6% higher than the volume seen in the comparable period of 2022.

What actions are we taking & when is improvement anticipated?

As per the actions on the previous page with:

- Focused improvement programme to reduce Ambulance Handover delays “go live” at Royal Glamorgan hospital – 28 April 2023 with roll out to Princess of Wales Hospital and Prince Charles Hospital
- Ambulance Handover Escalation Card in place

What are the main areas of risk?

System flow remains highly impacted by capacity within social care.



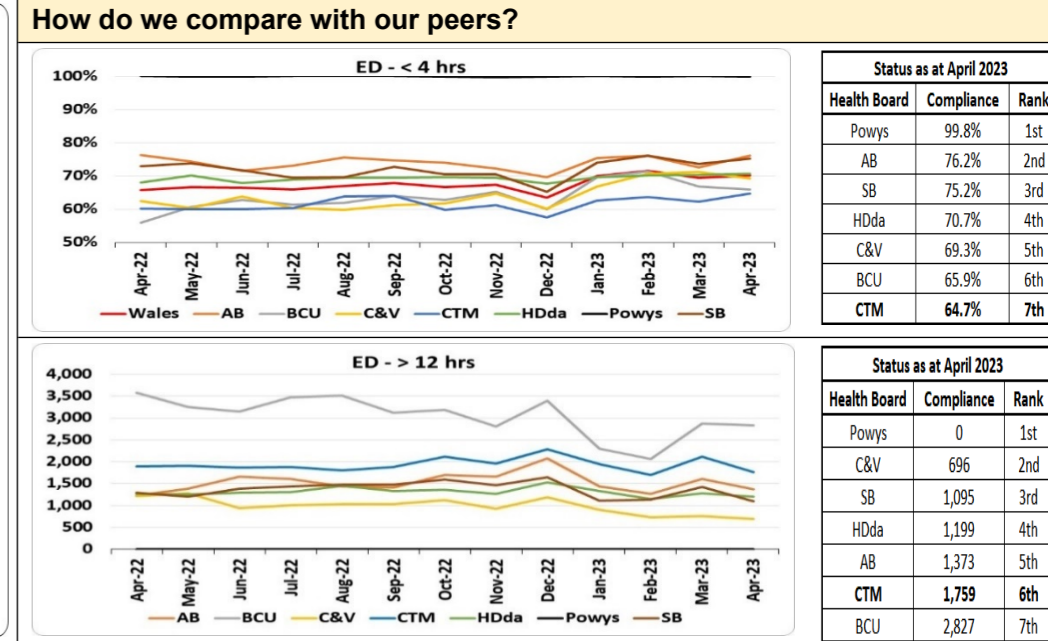
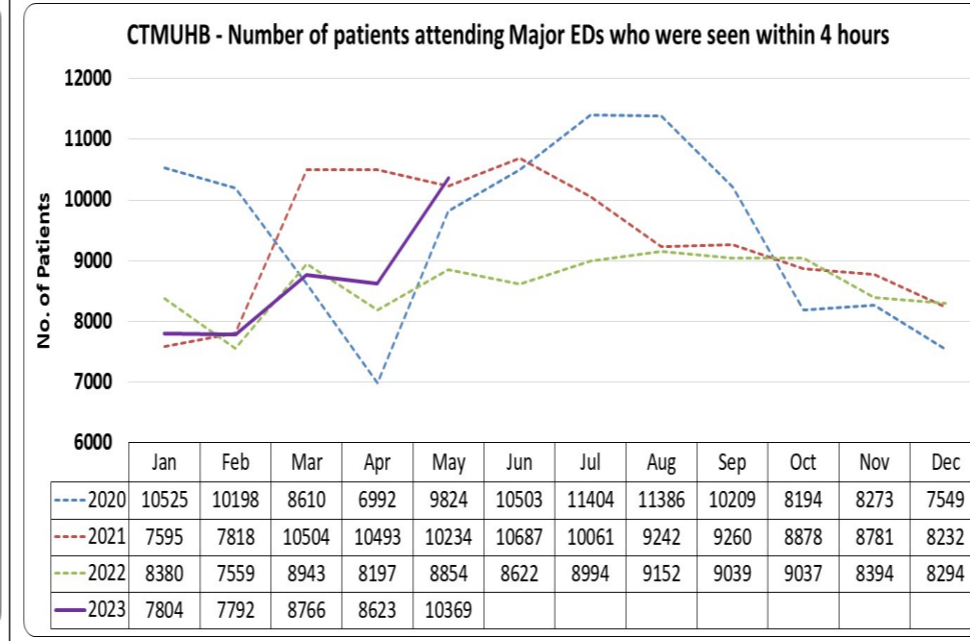
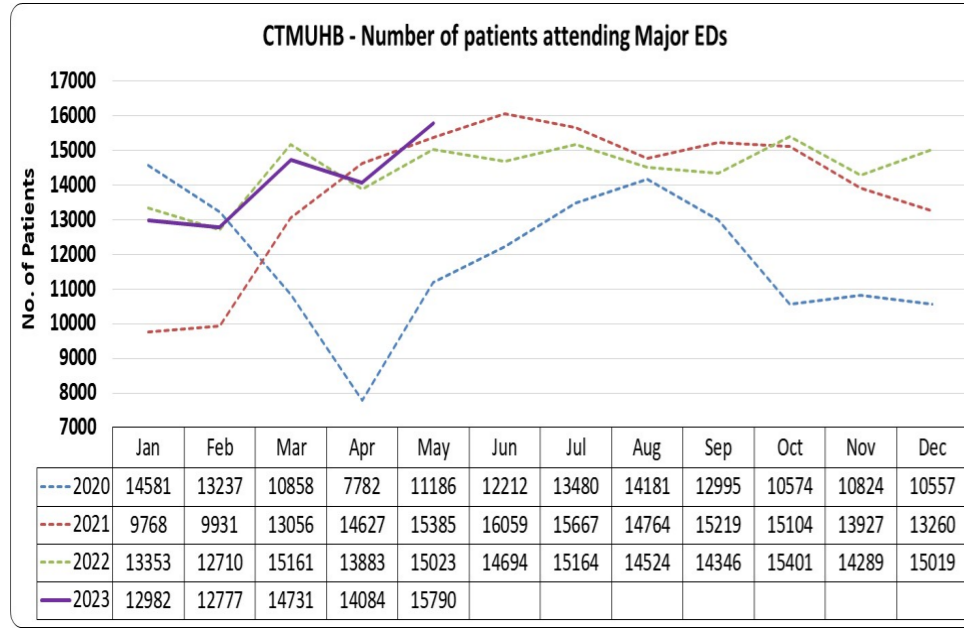
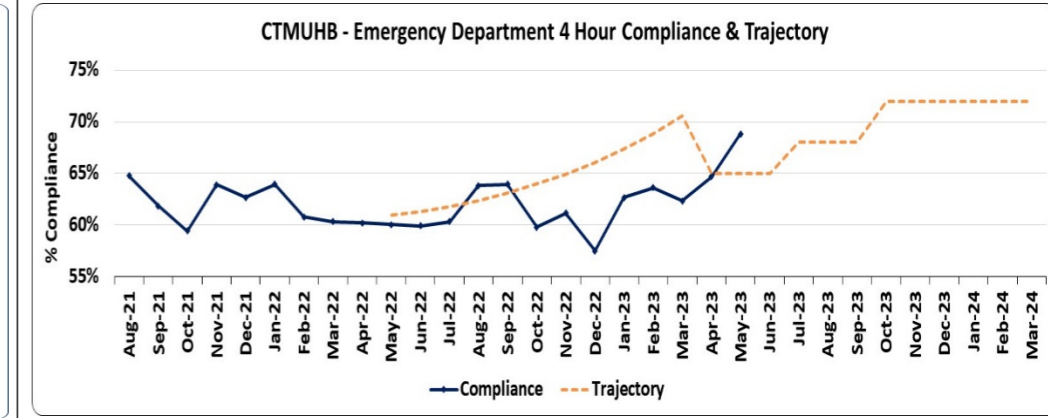
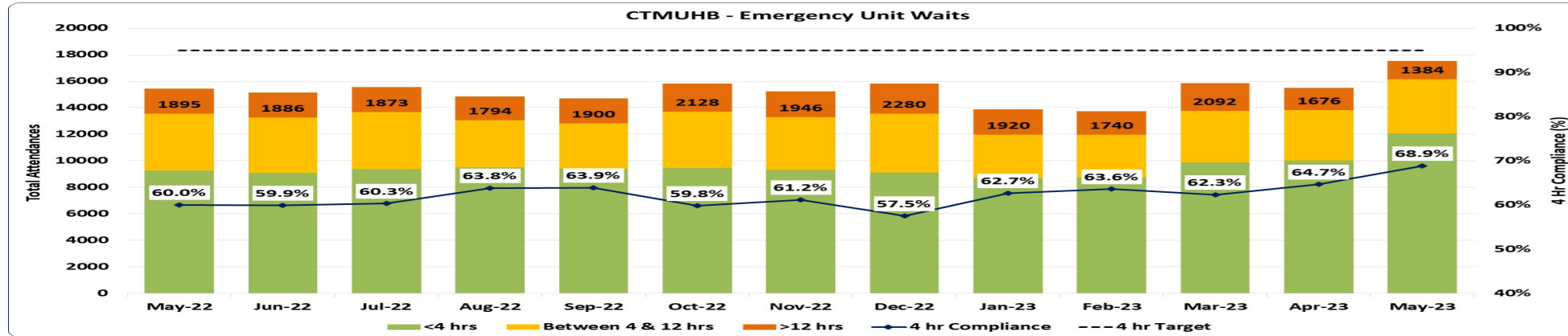
Emergency Unit Waits – May 2023 (Provisional Position) - Total Attendances 17,532

% of patients who spend <4 hours in all major and minor emergency care facilities from arrival to admission, transfer or discharge - Target 95%

Number of patients who spend 12 hours or more in emergency care facilities from arrival to admission, transfer or discharge - Target Zero

68.9% were seen within 4 hours (Waiting >4 hrs 5,461)

7.9% of patients were waiting over 12 hours (1,384)



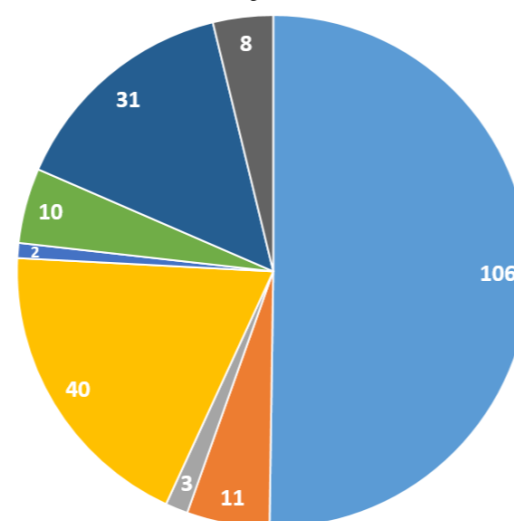
How are we doing?	What actions are we taking & when is improvement anticipated?	What are the main areas of risk?																
<p>Demand for ED has been 7.7% higher during the past three months (Mar – May) than the equivalent time span of 2022, with a similar increase on 2021 (7.6%), and attendances during May being 13.5% higher than the same period of 2022.</p> <p>The proportion of patients being admitted, discharged or transferred within 4 hours of their arrival at our emergency care facilities further improved to 68.9% in May, but remains below the compliance target of 95%.</p> <p>4 hour compliance improved at all major sites; most notably RGH & POW (70.7% & 65% respectively) whilst PCH observed a slight improvement to 61.3%.</p> <p>The number of patients who were waiting in excess of 12 hours reduced by around 17% to 1,384, with a marked improvement at RGH, where the number of patients breaching 12 hours reduced by 42% on the previous month. The number of patients waiting over 12 hours by unit was as follows:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="308 646 819 785"> <thead> <tr> <th>Unit</th> <th>Apr-23</th> <th>May-23</th> <th>% improvement on the previous period</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>PCH</td> <td>714</td> <td>622</td> <td>12.9%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RGH</td> <td>477</td> <td>276</td> <td>42.1%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>POW</td> <td>485</td> <td>486</td> <td>-0.2%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Unit	Apr-23	May-23	% improvement on the previous period	PCH	714	622	12.9%	RGH	477	276	42.1%	POW	485	486	-0.2%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <4 Hour Trajectories agreed / >12 Hours to be agreed Weekly data v improvement “deep dive” against trajectories Weekly performance/assurance meetings in place Progress development of medical SDEC within PCH and POW incorporating frailty Review footprint / activity / workforce Stop clock guidance review underway Ambulance Lost Hours improvement driving flow from ED Change to reporting of GP expected patients at PCH – 22 May 2023 subject to adherence to information standards Capital requirements for the SDEC implementation at PCH has been approved. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Aspiration of care group to deliver December 2023 to support seasonal pressures. Risk around delivery of Capital Programme in timescale required. Funding confirmation required for medical workforce to provide SDEC at PCH
Unit	Apr-23	May-23	% improvement on the previous period															
PCH	714	622	12.9%															
RGH	477	276	42.1%															
POW	485	486	-0.2%															

Monitoring Patient Pathways of Care Delays - please note that this page is in development as weekly reporting ceased 28th March 2023. Formal embedding of the Pathways of Care Reporting Framework is taking place & in the interim data from April 2023 has been locally sourced & reflects the data captured for the discharge monitoring of our patients.

The Discharge to Recover then Assess Model (Wales) – D2RA

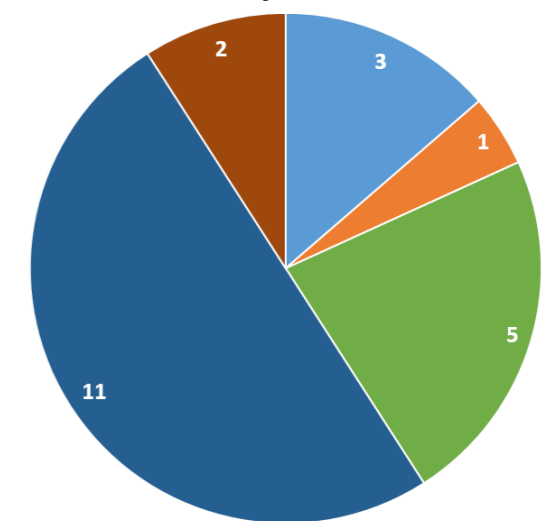
D	2	R	A
DISCHARGE Pathway 0	TO Pathway 1	RECOVER Pathway 2	ASSESS Pathway 3
NO ADDITIONAL SUPPORT REQUIRED FOR DISCHARGE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fully independent – no further support required Multidisciplinary Team assessment within hospital ‘front door’ units to avoid full admission. Patient returns to usual place of residence (including Care Home) Restart Package of Care (POC) with no changes Has pre-existing community services in place 	SUPPORTED HOME FIRST <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patient returns to usual place of residency with short term support. Preventative services delivered in collaboration with third and voluntary sector organisations. e.g Meal provision, shopping, housing New POC or increase of existing package. Short term reablement to maximise independence. Assessment and some additional care and support (including therapy, nursing, Pharmacy, domiciliary care & new equipment). e.g Community Resource Teams Safe between calls/ overnight. 	SHORT TERM SUPPORTED FACILITY <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patient is transferred to a non-acute bed and receives rehab/reablement and assessment until able to return safely home. Unsafe to be at home overnight/between care calls. Currently needing some care (eg: ADL) support/ intervention 24/7 Includes specialist rehab. (e.g Stroke, Neuro, T&O) 	COMPLEX SUPPORT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patient is transferred to a new long term bed, assessment bed or usual residence and receives the complex support and/or assessment for their needs. Complex/significant health and/or social needs in usual residency. Significant change requiring new placement. Longer term placement Life changing health care needs Complex end of life or mental health needs.

Non-Mental Health Patient Pathway of Care Delay Reasons May 2023



- Assessment Issues
- Transfer related issues
- Home adaptation/equipment issues
- Home care related issues
- Step down to recover and assess
- Disagreements / Disputes
- Care Home placement arrangement
- NHS Bed related issues
- Housing Related Issues

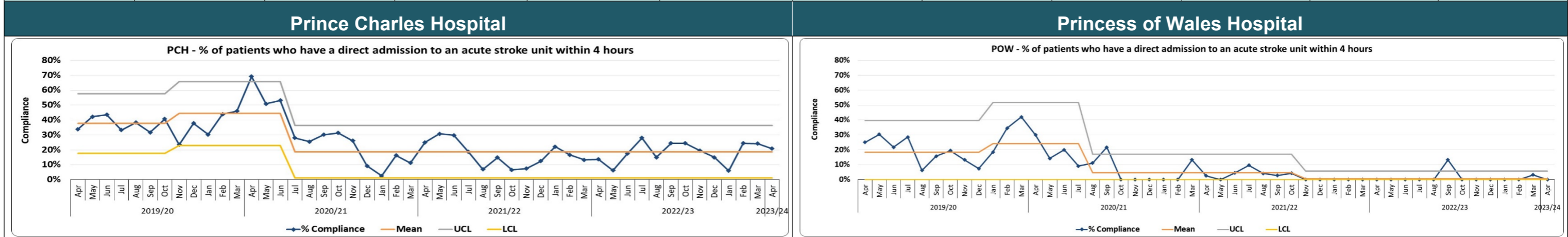
Mental Health Patient Pathway of Care Delay Reasons May 2023

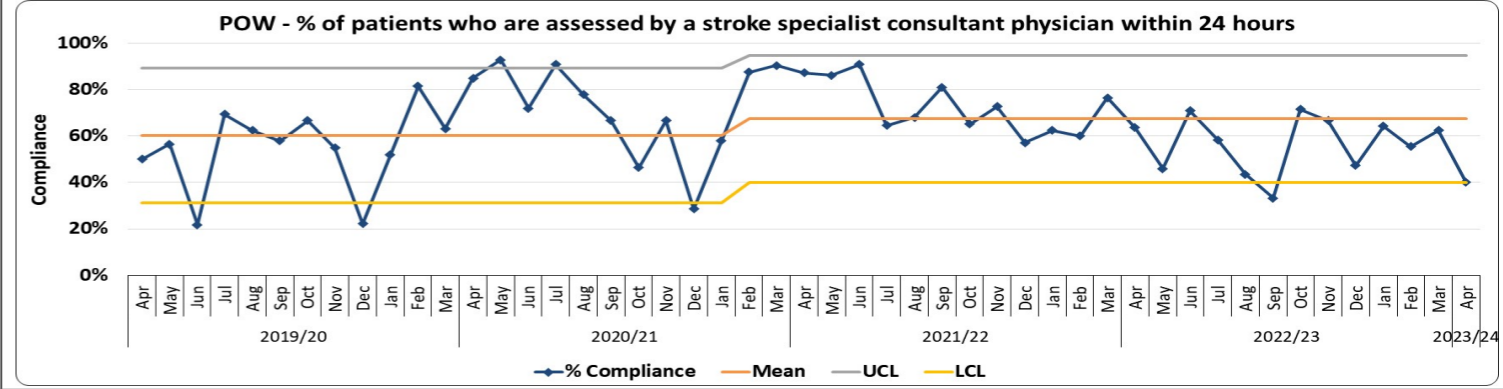
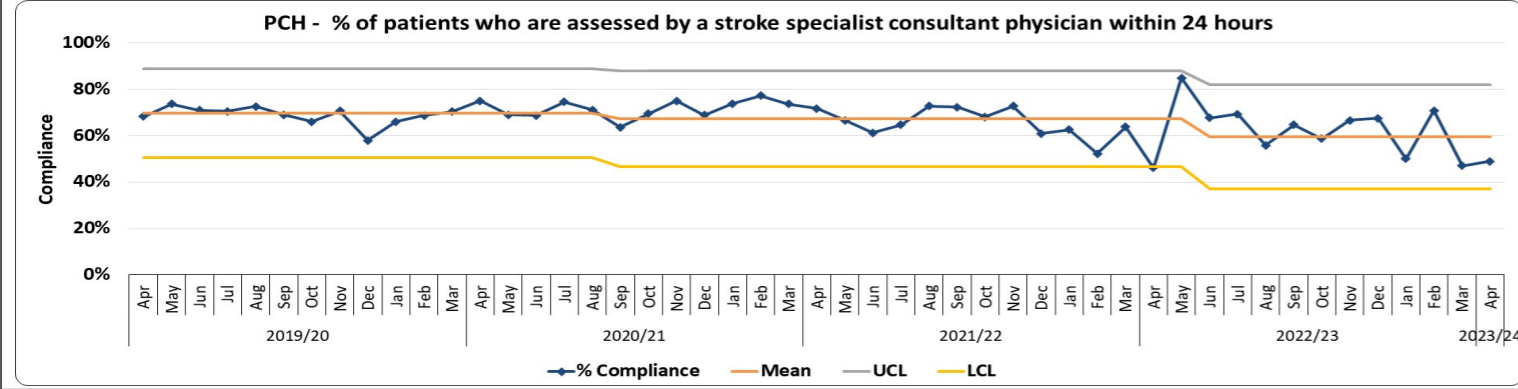
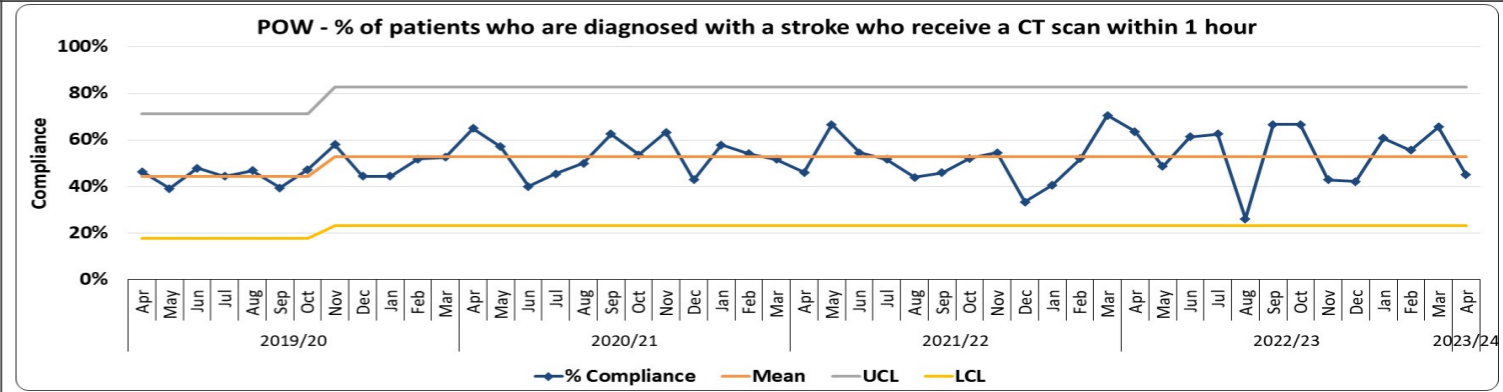
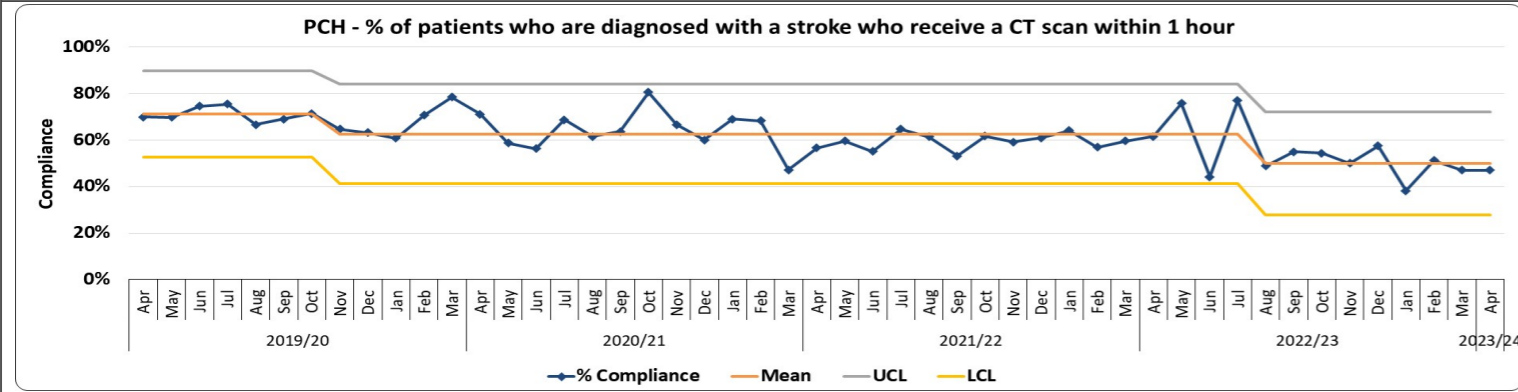
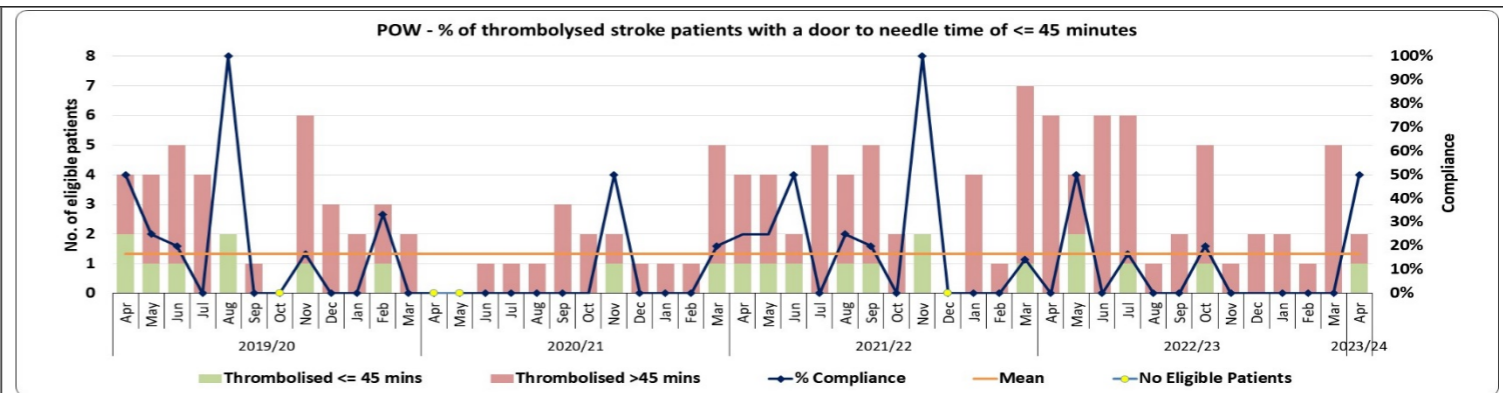
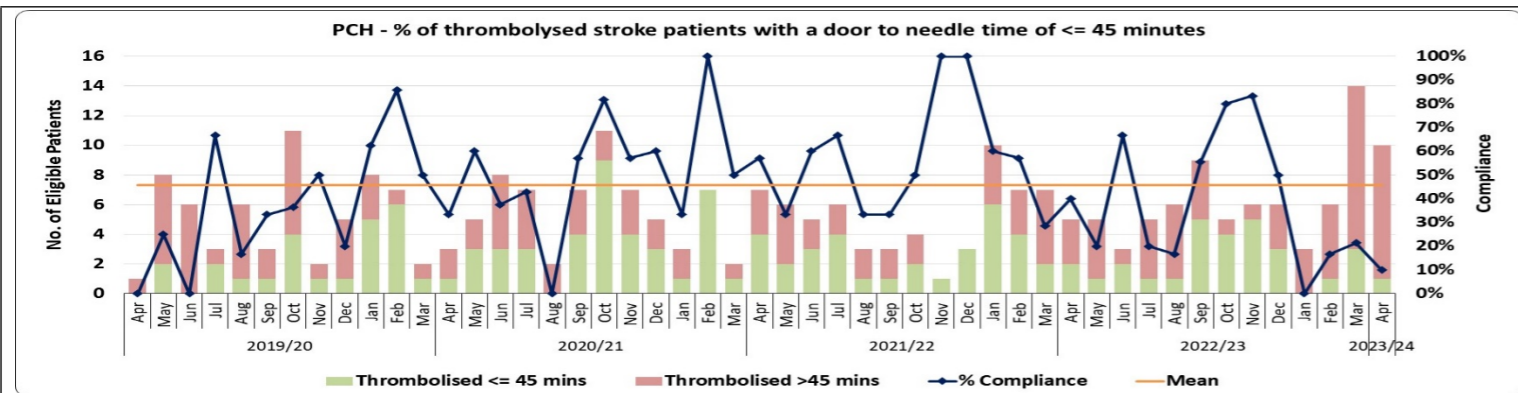


How are we doing?	What actions are we taking & when is improvement anticipated?	What are the main areas of risk																																																																
<p>Please note that the new reporting arrangements came into effect 1st April 2023 and whilst we continue to embed the model of D2RA throughout CTMUHB, data quality issues remain.</p> <p>The total number of patients who have been clinically optimised for discharge and are currently awaiting their next stage of care (May 2023 census point), equates to 233 patients i.e. 211 non-Mental Health patients and 22 Mental Health patients, as is shown in the pie charts above.</p> <p>The number of delays per Local Authority are as follows:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Healthcare Facility</th> <th>Blaenau Gwent</th> <th>Bridgend</th> <th>Caerphilly</th> <th>Merthyr Tydfil</th> <th>Rhondda Cynon Taff</th> <th>Vale of Glamorgan</th> <th>Total</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Pinewood House</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Prince Charles Hospital</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>11</td> <td>12</td> <td>7</td> <td></td> <td>31</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Princess of Wales Hospital</td> <td></td> <td>48</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4</td> <td>52</td> </tr> <tr> <td>The Royal Glamorgan Hospital</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>29</td> <td></td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ysbyty Cwm Cynon</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>34</td> <td>32</td> <td></td> <td>66</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ysbyty Cwm Rhondda</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>52</td> <td></td> <td>52</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Grand Total</td> <td>2</td> <td>48</td> <td>11</td> <td>46</td> <td>122</td> <td>4</td> <td>233</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Healthcare Facility	Blaenau Gwent	Bridgend	Caerphilly	Merthyr Tydfil	Rhondda Cynon Taff	Vale of Glamorgan	Total	Pinewood House					2		2	Prince Charles Hospital	1		11	12	7		31	Princess of Wales Hospital		48				4	52	The Royal Glamorgan Hospital	1				29		30	Ysbyty Cwm Cynon				34	32		66	Ysbyty Cwm Rhondda					52		52	Grand Total	2	48	11	46	122	4	233	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> From the end of May, Pathway of Care Delays are overseen through the governance of the Integrated Discharge Delivery Board; a newly established board that is accountable for the design, delivery and discharge performance in CTM, identifying areas for improvement and making appropriate challenge where performance is stalled. Ultimately ensuring that patients get the right care at the right time in the right place; irrespective of hospital and system pressures. Two operational work streams have been established to improve performance. One focusing on the central D2RA hub and supported discharge team and the other looking at the capacity and delivery of discharge pathways. A rapid improvement plan is being drafted in line with the 6 Goals of Urgent and Emergency Care Improvement Plan. A plan to accelerate improvement under a key area of delay in CTM is the Trusted Assessor Model. We are currently in the first phase of delivery which involves implementing a trusted assessment document (Electronic Transfer of Care eToC) into all hospital sites. There is delay associated with complex assessment (including MCA assessment) a community provision with identified capacity issues for domiciliary care overall, as well as specific issues for EMI nursing beds. The board is working with the integrated commissioning group to inform an effective commissioning strategy that links to additional funding available through the Further, Faster, Together Programme. <p>This is down to a number of reasons, but the main one is lack of capacity and availability of packages of care in the community.</p> <p>The D2RA/ETOC has been reviewed and lessons learnt has been captured and an improvement plan has been drafted to improve flow.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Re-design of paperwork and processes to ensure that trusted assessment works seamlessly Community capacity for D2RA pathways Gaps/vacancies in the supported discharge team Short-term funding only RIF resources to meet the needs of the new discharge process Long term staffing solution for the D2RA hub
Healthcare Facility	Blaenau Gwent	Bridgend	Caerphilly	Merthyr Tydfil	Rhondda Cynon Taff	Vale of Glamorgan	Total																																																											
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Stroke Quality Improvement Measures (QIMs) – April 2023

% compliance with direct admission to an acute stroke unit within 4 hours			% compliance of thrombolysed stroke patients with a door to needle time within 45 minutes			% compliance of patients diagnosed with stroke received a CT scan within 1 hour			% compliance assessed by a stroke consultant within 24 hours		
PCH	POW	CTM	PCH	POW	CTM	PCH	POW	CTM	PCH	POW	CTM
20.8%	0.0%	14.7%	10.0%	50.0%	16.7%	46.9%	45.0%	46.4%	49.0%	40.0%	46.4%





Stroke QIMS continued on the next page...

How are we doing?

Stroke QIMs - April 2023		PCH	POW	CTM
% of patients who are diagnosed with a stroke who have a direct admission to an acute stroke unit within 4 hours	Total admissions	48	20	68
	No. of patients within 4 hours	10	0	10
	% Compliance	20.8%	0.0%	14.7%
% of thrombolysed stroke patients with a door to needle time of <= 45 mins	Total thrombolysed	10	2	12
	No of patients within 45 mins	1	1	2
	% Compliance	10.0%	50.0%	16.7%
% of patients who are diagnosed with a stroke who receive a CT scan within 1 hour	Number diagnosed	49	20	69
	No. of patients within 1 hour	23	9	32
	% Compliance	46.9%	45.0%	46.4%
% of patients who are assessed by a stroke specialist consultant physician within 24 hours	Total admissions	49	20	69
	No. of patients within 24	24	8	32
	% Compliance	49.0%	40.0%	46.4%

During April, 14.7% (10 out of 68 admissions) of stroke patients were admitted directly to an acute stroke unit within 4 hours. Two of the twelve eligible patients were thrombolysed within 45 minutes (16.7%) and 46.4% of patients (32 out of 69 diagnosed patients) had a CT scan within an hour. There were also 32 out of the 69 stroke patients (46.4%) seen by a specialist stroke physician within 24 hours of arrival at the hospital.

The following key factors continue to impact on performance against stroke care standards:

- 5-day/week service model for medical and therapy provision.
- Lack of access to an Early Supported Discharge team and adequate bedded rehabilitation unit impact on length of stay and flow of stroke patients through the Princess of Wales hospital
- Ongoing demand for acute beds and the challenges maintaining a ring-fenced stroke bed impact on the ability to admit to the stroke wards within 4 hours across the whole hospital site.
- Pressures within adult social care which result in delayed discharges and increased pressure across all inpatient areas.
- Continued self-presentations to the Royal Glamorgan Hospital (RGH), instead of specialist stroke sites. Demand for acute beds results in delays in subsequent transfer to acute stroke sites and access to specialist stroke services

What actions are we taking & when is improvement anticipated?

- Direct admission to acute stroke unit within 4 hours has been a challenge, although some progress has been made in improving the availability of the beds in the acute stroke beds on both acute stroke unit sites
- Referrals to Bristol for thrombectomy are predominantly limited by Bristol's opening hours, although the Bristol service is persevering with its plans to become a 24/7 thrombectomy service by late Autumn 2023. From a CTM perspective timely referral to the service will be a challenge whilst the one 1 in 4 Stroke Consultant rota remains in place.
- We have recently implemented radiographer approved CT and CT angiograms, to minimise delays in getting CT angiograms in patients presenting with acute strokes.
- There is an ongoing project to implement Brainomix AI software reporting for CTs and CT angiograms, which would minimise delays in referral for thrombectomy, although there is currently no funding for this (£20k per annum).
- Established CTM Stroke Programme Board

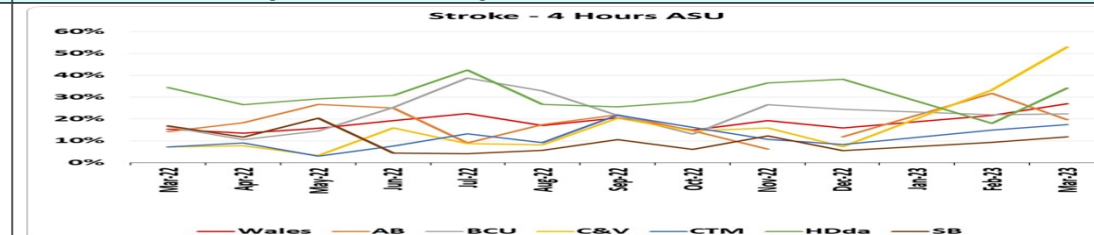
What are the main areas of risk?

The intended impact of the short, medium and long term actions, along with the regional and national stroke programmes, is to improve the quality, safety and experience of care for patients, their families and our workforce. CTM will develop an improvement plan, with ambitions to achieve a SSNAP rating of 'A'.

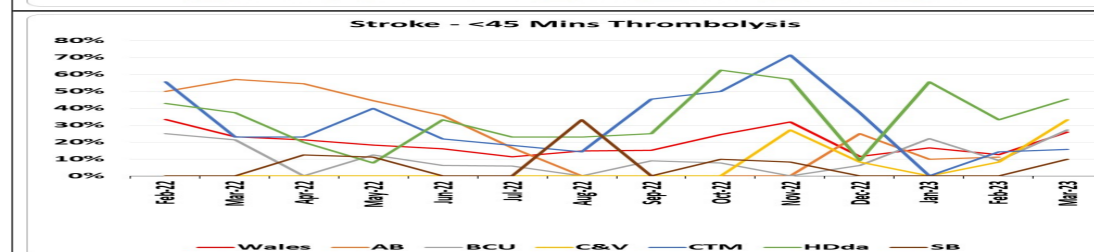
The main risks to achieving this rating are resource challenges and the wider patient flow challenges experienced in ED and throughout the hospital, which make it difficult to ring fence stroke beds, particularly affecting the 4 hour target. Bed pressures also impact the ability to transfer stroke patients from RGH in a timely manner in order to access specialist stroke care. This is part of the wider unscheduled care improvement programme and the wider performance management of the system.

In order for the national stroke care ambitions to be achieved, local services are required to deliver effective and efficient acute care and rehabilitation post-72 hours. Whilst some investment has been identified for 2023/24, it is not possible to allocate the volume of resource required to fully mobilise our plans.

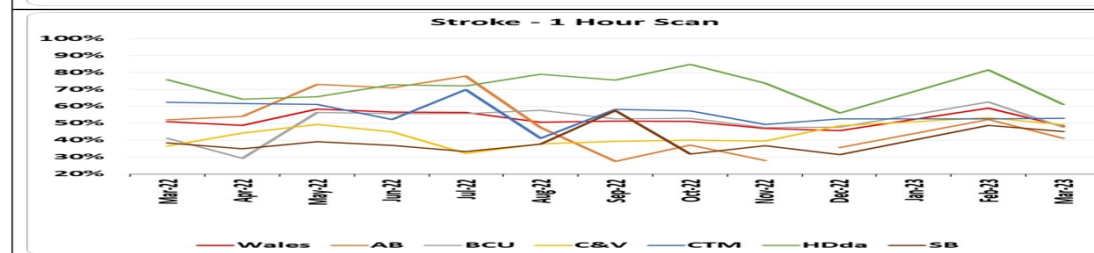
How do we compare with our peers?



Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
C&V	52.9%	1st
HDda	34.1%	2nd
BCU	22.4%	3rd
AB	19.6%	4th
CTM	17.5%	5th
SB	11.9%	6th



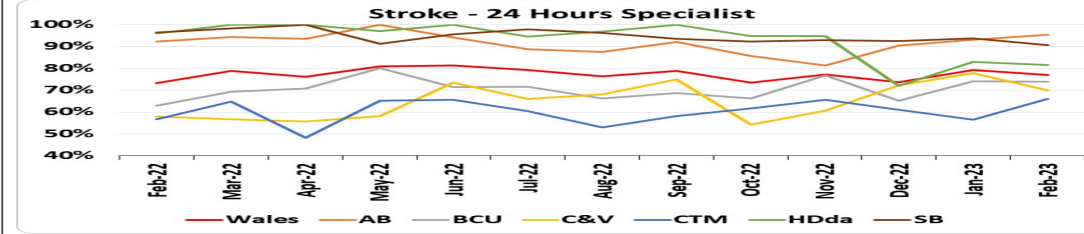
Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
HDda	45.5%	1st
C&V	33.3%	2nd
BCU	27.3%	3rd
AB	20.0%	4th
CTM	15.8%	5th
SB	10.0%	6th



Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
HDda	61.2%	1st
CTM	53.0%	2nd
C&V	49.1%	3rd
BCU	47.7%	4th
SB	45.2%	5th
AB	41.1%	6th

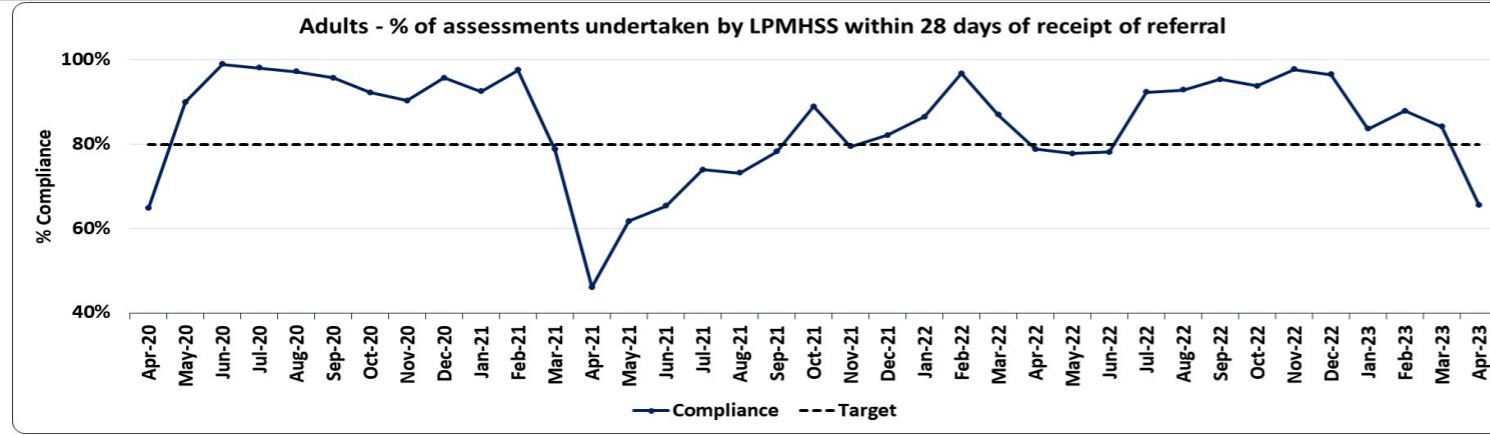


CTM Mental Health Services (excluding CAMHS) – April 2023



Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
SB	97.6%	1st
HDda	87.8%	2nd
AB	85.7%	3rd
C&V	67.3%	4th
BCU	65.1%	5th
CTM	52.0%	6th

% of assessments undertaken by LPMHSS within 28 days of receipt of referral (65.6%) - Target 80%



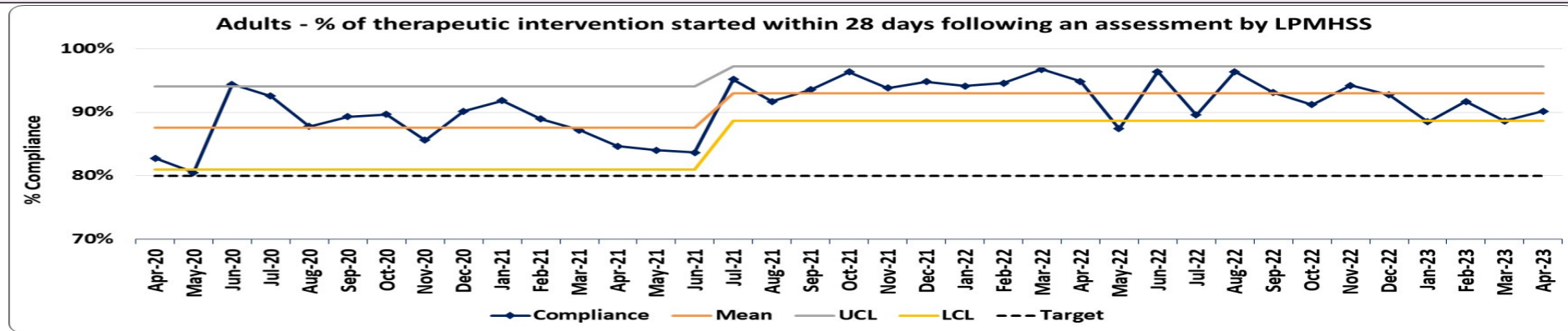
Part One of the Mental Health Measure relates to primary care assessment and treatment and has a target of 80% of referrals to be assessed within 28 days. The adult mental health services compliance for April fell by over 18 points from the previous month to 65.6% and falling below the 80% target for the first time since June 2022.

Referrals during April fell by 24% from the previous month, bringing the total to 679. The volume of referrals falls below the 12 month average is of 732 and continues to be lower than pre-Covid levels where referrals were in the region of 1,000 to 1,100.

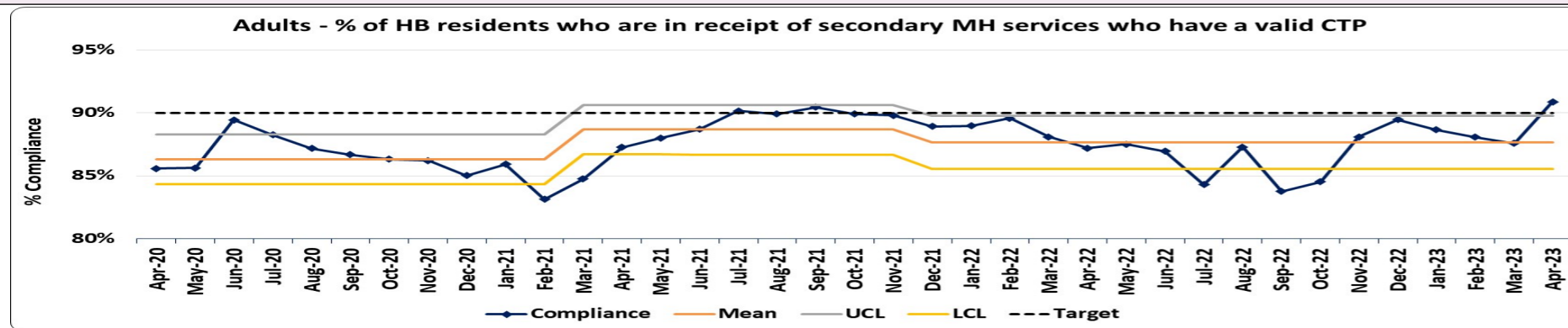
The Rhondda Taff Ely area position is linked to limited capacity in the service with a number of different vacancies (sickness, maternity leave and vacancies) meaning approx. 30% lost appointments. There was an increase in demand in March alongside this reduction in capacity. Whilst the Bridgend area position is linked partly to a reduction in capacity and increase in demand, but also some concerns around process and booking systems. There has been some concern around the quality of the data and validation on the position continues.

% of therapeutic intervention started within 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (90.2%) - Target 80%

Overall the percentage of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS was 90.2% during April (285/316), remaining above the WG target of 80%.



% of HB residents who are in receipt of secondary MH services who have a valid CTP (90.9%) - Target 90%



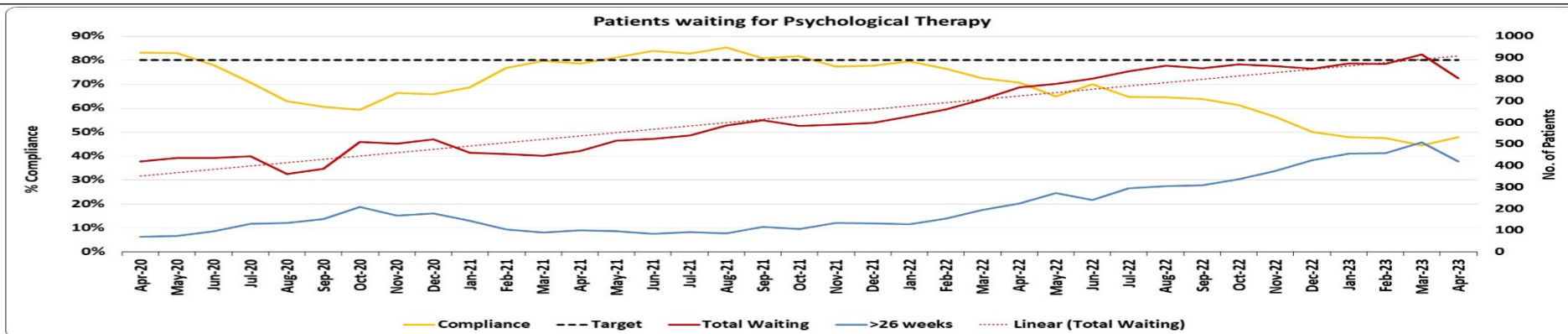
Part Two of the Mental Health Measure, i.e. % of residents who have a valid Care Treatment Plan completed by the end of each month rose to 90.9% during April. This is the first time that the 90% WG standard target has been met, since September 2021

Part 3: There were no outcome of assessment reports sent during April.

% of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a Psychological Therapy (47.8%) - Target 80%

During April, Psychological Therapies compliance improved from the previous month to 47.8%, remaining well below the 80% compliance threshold.

The chart to the right depicts the total waiting list volume (red) with the number of patients waiting more than 26 weeks for a Psychological Therapy (blue) and the proportion waiting less than 26 weeks (the WG target - yellow).



Adult Mental Health Services continued on the next page...



Cont'd...Mental Health Services (excluding CAMHS)

How are we doing and what actions are we taking?

Part 1a: Adult mental health services performance declined to 65.6% in April.

The Rhondda Taff Ely area have been offering overtime, although uptake has been limited. However, there has been an improvement in the sickness absence rate enabling an increase in capacity. Bridgend is doing further work to improve the processes linked to performance management and validation. The team also have a new senior nurse starting in June who will take a lead on improvement

Teams continue to forward plan and proactively manage the waiting times, maximising all available slots where possible. This has also included improving some of the booking processes and timescales linked to opt in for patients (previously giving 14 days to opt in whilst letter stated 7 days).

Part 1b: Performance continues to be above target at 90.2%.

Part 2: Compliance for both Adult, Older Adult and Learning Disability Services combined has increased to 90.9% and is above the target threshold of 90%

- Adult Services increased from 86% to 89.4%
- Older Adult Services increased from 90.9% to 94.8%
- Learning Disability Services has decreased from 96.8% to 95.7%

Psychological Therapies: There has been a reduction of 111 patients from the total waiting list, with an improved reduction of 88 patients waiting longer than 26 weeks. This reduction was linked to patients accessing treatment via our outsourcing service option and waiting list validation alongside additional capacity in the service due to a new member of staff commencing in post.

When is improvement anticipated and what are the main areas of risk?

Part 1a: The actions taken in the Rhondda Taff Ely area: weekly performance data indicates this area will achieve compliance in May. The work required in Bridgend is anticipated to take longer and involves change in leadership, so information shared indicates that this is expected into June.

Part 1b: Compliance continues to remain above target.

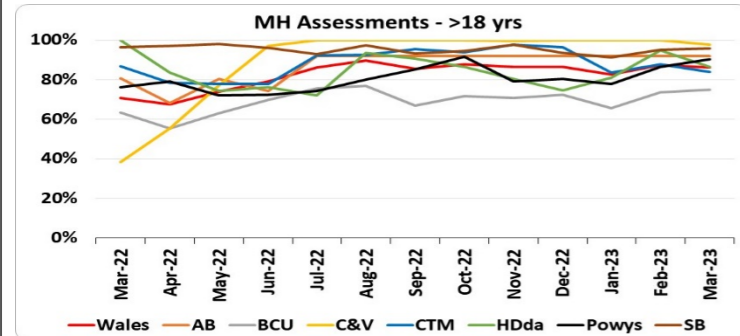
Part 2: Targeted work on non-compliant CTPs is continual. Work will continue with Community Mental Health Team leads and Local Authority partners to ensure any non-compliant CTPs are prioritised based on reducing risk. The primary risk to sustained improvements remains the reduction in staffing capacity caused by sickness and turnover. Managers are monitoring compliance weekly to mitigate reductions.

Senior Nurse action plans to increase compliance are monitored through Mental Health Planned Care Recovery Board. The focus of improvement is around the development of compliance across the multi-disciplinary care co-ordination team. Local teams have been asked to risk assess patients who do not have an up to date CTP in order to provide assurance that care is not adversely affected.

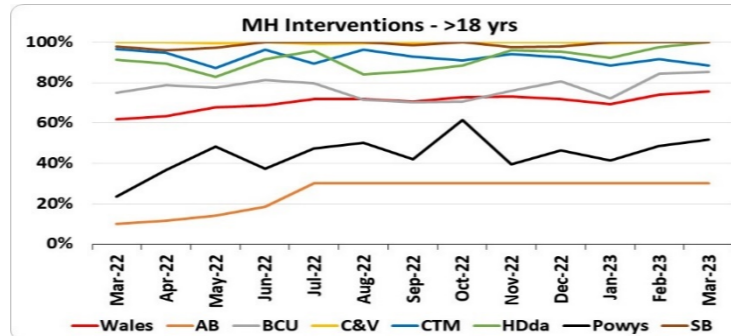
Psychological Therapies: Actions taken to improve position

- Detailed Psychological therapies recovery programme overseeing a number of improvement plans including development of a minimum dataset and a performance and accountability framework
- Ongoing waiting list and data validation including application of access policy
- Demand and capacity review
- Recruitment to vacant posts and use of locums to increase capacity
- Outsourcing of patients on the waiting list subject to available resource

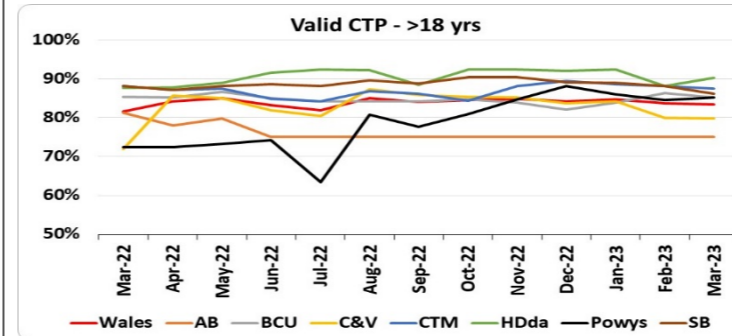
How do we compare with our peers?



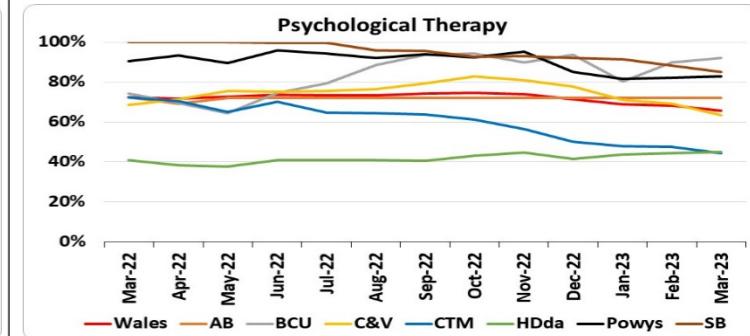
Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
C&V	97.7%	1st
SB	96.0%	2nd
AB	91.9%	3rd
Powys	90.3%	4th
HDda	86.6%	5th
CTM	84.0%	6th
BCU	74.9%	7th



Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
C&V	100.0%	1st
HDda	100.0%	2nd
SB	100.0%	3rd
CTM	88.6%	4th
BCU	85.3%	5th
Powys	51.8%	6th
AB	30.2%	7th



Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
HDda	90.3%	1st
CTM	87.6%	2nd
SB	86.1%	3rd
Powys	85.3%	4th
BCU	85.1%	5th
C&V	79.9%	6th
AB	75.0%	7th

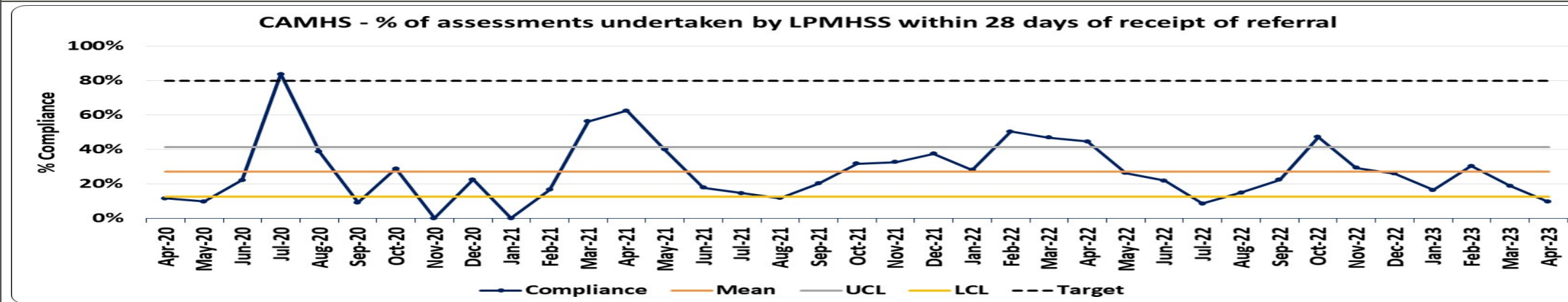


Status as at March 2023		
Health Board	Compliance	Rank
BCU	92.1%	1st
SB	85.1%	2nd
Powys	82.8%	3rd
AB	72.0%	4th
C&V	63.6%	5th
HDda	45.1%	6th
CTM	44.5%	7th

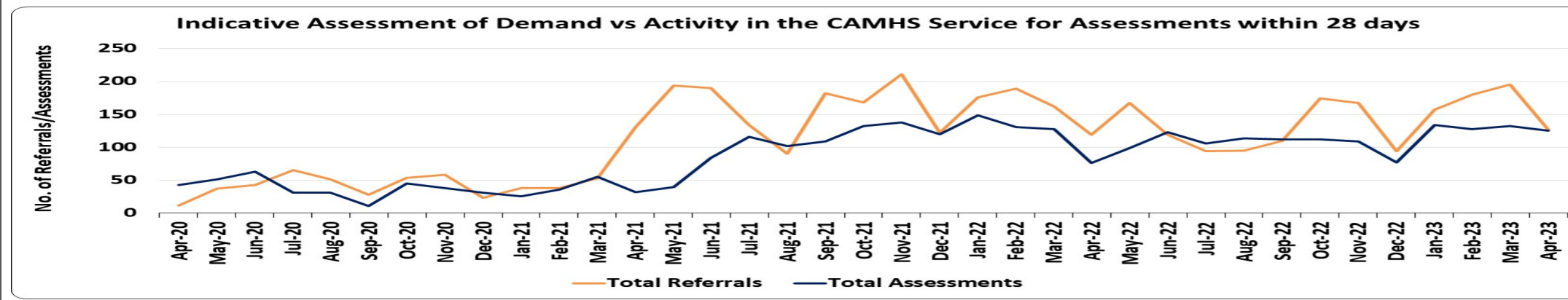


CTM Child & Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS) – April 2023

% of assessments undertaken by LPMHSS within 28 days of receipt of referral (9.6%) - Target 80%



Only 9.6% of assessments were undertaken within 28 days of referral. Compliance has remained well below the WG's minimum expected standard of 80% and the last time the target was met was in July 2020.

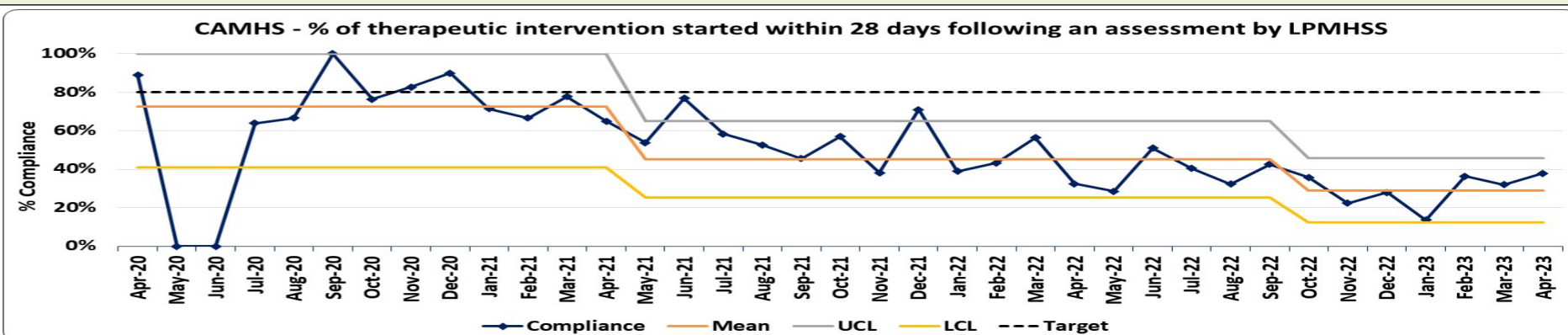


% of therapeutic intervention started within 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (37.9%) - Target 80%

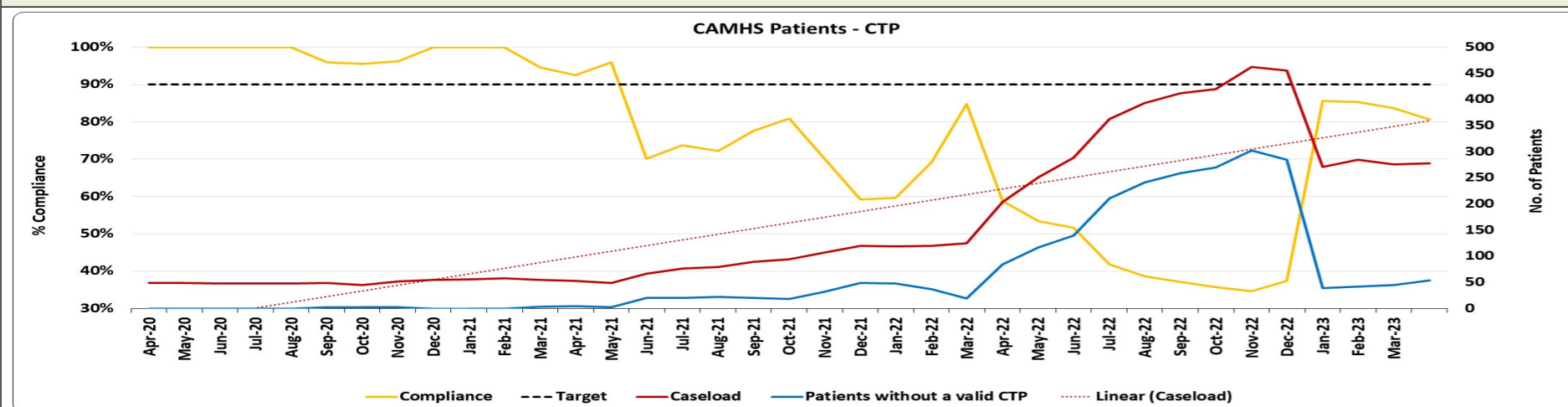
Overall the percentage of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS also remains low at 37.9% with just 22 of the 58 interventions during April commencing within 28 days.

Compliance continues to remain well below the 80% threshold and the last time the target was met was December 2020 (90%).

A reduction in the backlog of patients waiting for interventions, is leading to a gradual improvement in compliance



% of HB residents who are in receipt of secondary MH services who have a valid CTP (80.6%) - Target 90%



Part 2 of the Mental Health Measure, i.e. % of residents who have a valid Care Treatment Plan completed by the end of each month dropped slightly during April to 80.6%, after a much improved performance seen from January this year. For context the WG standard is 90%.

As seen in the chart to the left; from the start of the period to May 2021 the caseload volume had been fairly constant and compliance remained above the target threshold. Thereafter, caseload volumes increased incrementally until a sharp rise was seen in April 2022, where caseloads to December had grown, on average by 30 patients each month. From January 2023, we observe that caseloads have fallen, on average by 40% from the peak seen in November 2022 (462). The number of patients without a valid CTP at the end of the month stands at 54.

Part 3: There were no requests for a CAMHS assessment under Part 3 of the Mental Health Measure during April.



Cont'd...CAMHS

How are we doing and what actions are we taking?

The service has maintained an increase in activity during April for new assessments. Whilst there has also been an increase in demand, the waiting list has reduced from 333 at the end of March, down to 284 at the end of April. The focus for the service is to continue to ensure patients are treated in order of longest waits to reduce the overall waiting times and backlog, unless there is clinical urgency. The service is working to sustain the increased activity over the next couple of months through the use of waiting list initiatives and the deployment of agency staff whilst vacancies are filled.

As noted in previous updates, the increase in patients with a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP) is also being delivered whilst working with clinical colleagues to improve the quality of the service they provide. This involves work to develop individual understanding and awareness of the criteria for Part 2.

Actions being taken: An improvement action plan and trajectories has been developed to improve compliance for all Mental Health Measures. Due to the focus on backlog and the recent increased demand for assessments during March, performance against the trajectory has fallen. These performance levels will recover going forwards as average waiting times for assessment reduce.

Work progresses on the improvement action plan for Part 1a with a focus on recruitment to vacant assessor positions and a review of the referral pathway into CAMHS to ensure we reduce waiting times for assessment to a minimum. A workshop is planned to review the interface between our Single Point of Access and assessment teams. We are also exploring the use of digital assessment tools used elsewhere in Wales and across the UK, to help provide some further support for our assessment activity.

With regards to Part 1b, additional resources have been deployed for interventions through the Mental Health Service Improvement Fund, and further work is underway to develop and improve our use of the third sector in this area. We are also considering the development of a referral pathway into Silver Cloud, which can provide access to online therapies.

The In-Reach Service/Whole Schools Approach was implemented at the beginning of September 2022 and has been rolled out to 150 schools. This service will underpin early intervention and prevention in partnership with other organisations, supporting emotional wellbeing resilience in CYP and aim to prevent onward referrals into specialist CAMHS.

We continue to focus on Part 2 compliance, involving focused work with individual care coordinators across a number of disciplines.

When is improvement anticipated and what are the main areas of risk?

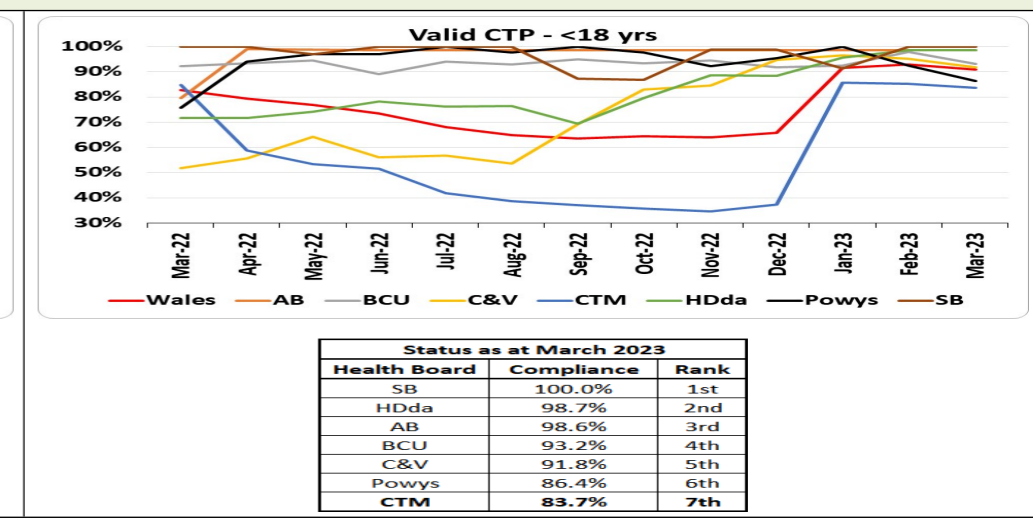
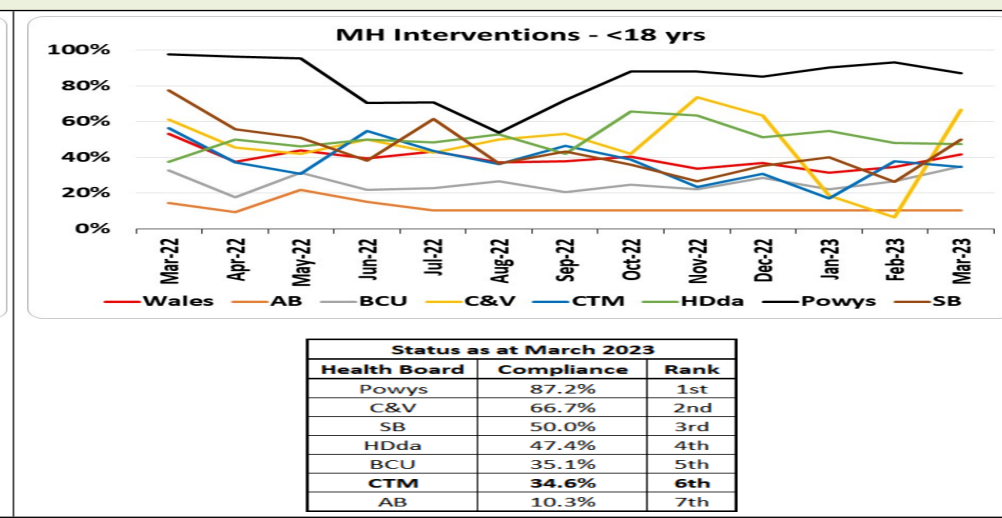
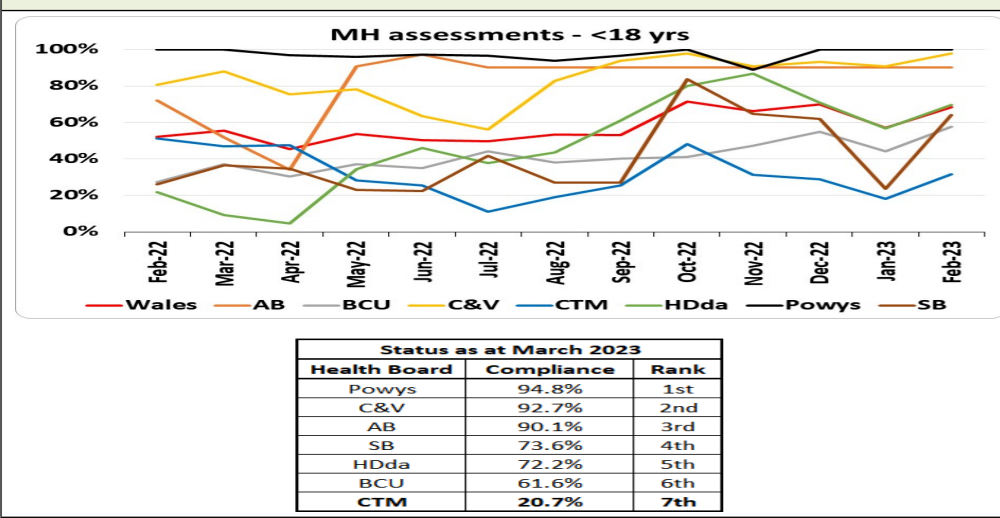
Outputs of improvements

- Part 1a:** average waiting times continue to reduce, which over time, as the backlog is removed, will help to ensure ongoing compliance. Whilst the trend of reduced waiting times for assessment continues, there was a slight increase during April. Current indicators show a further reduction in waiting times which will help to deliver compliance once the backlog has been worked through.
- Part 1b:** the improvement actions are helping to deliver performance, which for April, is above the agreed improvement trajectory. Current indicators suggest continued improvement going forward.
- Part 2:** There has been a focus on providing additional capacity and time to support care coordinators to complete CTPs with their patients. This has supported the increase in performance reported over the last 4 months. As part of the improvement plan, a revised operational policy has been developed. A central register of all care coordinated patients is now in place which helps facilitate ongoing monitoring. At the end of April there were 224 patients that had a valid CTP from a total caseload of 278, with a compliance of 80.6%.

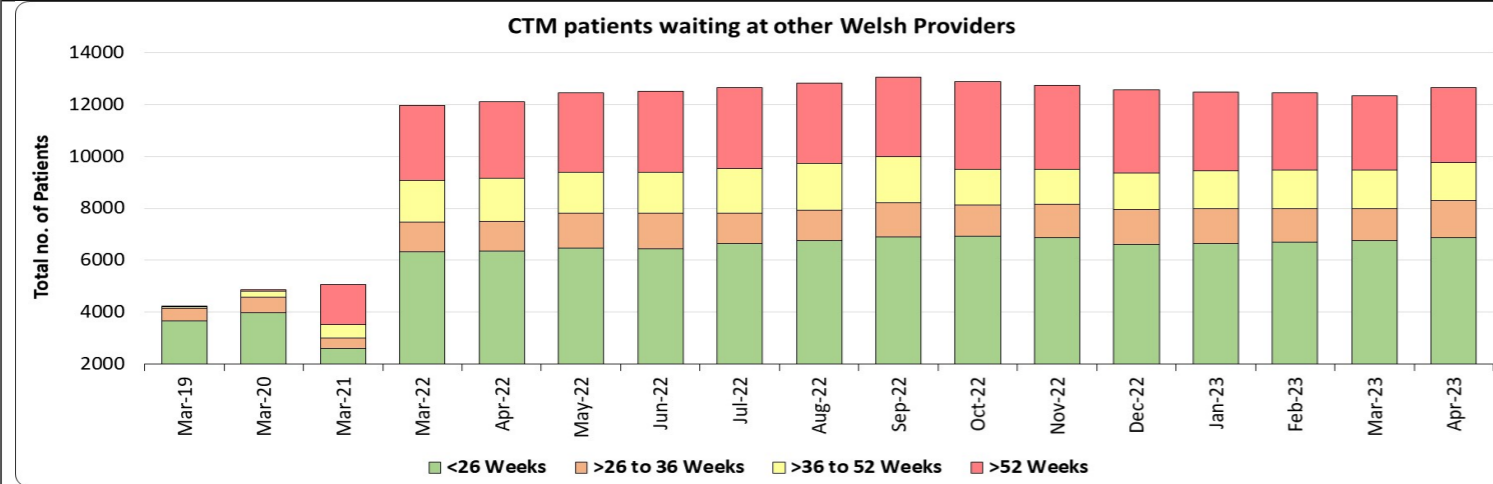
Main areas of risk:

- The CAMHS service experiences regular fluctuations in demand, this can have a negative effect on waiting times for assessment and treatment. Going forward further work is required to better predict the impact of this fluctuating demand on the service.
- The service is prioritising recruitment to vacant positions. The service needs to maintain high staffing levels to sustain performance in the three areas under review.
- Clinical colleagues have reported rising acuity within their patient population, this may have an impact on delivery going forward.

How do we compare with our peers?



CTM Residents Waiting for Treatment at other Welsh Providers – *Please note that w.e.f. from June 2021, Swansea Bay UHB have applied a LHB residents code to their waiting list submission that has had the impact of revealing an increase in the number of CTM residents waiting for treatment at SB that were previously regarded as being their own residents. This does not affect the management of the patients as they have been reported on SB waiting lists and will continue to do so until the patients are treated.



Using data collected and reported by Digital Health and Care Wales (DHCW), the chart above shows waiting times for CTM residents at other Welsh providers, though the actual Commissioner is not WHSSC in all instances.

Over 99% of the waiting lists for CTM residents awaiting services commissioned by WHSSC in other parts of Wales are in three Health Boards. The tables to the right provide the RTT, Diagnostic and Therapy waits for CTM patients waiting for treatment at three specific Welsh providers together with a specialty breakdown of the number of patients waiting.

The number of CTM patients waiting over 36 weeks (RTT) at these three Health Boards in April 2023 is 4,352 of which 2,896 are waiting more than 52 weeks. The number of patients waiting over 8 weeks for a diagnostic at these Health Boards is 367 and there are 2 patients waiting over 14 weeks for a therapy.

CTMUHB Patients waiting at Cardiff & Vale UHB		
Specialty	Referral to Treatment Times (RTT)	
	>36 to 52 Weeks	>52 Weeks
Trauma & Orthopaedics	221	835
Neurology	270	417
Ophthalmology	107	224
Clinical Immunology And Allergy	56	149
General Surgery	40	81
Urology	19	49
Gynaecology	13	40
Paediatrics	43	30
General Medicine	26	25
Paediatric Surgery	24	24
Oral Surgery	19	19
ENT	15	18
Cardiology	6	10
Gastroenterology	9	8
Clinical Pharmacology	5	3
Dental Medicine Specialties	9	3
Orthodontics	1	2
Clinical Haematology	1	
Dermatology	3	
Geriatric Medicine	1	
Anaesthetics	6	
Cardiothoracic Surgery	2	
Nephrology	3	
Neurosurgery	5	
Paediatric Dentistry	9	
Paediatric Neurology	1	
Restorative Dentistry	1	
Grand Total	915	1937

Diagnostics		
Service	Total Waits	>8 wks
Radiology	207	59
Cardiology	138	45
Endoscopy	84	53
Physiological Measurement	5	2
Imaging	2	0
Neurophysiology	1	0
Total	437	159

Therapies		
Service	Total Waits	>14 wks
Physiotherapy	21	
Dietetics	16	
Occupational Therapy	6	
Podiatry	1	
Total	44	0

CTMUHB Patients waiting at Aneurin Bevan UHB		
Specialty	Referral to Treatment Times (RTT)	
	>36 to 52 Weeks	>52 Weeks
Urology	11	48
Trauma & Orthopaedics	11	36
ENT	8	23
Ophthalmology	26	15
Oral Surgery	7	7
General Surgery	10	2
Orthodontics	3	1
Cardiology	1	
Dermatology	1	
Gastroenterology	3	
Gynaecology	2	
Neurology	1	
Rheumatology	1	
Endocrinology	1	
Grand Total	86	132

Diagnostics		
Service	Total Waits	>8 wks
Endoscopy	33	22
Radiology	23	1
Physiological Measurement	2	2
Total	58	25

Therapies		
Service	Total Waits	>14 wks
Physiotherapy	14	
Podiatry	1	
Audiology	2	2
Total	17	2

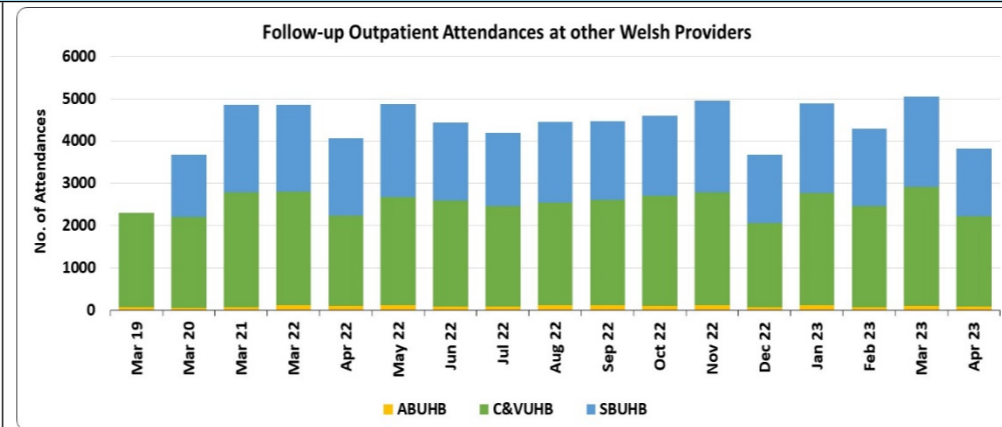
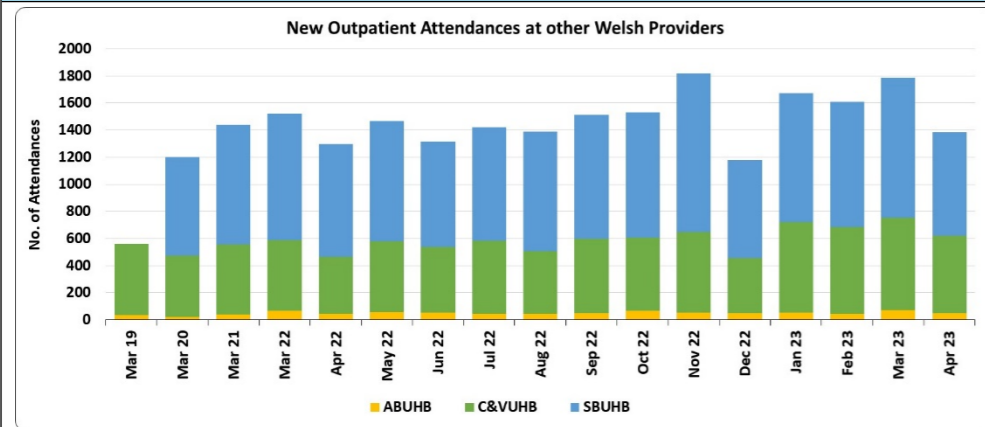
CTMUHB Patients waiting at Swansea Bay UHB		
Specialty	Referral to Treatment Times (RTT)	
	>36 to 52 Weeks	>52 Weeks
Plastic Surgery	80	227
Oral Surgery	138	220
Trauma & Orthopaedics	66	169
Orthodontics	35	64
General Surgery	64	56
Gynaecology	24	26
Gastroenterology	1	19
ENT	5	14
Neurology	22	14
Paediatrics	3	8
Ophthalmology	3	5
Urology	8	5
Cardiology	1	
Clinical Haematology	1	
Dermatology	1	
Diagnostic	6	
Grand Total	455	827

Diagnostics		
Service	Total Waits	>8 wks
Neurophysiology	199	124
Cardiology	76	17
Endoscopy	53	41
Physiological Measurement	1	1
Total	329	183

Therapies		
No patients waiting for a therapy		

CTM patients waiting at specific health boards (RTT)						
April 2023	Cardiff & Vale UHB	Aneurin Bevan UHB	Swansea Bay UHB			
<26 Weeks	3511	49.0%	380	55.9%	2966	61.8%
>26 to 36 Weeks	804	11.2%	82	12.1%	548	11.4%
>36 to 52 Weeks	915	12.8%	86	12.6%	455	9.5%
>52 Weeks	1937	27.0%	132	19.4%	827	17.2%
Total Waiting	7167		680		4796	
% of total waiting at other providers	56.5%		5.4%		37.8%	

CTM Outpatient Attendances at other Welsh Providers

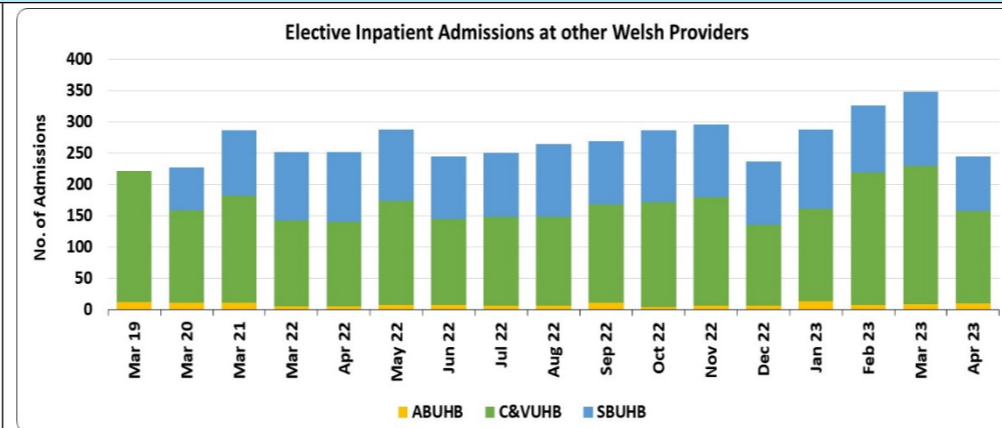
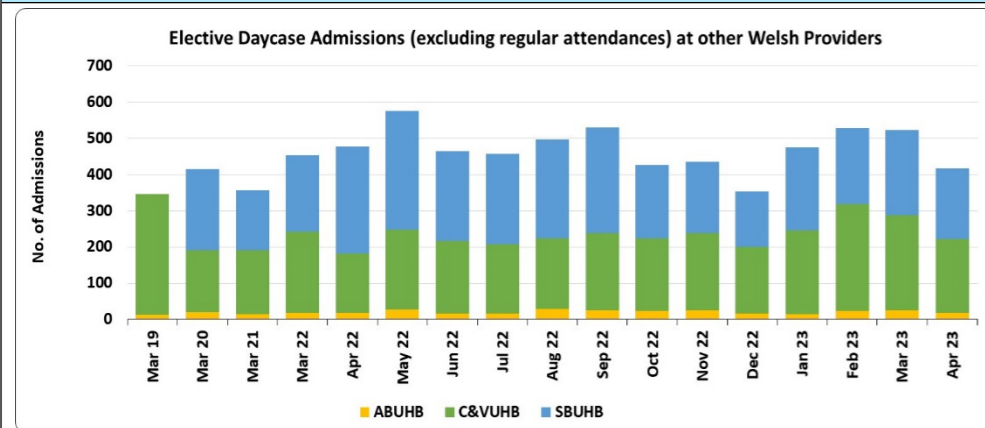


The May position (June reporting period) continues to show marginal change from the previous reported position.

There are two CTMUHB residents waiting up to 52 weeks for Cardiac Surgery at Cardiff and Vale UHB (one fewer than in the previous reporting period) but no patients waiting in excess of 52 weeks.

The performance of Neurosurgery has remained relatively stable, with no patients waiting more than 52 weeks currently. Five patients have waited between 36 and 52 weeks (an increase of 1 from the previous month). Neurology waits remain a significant concern with a total of 417 patients waiting more than 52 weeks (a growth of 17 since the previous reporting period).

CTM Elective Daycase / Inpatient Admissions at other Welsh Providers



Cardiff and Vale paediatric surgery waits are still over 52 weeks with 24 breaches currently, however this is a reduction from the previous reporting period.

Plastic Surgery remains an area of concern for Swansea Bay performance with very static status. The number of CTMUHB residents waiting over 52 weeks currently sits at 227 (a reduction of two since the previous month).

2.3 Finance update – Month 2

Updates on the financial position become available on the 9th working day of the month. Consequently there is no further update available to that provided in the last financial report.

- £3M of the accrual which is 6/ of £6.0m.

3. KEY RISKS/MATTERS FOR ESCALATION TO BOARD/COMMITTEE

3.1 The key risks for the **Performance** quadrant are covered in the summary and main body of the report.

4. IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Quality/Safety/Patient Experience implications	Yes (Please see detail below)
	A number of indicators monitor progress in relation to Quality, Safety and Patient Experience, such as Healthcare Acquired Infection Rates and Access rates.
Related Health and Care standard(s)	Choose an item.
	The 22 Health & Care Standards for NHS Wales are mapped into the 7 Quality Themes. The work reported in this summary and related annexes take into account many of the related quality themes.
Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) completed - Please note EIAs are required for <u>all</u> new, changed or withdrawn policies and services.	No (Include further detail below)
	If yes, please provide a hyperlink to the location of the completed EIA or who it would be available from in the box below.
	If no, please provide reasons why an EIA was not considered to be required in the box below.
	Not yet assessed



Legal implications / impact	Yes (Include further detail below)
	A number of indicators monitor progress in relation to legislation, such as the Mental Health Measure.
Resource (Capital/Revenue £/Workforce) implications / Impact	There is no direct impact on resources as a result of the activity outlined in this report.
	There are no directly related resource implications as a result of this report, although a number of improvement areas have underpinning financial plans.
Link to Strategic Goals	Improving Care

5. RECOMMENDATION

- 5.1** The Board/Committee is asked to **NOTE** the Integrated Performance Dashboard.



AGENDA ITEM
5.3

PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE

MENTAL HEALTH 2023-4 SERVICE IMPROVEMENT FUNDING & UPDATE ON 2022-23

Date of meeting	(27/06/2023)
FOI Status	Open/Public
If closed please indicate reason	Not Applicable - Public Report
Prepared by	Elaine Lorton – Service Director MH&LD Lisa Davies – Assistant Director of Strategic Transformation MH&LD
Presented by	Julie Denley – Deputy COO – Primary, Community & Mental Health
Approving Executive Sponsor	Chief Operating Officer (COO, DPCMH)
Report purpose	FOR NOTING

Engagement (internal/external) undertaken to date (including receipt/consideration at Committee/group)		
Committee/Group/Individuals	Date	Outcome
(Insert Name)	(DD/MM/YYYY)	Choose an item.

ACRONYMS	
ANP	Advance Nurse Practitioner
CAAP	Clinical Associate in Applied Psychology
CAMHS	Children and Adolescent Mental Health Services
CTM UHB	Cwm Taf Morgannwg University Health Board
EIP	Early Intervention in Psychosis



HEIW	Health Education and Improvement Wales
LD	Learning Disability
MH&LD	Mental Health & Learning Disability
NDIP	Neurodiversity Improvement Programme
PA	Physician Associate
SIF	Service Improvement Funding
WG	Welsh Government

1. SITUATION/BACKGROUND

1.1 This paper provides an overview of the SIF awarded by WG for the years 2022-23 and 2023-24. It will address :

- 1.1.1 The purpose and expectations of the SIF.
- 1.1.2 An update on the projects supported 2022-23
- 1.1.3 An overview of the projects approved for 2023-24.
- 1.1.4 Utilisation of slippage for Planned Care Recovery.

1.2 **What is the SIF?** : Each year WG writes to the Health Board outlining what funding is available to support service improvement in mental health. The funding is provided on a recurrent basis subject to :

- Proposals aligning with defined WG priorities and being approved following bid submission
- Demonstrated delivery of projects, especially successful appointment to new posts or award of commissioned activity.

The priority areas were identified through the Together for Mental Health Strategy and Delivery Plan, which covered the period between 2019 and 2022. Welsh Government is in the process of refreshing the delivery plan to implement from 2024 with consultation due to commence in December.

It is expected that the funding is ring-fenced for the projects agreed by WG, where there is non-recurrent slippage, permission can be sought to use funding to support planned care recovery priority activity. The Planned Care Recovery Programme Board in the MH&LD Care Group provide oversight of this programme.

£1.7m of recurrent funding was received before 2022-23 and has been used to support a range of priorities and pressures, including £0.25m to support the upcoming ward skill-mix review.

- 1.3 **2022-23 SIF:** £3.3m was allocated against 14 priority areas however, only £2.09m of funding was released in year as not all delivery could be implemented for full year effect. 2.1 below provides an update against the use of this funding for 2023-24 and then recurrently (See Annex 2 for overview).

SIF was used to support the development of the Care Group Leadership Team as part of the Phase 1 Organisational Change Process, and has supported the financial position of the Care Group.

- 1.4 **2023-24 SIF:** On 22nd March 2023, WG wrote to all Health Boards outlining the allocation and process for bid submission for the year. The deadline for submission of bids was the 2nd May 2023 and the maximum allocation was £768,000.

A portion of SIF was top-sliced across Wales to support delivery of The strategic mental health workforce plan for health and social care (heiw.nhs.wales/files/mental-health-workforce-plan1/) resulting in a far smaller allocation for each Health Board.

Two mandatory priority areas for implementation were specified :

- 111 press 2
- Perinatal mental health services.

Non-mandatory but specified priority areas for consideration were:

- Children and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS)
- Increased access to psychological services
- Secure services review
- Early Intervention in Psychosis (EIP)
- Eating disorder support
- Liaison psychiatry services
- Primary care liaison and additional support for tier 0/1 services.

WG have been consistently clear that the SIF is intended to support the revenue costs of service improvements and this is usually through the development of the workforce or commissioned providers. Other costs, for example capital estate developments and IT, have not been supported.



2. SPECIFIC MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION BY THIS MEETING (ASSESSMENT)

2.1 **SIF 2022-23 Update to WG:** Following the full submission for funding made to WG in 22/23, quarterly reports were sought and submitted to confirm spend against approved schemes. On 30th April 2023 we submitted to WG an outline of how we plan to fully utilise the full £3.3m allocation recurrently, reconfirming the plan submitted in 2022/23. The return required an overview of the posts that have been appointed to and plans for further implementation.

It is expected that £2.7m will be required for recurrent delivery against plans that were originally submitted in 22-23, and that there will be non-recurrent in year slippage of £0.6m while other posts are phased in. Approval was sought to utilise any slippage to support quality improvement and planned care recovery in year. (see 2.4).

On 17th May 2023, the following funding confirmation was received from WG:

On the basis of the information provided we note that you have robust plans in place to spend your full allocation this year and have mitigating actions in place to support recruitment of the remaining positions. We also note your intended use of non-recurring funding this year which we are supportive of as it meets current policy intent.

In light of this we have requested finance to process a resource uplift for 75% of your full year allocation (£3.301m) and will request a further update at the end of September in order to release the balance.

The 25% of funding not currently confirmed equates to £0.825m and it is proposed that the risk of not receiving this is low where we can provide evidence of spend.

SIF 2023-24 Proposals to WG: On 2nd May 2023 five proposals for the full allocation of £0.768m were submitted to WG. Due to the low level of additional funding, not all the recommended priority areas could be supported so those areas of greatest need in line with the Care Group Service Plan were prioritised. The proposal was submitted to the Executive Leadership Group prior to submission (see Annex 1).

The proposals include new ways of working, both with other providers and introducing new roles to the organisation.

No additional funding was sought for the second mandatory priority area and the Care Group concluded that the key requirements for perinatal mental health services have been met. However, further discussions will be held with the Children and Families Care Group to identify what further development and investment is required from 2024-25.

- 2.1.1 **111 Press 2:** 50% of the funding has been allocated to support the 111 press 2 service moving to the 24/7 delivery model, this commenced in April 2023.
- 2.1.2 **Wellbeing Sanctuary Model:** A 'Once for CTM' wellbeing sanctuary model is in development following the success of the Bridgend pilot in 2021. This service is delivered by a third sector partner and has had a positive evaluation. The aim of the wellbeing sanctuary service is to provide safe space for individuals to receive out of hours support when experiencing mental health distress. This will provide a place for individuals to receive early support, potentially avoiding the need for further support from statutory services including Emergency Departments; Crisis teams and inpatient units. A second sanctuary will be supported with this funding in the Merthyr Cynon area.
- 2.1.3 **Psychology Clinical Associate in Applied Psychology (CAAPs):** This new role seeks to fill an identified skills gap between assistant psychologists and qualified clinical psychologists within the Local Primary Mental Health Support Services. This capacity will help improve adherence to the NHS Wales Delivery Framework and improvement against the specialist psychological therapies target. The Care Group supported this role on the basis the core service match funded to model the transition to new roles as part of business as usual.
- 2.1.4 **Physician Associate (PA) :** Two PAs are being sought through streamlining in order to enhance the quality of MDT provision in secure inpatient mental health services, particularly as part of the rehabilitation model. Physician associates are healthcare professionals with a generalist medical education and work alongside doctors providing medical care as an integral part of the MDT. As above core funding matching was agreed as part of supporting this submission.
- 2.1.5 **KOOTH :** This proposal will support alternative digital platforms for children and young people across CTM UHB which focuses on earlier intervention and provides alternative service provision 24/7 including online counselling and support sessions. This service

provision aims to reduce demand on CAMHS services and will be promoted through the Whole School Approach across CTM UHB.

It is recognised that there are some key areas of challenge or areas for service development across the Mental Health and LD Care Group that could not be supported with the smaller allocation of funding in 2023/24. Throughout the year the MH&LD Planned Care Recovery Programme Board will seek to address capacity constraints in these services (see 2.4).

2.2 WG Approval of SIF 23-24 proposals : On 5th June 2023 WG confirmed full recurrent approval of the total £0.768m, however it noted that this funding would be allocated on a phased approach:

- Approved projects are agreed in principle and the full costs underwritten.
- Projects which are deemed to be waiting list initiatives or requiring non-recurrent funding will have the full amount released.
- All other projects will receive an initial allocation of 6 months of funding, with further allocations dependent on the Health Board's ability to recruit to related posts.

For CTMUHB this reflects an initial release of £0.384m with the full allocation remaining available for us to spend. A return will be commissioned in October to enable us to provide an update against delivery. If draw down of additional funding is required against delivery, this can be requested sooner.

It is projected that £0.539m will be utilised in 23-24 for agreed projects and £0.229m will be sought to support MH&LD Planned Care Recovery Board programmes (see 2.4).

2.3 MH&LD Planned Care Recovery Programme Board: The MH&LD Care Group have an established governance structure to focus on the utilisation of slippage funding to support delivery against performance targets. It is currently projected that slippage from 22-23 is £0.6m and slippage in 23-24 will be £0.229m, total of £0.829m.

The priority areas for improvement are :

- 26 week Psychology waiting list including active monitoring to support those waiting to "Wait Well"
- Mental Health Measure – Adults & Children's
- Memory Assessment Services Waiting List
- Interim Perinatal development (pending 24-25 proposal)

- Neurodiversity service redesign where the NDIP funding does not address the full need.

Proposals have already been submitted totalling £0.889m with £0.3m having been approved:

- Recruitment of assistant psychologists to support “waiting well”
- Outsourcing of therapy to reduce psychology 26 week waiting list
- CAMHS additional assessment and intervention capacity
- Recruitment into non-medical prescribing ANP role to support outpatient capacity

The MH&LD Planned Care Recovery Programme Board will scrutinise the remaining proposals to improve outcomes against the performance targets agreed with WG and prioritise appropriate investment. This will support both full utilisation and draw down of SIF but also deliver against expected performance targets.

- 2.4 **Future SIF Allocations:** Clarification has been sought from WG regarding future allocations and the timeline and general scale of these. At present this remains an annual allocation.

The MH&LD Care Group will be implementing a process for the submission and review of investment proposals throughout the year. This will enable the development of a considered priority list for any future allocations against the following priorities:

- Regional strategic fit
- Performance improvement
- Quality improvements
- Equitable service delivery pan-CTM
- Core service consolidation and stabilisation
- Workforce planning & reform
- Value for money
- Sustainability

The process will engage and include clinical teams as well as other partners and key stakeholders. We will be seeking to implement an approach, which takes feedback from our patients / population on the priorities identified.

3. KEY RISKS/MATTERS FOR ESCALATION TO BOARD/COMMITTEE

- 3.1 There is a low risk associated with agreeing Planned Care Recovery spend without confirmation of drawn down funding from WG. This is

mitigated by the stated support in WG letters and discussion of plans through Targeted Intervention meetings.

4. IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Quality/Safety/Patient Experience implications	Yes (Please see detail below)
	This paper sets out the proposals to fund from the Additional Mental Health allocations which aim to improve the quality, safety and patient experience of mental health services across CTM UHB
Related Health and Care standard(s)	Staff and Resources
	If more than one Healthcare Standard applies please list below:
Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) completed - Please note EIAs are required for <u>all</u> new, changed or withdrawn policies and services.	No (Include further detail below)
	<p>If yes, please provide a hyperlink to the location of the completed EIA or who it would be available from in the box below.</p> <p>If no, please provide reasons why an EIA was not considered to be required in the box below.</p>
Legal implications / impact	There are no specific legal implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Resource (Capital/Revenue £/Workforce) implications / Impact	Yes (Include further detail below)
	<p>This paper sets out the proposal for the allocation of funding equating to £768,000 across key priority areas in the Mental Health and LD Care Group.</p> <p>For note: £92,131 from 22/23 allocation has been forecast to support control total in 2023/24. £484,611 from previous years plans has been forecast to support control total in 23/24.</p>
Link to Strategic Goals	Creating Health



5. RECOMMENDATION

- 5.1 The Committee are asked to **NOTE** the additional mental health funding allocation and approach by the Mental Health and LD Care Group.

Annex 1 : SIF Projects 2023-24

Additional mental health funding priority area	Title of the proposal	Aim of investment	Amount of funding
Crisis care/out of hours provision	Implementation of 111 press 2 for mental health 24/7	To fund the staffing requirements to enable CTM UHB to meet the national requirements of providing the 111 press 2 24/7. 111 press 2 will be the 'front door to urgent mental health care' and aims to provide the right help at the right time	383,378
	Once for CTM UHB Wellbeing Sanctuary Model	To fund a safe space for individuals to receive out of hours support when experiencing mental health distress and to extend the current service to enable access to a small number of sanctuaries across CTM UHB	150,000
Children and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS)	Alternative digital children and adolescent mental health (CAMH) Service provided via Kooth to complement traditional CAMH services and treatment in CTM UHB	To fund an online mental health and wellbeing support service provision for children and young people across CTM UHB. This service provision will focus on intervention and alternative service provision that can be accessed out of hours and without referral to improve the emotional wellbeing of children and young people, with an aim of reducing demand on CAMHS	86,400
Increased access to psychological services	Investing in Psychology Clinical Associate in Applied Psychology (CAAPs)	To fund a Clinical Associate in Applied Psychology which will increase capacity and improve access to psychological services	61,010
Secure services Review	Investing in new professional roles to enhance the multi-disciplinary team (MDT) provision in secure inpatient services	To fund a Physician Associate to work in our rehabilitation wards to enhance the MDT and provide regular and consistent input in the review and monitoring of physical health of mental health patients.	87,212
		To fund some quality improvement time and training to support our work across inpatient wards and focus around reducing restrictive practices	
Total			768,000

Annex 2 : SIF Projects 2022-23

Additional mental health funding priority area	Title of the Proposal	Aim of Investment	Total Funding Approved
Early Intervention Psychosis	Developing EIP Services	Implementing care co-ordination, occupational therapy and support worker.	£111,812
Perinatal Services	Enhancing Nursery nurse provision	Implementing nursery nurse model as part of MDT.	£53,909
Crisis Provision	Forensic Response	Developing care co-ordination and enhancing case management.	£194,000
Sustainable service provision	ECT SLA	Supporting cost pressure	£65,786
Strengthening the MDT	Psychologically informed care	Psychology roles for LPMHSS and Older Adult MH.	£592,279
	Quality & Improvement Team	Strengthening clinical leadership. Quality improvement team	£96,400
	Care Group Strategic Leadership	Supporting the development of the Care Group for Phase 1 of the OCP	£286,817
Eating Disorders	Children, Young people & adults	Building a more robust team through recruitment of additional consultant, occupational therapy, dietician, psychotherapy and administrative support.	£353,366
Primary Care / Tier 0	Emotional & Mental Health in Primary Care	Supporting enhanced first contact provision through recruitment of MH practitioners, occupational therapy, cluster development.	£699,600
	Third sector commissioned care	Developing case management and lived experience engagement	£44,000
Alternatives to admission	6 Urgent & Emergency Care Goals Alignment	Development of 111 press 2 – pilot and up to 15 hours per day	£550,373
	Wellbeing sanctuary	Crisis retreat / wellbeing sanctuary in Bridgend	£33,000
TOTAL			£3,301,342



AGENDA ITEM

6.1

PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE

FINANCE UPDATE – MONTH 12 MOVEMENTS FROM FORECAST IN 2022/23

Date of meeting	27/06/2023
FOI Status	Open/Public
If closed please indicate reason	Not Applicable - Public Report
Prepared by	Mark Thomas, Deputy Director of Finance
Presented by	Sally May, Director of Finance & Procurement
Approving Executive Sponsor	Executive Director of Finance & Procurement
Report purpose	FOR DISCUSSION / REVIEW

Engagement (internal/external) undertaken to date (including receipt/consideration at Committee/group)		
Committee/Group/Individuals	Date	Outcome

FINANCE UPDATE – MONTH 12 MOVEMENTS FROM FORECAST

1. SITUATION/BACKGROUND

The M12 Finance Performance report reported to the Executive Leadership Group (ELG) and the Performance, Planning and Finance Committee (PPFC) in April highlighted that the M12 Delegated overspend was £3.2m worse than the forecasts that had been submitted in the M11 finance packs (i.e. the forecasts were showing a £1.7m underspend for M12 but the actual position was a £1.5m overspend).

Further work has now been undertaken to understand the key reasons for this significant unexpected movement from forecast and also any associated learning for the Finance teams and budget holders within the Care Groups and directorates. The purpose of this report is to feedback the results of this work to ELG and PPFC.

2. SPECIFIC MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION BY THIS MEETING (ASSESSMENT)

A summary of the movements in the M12 Delegated position is provided in the table below.



Care Group or Directorate	Net difference between M12 Actual and M12 Forecast	Recurrent	NR	TBC
	£k	£k	£k	£k
Unscheduled care	1006	701	56	249
C&F	439	194	215	30
Planned care	690	0	614	76
Mental health	349	239	110	0
Primary care & community	209	112	97	0
DT&S:				
Medicines Mgt	580	580	0	0
Therapies	-67	0	-67	0
Pathology and Radiology	441	256	185	0
Total -Care Groups	3647	2082	1210	355
Facilities Hub	-28	0	71	-99
Facilities Non Hub	130	0	130	0
Public Health	-113	0	-113	0
PC&S	29	0	29	0
Planning & partnerships	-405	0	-405	0
Estates	-180	0	251	-431
Estates - Energy	-450	0	-450	0
WOD	-131	0	-131	0
NIAD	-62	0	-62	0
Contracting & Commissioning	-234	0	-234	0
Planned care recovery	1029	0	1029	0
Total - Outside Care Groups	-415	0	115	-530
GRAND TOTAL	3232	2082	1325	-175

3. KEY RISKS/MATTERS FOR ESCALATION TO BOARD/COMMITTEE

A detailed breakdown of the key individual movements behind the £3.2m movement is provided at Annex A. This analysis shows:

- The key reasons for the movement between forecast and actual:
- Whether the impact is assessed to be recurring or non-recurring, or to be confirmed(TBC);
- The areas where there are learning points for the finance teams and budget holders.

The key action is for the Finance leads for the Care Groups and directorates to:

- Discuss the key learning points with their Finance teams and with budget holders in order to reduce the differences between the monthly forecast and actual positions in 23/24.
- Take account of any recurrent movements in their financial plans and forecasts for 23/24.

The Finance Department will also consider where there are themes and areas where there are cross CTM actions which could improve monthly reporting and forecasting.



4. IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Quality/Safety/Patient Experience implications	There are no specific quality and safety implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Related Health and Care standard(s)	Governance, Leadership and Accountability
Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) completed - Please note EIAs are required for all new, changed or withdrawn policies and services.	Not Required
Legal implications / impact	There are no specific legal implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Resource (Capital/Revenue £/Workforce) implications / Impact	Yes (Include further detail below) The paper is directly relevant to the allocation and utilisation of resources.
Link to Strategic Goals	Sustaining Our Future

5. RECOMMENDATION

The Planning, Performance & Finance Committee is asked to **DISCUSS** the contents of this report.

Service Division										
	Difference between M12 Actual and M12 Forecast	Recurrent	NR	TBC	No learning as movement due to random events or demand driven etc.	Learning points				Comments
	£k	£k	£k	£k		Budget holder engagement and communication	Communication between Finance teams	Forecasting issues within Finance	Impact of new system / service / data	
Mental Health										
CHC	170	170					X	X	X	Net 6 new packages - largely in Bridgend - Need for better understanding of the CHC position and information/data sharing. Meeting to discuss with CHC team has been arranged.
Bridgend Rates adjustment	69	69					X			No recharges from Corporate team until M12 and not identified until post M11.
Various non pay movements - esp. establishment expenses-training cots, legal fees, furniture & minor works	60		60			X				Spread across a number categories but largely within Camhs so not sure why this wasn't mentioned to Finance but will raise with the service going forward.
LD funding not received	50		50				X			Confusion around receiving funding - 2x LD funding available but only one intended for MH and the other was RiF related
Sub total	349	239	110	0						
PC & Community										
PC-GMS-Enhanced services slippage	-133	-133				X				Largely Des Warfin/DOACs - opening forecast incorrect - not updated via service
PC-Dental Income	-98		-98		X					Income better than forecast - impossible to predict to this level
PC-CDS	59		59			X				£25k re cone beam recharge from C&V unexpected and higher M&SE spend
PC-Other PC	54		54				X			Largely due to Home oxygen over accrual for 12 months - However £82k was adjusted post day 4 following a review of all variances
Agreement of Post Day 4 reduction of (£82k)										Adjusted post day 4 following a review of all variances
PC-RiF	-21		-21		X					Minor movements across a few lines
CHC/FNC	245	245					X	X	X	Need for better understanding of the CHC position and information/data sharing. Meeting to discuss with CHC team has been arranged.
VBHC adjustment	136		136				X			£136k Lymphodema VBHC funding reduction not forecast in M11 - budget had been previously profiled in 12th's throughout the year, which wasn't clear during handover, therefore large hit in M12 not expected
Nurse agency - ward 21 BRG	-60		-60				X	X		Nurse agency accrual over estimated in m11 based on working file. Change of assumptions and knowledge in m12 re-calculated the outstanding accrual which was materially lower than previously.
M&SE/non pay items	27		27			X				Various one-off purchases including disabled living aids, cushions etc. (£12k was known about but not until after the m11 forecast had been submitted.)
Sub total	209	112	97	0						
Pathology										
Immunology SLA over performance	34	34			X					The over-performance element for Immunology relates to the C&V SLA. See point below.
Cardiff Lab SLA over performance	30	30			X					Monitoring reports received quarterly in arrears and used as a basis for accruing any under or over-performance. The Q3 report suggested a small under performance, however when the YE AoB exercise was done, the HB was invoiced for over-performance based on Q4 information. The reason for the change in activity and cost is being investigated with the service and potentially C&V to provide earlier indications going forward.
PHW SLA over performance	74	74			X					There are newly set up meetings with PHW to review the SLA as well as quarterly detailed activity information. The unexpected over-performance is due to this process becoming established and the invoicing becoming more timely and accurate from PHW avoiding late adjustments.
PHW SLA missed accrual in M11 so catch up	100		100					X		Mostly NHS England
NSO-largely Lab costs	70	70						X		Fluctuates up and down according to timing of orders
Various M&SE and Lab consumables	65		65		X					Further reduction Post day 4 of £80k as Roche confirmed in writing that 21/22 overperformance was lower than previously accrued.
Agreement of Post Day 4 reduction of (£80k)										
Sub total	373	208	165	0						
Radiology										
PCR funding shortfall re Everlight outsourcing	20		20				X	X		shortfall not identified at M10
Price increase on Omnipaque	12	12			X					
C&V SLA unexpected over performance in Q4	36	36			X					
Sub total	68	48	20	0						
USC										
Medical Agency, predominantly ED at 3 sites	300	114		186	X	X				Multiple issues, some demand driven re. sickness. Some linked to study leave x 3 trainees, service could have communicated sooner. Analysis identified a number of Patchwork commitments with 'open shifts' at the default 70hrs per week, if these had been closed to reflect actual hours, in month cost would have been lower. Being followed up with CSGs for more timely Patchwork updates.
Medical pay pressures, non agency, including WLIs, ADH and locum spend	111			111	X	X		X		Learning re. forecasting issue re. WLI funding.
Medical Job plan arrears	87	87				X				Presume given arrears this could have been highlighted by the CSG and captured in the forecast earlier.

	Difference between M12 Actual and M12 Forecast	Recurrent	NR	TBC	No learning as movement due to random events or demand driven etc.	Budget holder engagement and communication	Communication between Finance teams	Forecasting issues within Finance	Impact of new system / service / data	Comments
	£k	£k	£k	£k						
RN agency, predominantly ED across 3 sites	286	164		122	X	X	X	X		Increase in cover to manage higher A/L taken - learning opportunity if there is a way to get an update on A/L still to be taken earlier in the year to inform the forecast. Have established some A/L reporting within USC, will help understand movements, unclear if this will help to inform forecasting, but should inform better roster management. Some of this is likely linked to people having carried forward more A/L into 22/23 so a bigger issue than normal at the year end? Therefore an element should be one off. Learning opportunity - catch up of M11 costs, anomaly could have been spotted in M11 reporting within Finance team and the catch up forecast for M12. Likely not helped by Finance team being new to looking after some budgets and not being familiar with 'normal' run rate etc.
RN overtime actual Vs trend	123		123		X	X				As noted above, an increase in cover to manage higher A/L taken - learning opportunity if there is a way to get an update on A/L still to be taken earlier in the year to inform the forecast. Some of this likely linked to people having carried forward more A/L into 22/23 so a bigger issue than normal at the year end?
Payment of A/L days (AJ estimate)	51		51		X					
POW AMU clarity on agency rate - standard not specialist rate	-200			-200		X			X	Better information rates as a result of eBilling process, incorrect information previously provided by CSG. TBC if on off benefit or some recurrent opportunity, eBilling process enabling more timely charges/payments so scale of accrual reduced.
HCA spend better than forecast, including agency reduction	-161			-161	X					Range of factors driving this, ultimately demand reduced, likely linked to improved controls. Possibly improved RN fill rate also. Hopefully this will develop to a sustained trend.
POW Admin agency catch up	35		35			X			X	New information led to a change in accrual approach. Learning opportunity - discuss any changes to accrual approach within finance team ahead of transacting it.
Agreement of balance dialogue re. Swansea Bay recharge for POW Endoscopy Maintenance historic charges	-132		-132		X		X			Was resolved late in the day, learning - if Finance team had escalated earlier, may have clarified sooner. Though equally the lateness may have helped SB agree to forgo the income?!
Stocktakes	85			85	X		X			Stock take numbers communicated with finance/transacted at M12, but in most cases stock takes completed in M11. Could there be some earlier communication so that queries can be worked through sooner to avoid trying to resolve issues during WD2/3/4 M12.
Pacing RGH	217	217							X	New information led to a change in accrual approach and catch up on costs. Learning opportunity - discuss any changes to accrual approach within finance team ahead of transacting it.
Pacing POW	112	80	32		X	X				Activity up 18% M11 and M12, catch up on M11 as activity data received late.
POW M11 double funding Gastro - NICE and Parc Prison	102		102		X				X	
POW Drug funding catch up, funding for full year re. specific cardiology drug	-110			-110		X				Unclear why a delay in funding, presumably more prompt Meds Mgt processes could have reduced the delay.
RGH Drugs - NICE funding % reduction, plus FP10 increase in Q4	156			156	X	X				NICE funding issue possibly linked to delay in Homecare funding - more timely reporting of NICE status could avoid a time lag in cost vs funding. Spike in latest FP10 data compounded by accrual.
WAST invoices - Deputy COO decision for USC to pay, new cost and no funding	60			60	X					
Income	-155		-155		X	X			X	Income recovery not highlighted in some cases e.g. secondment income. Some demand driven - commissioning numbers reviewed at year end.
Endoscopy maintenance extension	57	57								
CRES adjustment	-18	-18								
Sub total	1006	701	56	249						
C&F										
RN overtime above trend, B6 and B7, Paeds ward, SCU, Acute midwifery	72	38		34						In part, an increase in cover to manage higher A/L taken - learning opportunity if there is a way to get an update on A/L still to be taken earlier in the year to inform the forecast. Some of this likely linked to people having carried forward more A/L into 22/23 so a bigger issue than normal at the year end? Therefore an element should be one off.
RN overtime actual Vs trend	54			54						
Nursing	-58			-58						
Medical ND funding for WLIs	-69	-69						X		
Medical O&G POW Agency, ADH rates	24	-13	37		X	X				
Admin - overtime and agency	25	9	16		X	X				
Stocktakes	33	33			X					
M&SE spend	43	43			X					
Drugs, HIV and maternity, particularly FP10s	67	67			X					
LAC invoices, particularly Hywel Dda	66		66		X					Charge errors, to be resolved with Hywel Dda
CHC CAMHS patient 2:1 care	43		43		X	X				Improved reporting of patient status, dependent on feedback from different Care Group
Insulin pumps	40	40				X				Service establishing a plan for diabetic pumps so spend is more predictable
Leqal fees	28		28		X					
Lease car, anomaly costs	12		12				X	X		Post M12 advised that coding error, charges should have gone against balance sheet, to be adjusted M01. Also portion of costs linked to 'out of time' VAT charges. Learning is external to DSA team.
Neonatal SLA, charges backdated to May 22	13	13				X				
Halcyon costs	13		13					X		
Nurse recruitment, incl income offset	50	50								
Income updates	-17	-17								
Sub total	439	194	215	30						

	Difference between M12 Actual and M12 Forecast	Recurrent	NR	TBC	No learning as movement due to random events or demand driven etc.	Budget holder engagement and communication	Communication between Finance teams	Forecasting issues within Finance	Impact of new system / service / data	Comments
	£k	£k	£k	£k						
Other USC Comments										Other comments from team: If new information surfaces, discuss amongst team ahead of changing approaches which would result in a material change Agreement of balance issues, ensure anything that is TBC whether income or spend in highlighted within team ahead of M12 Procurement cut off 3 weeks before year end, does this drive a behaviour to over stock at year end. Is it still necessary to have such an early cut off? Budget reconciliations, ensure these are happening for all areas each month. Including checks to specific funding streams e.g. PCR budget v forecast reporting. Also recurrent CRES template vs ledger. Ensure adequate review of run rates, especially for unexpected increases or decreases - don't assume a reduction is correct (as much as it may be what we want to see).
Planned Care										
Strike overpayment	100		100		X					Unexpected payment following system change, accrued out centrally
Additional ADH accrual	150		150				X			Extended timeframe for calculation of ADH accrual
Unexpected increase in Medical agency	135		135			X				Primarily in RGH general surgery and urology could be linked to increased annual leave
Increase in nurse overtime costs	153		77	76		X				Significant increase across wards, theatres and ITU - likely linked to year-end annual leave booking
Other	-2		-2		X					
Stock take adjustment	78		78		X					unplanned stock take adjustment
increased spend in theatres	81		81			X				significant increase in activity in m12
other	-5		-5		X					
Sub total	690	0	614	76						
Medicines Management										
PAR	800	800						X		Higher than anticipated growth (price related not volume)
Income	-269	-269						X		higher than antedated funding for OATs from commissioning
other	49	49			X					
Sub total	580	580	0	0						
Therapies										
lower than projected non pay spend	-78		-78			X				Predominantly in weight management (new service)
other	11		11		X					
Sub total	-67	0	-67	0						
Facilities Hub										
WAST invoice less than anticipated	-99			-99	x					Information from WAST not provided regularly to assess usage of vehicles
Laundry	71		71				x	x		21/22 accrual issues hit in 22/23 NWSSP would not accept recharge this year. Should have been highlighted as a risk
Sub total	-28	0	71	-99						
Facilities non hub										
Agency Spike in M10 not factored into the forecast	79		79				x	x		Impact lost in handover process
Removal Expenses	21		21			x				
Other	30		30							Various small up and downs across all the areas
Sub total	130	0	130	0						
PC&S										
Other	29		29		x					Multiple small movements
Sub total	29	0	29	0						
Public Health										
Recovery of CVC funding	193		193				x			Forecast did not account for funding reclaim as not advised it was happening
Underspend on COVID programmes above forecast	-306		-306					x		Forecast for LA costs overstated
Sub total	-113	0	-113	0						
National Imaging Academy										
CTM share of underspend	-41		-41					x		Value was not carried forward from m10 forecast to m11
Further slippage over plan agreed with service	-21		-21			x				
Sub total	-62	0	-62	0						
Planning & partnerships										
Catch up on secondment income	-81		-81			x				Not aware it needed to be billed
Slippage on SW@H2	-111		-111				x	x		Anticipated staff transfers not actioned but forecast should also have highlighted this earlier

	Difference between M12 Actual and M12 Forecast	Recurrent	NR	TBC	No learning as movement due to random events or demand driven etc.	Budget holder engagement and communication	Communication between Finance teams	Forecasting issues within Finance	Impact of new system / service / data	Comments
	£k	£k	£k	£k						
Budget phasing into M12	-160		-160					x		Budget phased into M12 was not accounted for in forecast Service ceased / historic budget not reallocated Anticipated underspend £499k recognised in forecast. Not notified to WeG by regional team in a timely fashion. Confusion over income / allocation issue not discussed across teams as a result
RCT invoices not received.	-48		-48			x		x		
HCF WeG allocation recovery	0		0			x	x			
Other	-5		-5							
Sub total	-405	0	-405	0						
Estates										
SB Income above forecast	-250		-250			x				Budget phased into M12 was not accounted for in forecast Uncertainty surrounding timing of recovery Various movements from forecast due to complications associated with energy costs being reported in Estates and also Care Groups Various movements from forecast
Budget phasing into M12	-431			-431				x		
PCH Rates recovery	471		471		x					
Energy	-450		-450				x	x		
Other	30		30							
Sub total	-630	0	-199	-431						
W&OD										
Budget phasing issues	-131		-131					x		Budget phased into M12 was not accounted for in forecast
Sub total	-131	0	-131	0						
Contracting & Commissioning	-234		-234				x			Bowel screening budget not issued to CSGs £120k, Private patient and non LTA income improvements in M12.
Planned care recovery	1029		1029					x		Increased outsourcing activity and ensuring the accounting treatment captured all 'pathway costs'.
TOTAL	3232	2082	1325	-175						

(Agenda Item) 6.2 **27 June 2023** **Planning , Performance & Finance Committee** **M2 Finance Report**

Report Details:

FOI Status:	Open (Public)
If closed please indicate reason:	N/A
Prepared By:	Mark Thomas, Deputy Director of Finance
Presented By:	Sally May, Director of Finance & Procurement
Approving Executive Sponsor:	Sally May, Director of Finance & Procurement
Report Purpose	For Discussion
Engagement undertaken to date:	N/A

Impact Assessment:

Indicate the Quality / Safety / Patient Experience Implications:	There are no specific quality or safety implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Related Health and Care Standard	Governance, Leadership & Accountability
Has an EQIA been undertaken?	Not required
Are there any Legal Implications /Impact.	There are no specific legal implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Are there any resource (capital/Revenue/Workforce Implications / Impact?	Yes. The paper is directly relevant to the allocation and utilisation of resources.
Link to Strategic Goals	Sustaining Our Future.

2023-24 Finance Report

Month 2

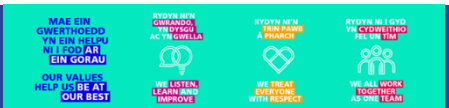
Summary

Situation	Background
<p>Our draft financial plan for 23/24 was submitted to Welsh Government (WG) on 31 March 2024. The draft plan identified a forecast deficit of £79.6m and WG confirmed that the plan was not supportable. The Health Board submitted a supplementary paper to WG at the end of May outlining the further work undertaken and the impact on the plan assumptions. However, the forecast deficit of £79.6m is unchanged. We are awaiting feedback on the 31 May submission.</p> <p>The draft plan includes a £27.3m savings target which will require a significant step up in savings delivery compared to recent years.</p> <p>The failure to submit a financially balanced plan is a breach of our statutory duty under the Finance (Wales) Act 2014.</p> <p>This report outlines our financial performance against the draft plan for Month 2 (i.e. the period to 31st May 2023).</p> <p>A separate Finance Performance report has been prepared which sets out the financial performance of the individual Care Groups and directorates as at M2 (i.e. the Delegated budget position).This financial performance report is discussed at the Planning, Performance & Finance Committee (PPFC) and the Executive Leadership Group (ELG) meetings.</p>	<p>Our financial performance for 2022-23 was a deficit of £24.5m. This meant that we did not achieve our break even financial duty against the Revenue Resource Limit over the 3 year period 2020-21 to 2022-23.</p> <p>Our underlying position also deteriorated during 2022-23 with a forecast B'fwd financial challenge from 2022-23 of £79.6m. This includes :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Core plan recurrent deficit = £60.9m • Ongoing Covid response costs at the end of 22/23 = £10.0m • Ongoing exceptional energy costs = £8.7m <p>We planned to achieve recurrent savings of £17.3m in 2022-23 but only £9.2m was delivered recurrently. Our recurrent savings shortfall in 2022-23 was therefore £8.1m.</p>

Summary



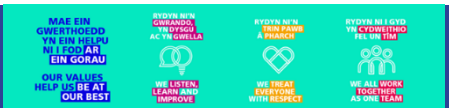
Assessment	Recommendation
<p>Overall Revenue position:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The M2 in month position reported a £6.8m deficit (M1: £6.6m). The M2 YTD position is reporting a £13.4m deficit against the Revenue Resource Limit. This represents a £0.1m adverse variance compared to 2/12th of the forecast £79.6m deficit in the financial plan (£13.3m). The year end forecast remains at £79.6m which is consistent with the draft plan. Significant risks have been highlighted on page 18 (Risks and opportunities) which total £13.0m. This forecast assumes that we will receive £11m of funding for ongoing Covid programme costs. <p>Savings position:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Actual savings to M2 YTD was £2.2m which is £2.3m below the M2 savings target of £4.6m. The M2 forecast In year savings is £19.9m. This is £7.4m below the annual savings target of £27.3m. The M2 forecast Recurrent savings of £20.7m is £6.6m below the £27.3m target. Forecast savings have increased by £10.9m from M1 (primarily from increased Non Delegated savings) but the latest plans are still £7.4m below the target for 23/24. Urgent work is needed to develop robust plans to close the forecast gap of £7.4m In year and £6.6m recurrently. <p>Cash position:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The forecast Cash Flow position to year end shows a projected deficit of £79.6m. This reflects the forecast deficit in the draft plan and will require future strategic cash support. Without cash support there will be a cash shortfall in the latter months of the financial year. 	<p>The PPFC is asked to DISCUSS and NOTE the financial performance of the Health Board for the period to 31st May 2023.</p>



Contents



Slide	Subject Area
5	Executive Summary
6-7	YTD Performance & Forecast
8-11	Pay Expenditure
12	Variable Pay Expenditure
13	Non pay Expenditure
14	COVID Expenditure
15	Savings
16-17	Income Assumptions
18-19	Risk Management
	Statement of Financial Position – Not Reported at M2
20	Cash Flow forecast
21	Public Sector Payment Policy Compliance – Not Reported at M2
22	Capital Expenditure



Overall Revenue Position

- The M2 in month position reported a £6.8m deficit (M1: £6.6m).
- The M2 YTD position is reporting a £13.4m deficit against the Revenue Resource Limit. This represents a £0.1m adverse variance compared to 2/12ths of the forecast £79.6m deficit in the financial plan (£13.3m).
- The year end forecast remains at £79.6m which is consistent with the draft plan. Significant risks totalling £13.0m have been highlighted on page 18 (Risks and opportunities).

Savings

- Actual savings to M2 YTD was £2.2m which is £2.3m below the M2 savings target of £4.6m.
- The M2 forecast In year savings is £19.9m. This is £7.4m below the annual savings target of £27.3m. The M2 forecast Recurrent savings of £20.7m is £6.6m below the £27.3m target.
- Forecast savings have increased by £10.9m from M1 (primarily from increased Non Delegated savings) but the latest plans are still £7.4m below the target for 23/24. Urgent work is needed to develop robust plans to close the forecast gap of £7.4m In year and £6.6m recurrently.

Cash

- The closing cash balance at 31st May 2023 was £5.4m.
- The forecast Cash Flow position to year end shows a projected deficit of £79.6m. This reflects the forecast deficit in the draft plan and will require strategic cash support. Without cash support there will be a cash shortfall in the latter months of the financial year.

Capital

- The Capital Resource Limit for 2023-24 is currently £64.5m, this is supplemented by £0.1m of donated funds and £0.2m of assets disposed of in this financial year giving an overall programme of £64.8m.
- Expenditure to M2 was £10.9m.
- The forecast outturn capital position is breakeven to the CRL target.

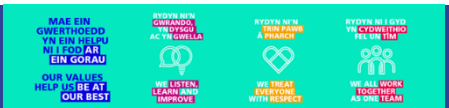
Year to Date Performance and Forecast



	M2 Actual	M2 YTD	M2 Forecast	Financial Plan
	£m	£m	£m	
Core plan deficit	6.1	11.9	70.9	70.9
Exceptional Energy costs	0.7	1.5	8.7	8.7
Covid programme costs:				
Health Protection	0.4	0.9	9.1	9.1
PPE	0.0	0.1	0.3	1.0
Adferiad	0.0	0.1	1.0	1.0
Nosocomial	0.0	0.1	0.6	0.6
Anticipated funding	(0.5)	(1.1)	(11.0)	(11.7)
Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Grand total	6.8	13.4	79.6	79.6

Key Points:

- The M2 in month position reported a £6.8m deficit (M1: £6.6m).
- The M2 YTD position is reporting a £13.4m deficit against the Revenue Resource Limit. This represents a £0.1m adverse variance compared to 2/12th of the forecast £79.6m deficit in the financial plan (£13.3m).
- The M2 YTD Core plan position was a deficit of £11.9m.
- The M2 YTD Exceptional energy cost pressure was £1.5m, and remains in line with the plan.
- The M2 YTD COVID costs was £1.1m with anticipated WG funding of £1.1m to match.





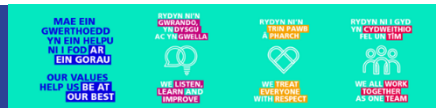
Year to Date Performance



	Annual Budget (£m)	Cur Month Variance (£m)	YTD Variance (£m)	Page reference
Pay	627.6	1.0	1.6	8
Non Pay	863.9	(0.5)	(1.0)	12
Income	(143.0)	(0.4)	(0.5)	15
Allocations	(1,238.1)	0.0	0.0	
Forecast deficit in draft plan (£79.6m)	(79.6)	6.6	13.3	
Grand Total	0.0	6.8	13.4	

Key Points:

- The Annual Plan includes a savings target of £27.3m. As at M2 only £2.2m of savings has been achieved against a savings target of £4.5m, leaving a savings shortfall at M2 of £2.3m.
- The £13.4m deficit noted above is £0.1m worse than 2/12th of the forecast deficit of £79.6m. This includes the £2.3m savings shortfall which is offset by other favourable operating variances of £2.2m.





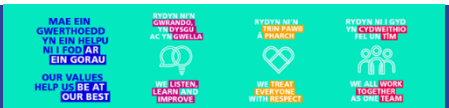
Pay Expenditure



Staff Group	Plan	YTD Actual	YTD Variance
	£'m	£'m	£'m
Administrative & Clerical	14.8	14.8	.0
Medical And Dental	25.7	27.7	2.0
Nursing And Midwifery Registered	34.9	33.7	-1.3
Add Prof Scientific And Technical	3.4	3.0	-0.4
Additional Clinical Services	13.1	14.3	1.2
Allied Health Professionals	6.8	6.6	-0.2
Healthcare Scientists	2.2	2.2	0.0
Estates And Ancilliary	6.0	6.3	0.2
Students	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pay Budget Adjustments	-0.1	0.0	0.1
Grand Total	106.9	108.5	1.6

Key Points:

- The M2 YTD pay expenditure is £108.5m . This represents a £1.6m adverse variance compared to the M2 plan of £106.9m.
- The £2.0m adverse variance in Medical & Dental is mainly due to increased ADH payments and Agency costs. The Care Groups will need to review and understand the drivers for this overspend and take actions to reduce.
- The £1.2m adverse variance in Additional Clinical Services includes additional cover provided to manage registered nursing vacancies.
- The £1.3m favourable variance in Nursing & Midwifery Registered is mainly the result of vacancies.



Pay Expenditure Trends

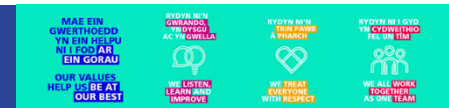


Staff Group	Dec-22 £'m	Jan-23 £'m	Feb-23 £'m	Mar-23 £'m	Apr-23 £'m	May-23 £'m
Administrative & Clerical	7.2	7.3	7.1	8.5	7.5	7.3
Medical And Dental	14.2	14.1	13.8	17.7	13.5	14.2
Nursing And Midwifery Registered	17.1	16.3	17.1	22.2	17.1	16.6
Add Prof Scientific And Technical	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5
Additional Clinical Services	6.9	8.1	7.3	9.2	7.2	7.1
Allied Health Professionals	3.3	3.3	3.3	4.4	3.2	3.4
Healthcare Scientists	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.1	1.1
Estates And Ancillary	3.0	3.1	3.0	4.1	3.0	3.3
Students	.2	.1	.1	.1	.0	.0
Grand Total	54.4	54.9	54.2	69.1	54.1	54.4

Key Points:

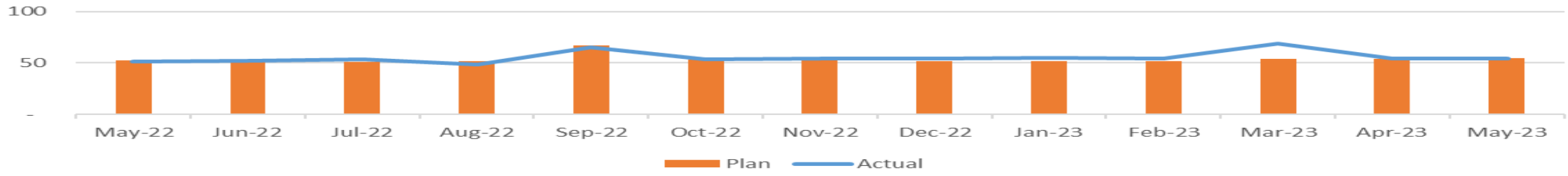
- The M12 expenditure of £69.1m included a number of one off items. The net position after excluding these one off items was £57.5m.
- Total spend in M2 increased slightly compared to M1 which reflects the Easter Bank Holidays. The main movements were the £0.7m increase in Medical & Dental spend mainly related to agency expenditure, offset by a £0.5m reduction in Nursing & Midwifery Registered costs .
- Individual spend categories are broadly consistent with M1.
- The £0.2m increase in agency costs in M2 includes a £0.5m increase in Medical agency and a £0.5m reduction in Nursing agency.

Spend category	Dec-22 £'m	Jan-23 £'m	Feb-23 £'m	Mar-23 £'m	Apr-23 £'m	May-23 £'m
Core	45.2	45.0	45.4	58.0	46.2	46.1
Agency	5.6	5.4	4.8	5.5	4.3	4.5
Overtime	1.2	2.0	1.7	2.4	1.3	1.3
ADH	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.1	1.2
Bank	0.8	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.0
WLI	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.3
Grand Total	54.4	54.9	54.2	69.1	54.1	54.4

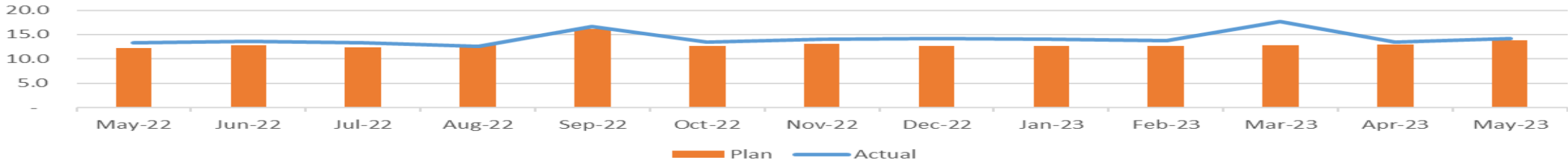


Pay Expenditure Trends

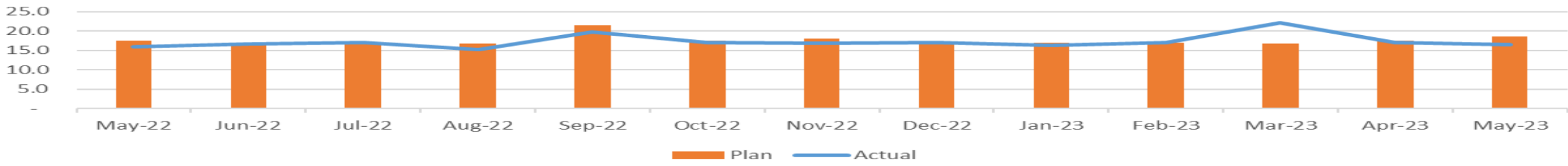
Total Pay Expenditure Trend (£'m)



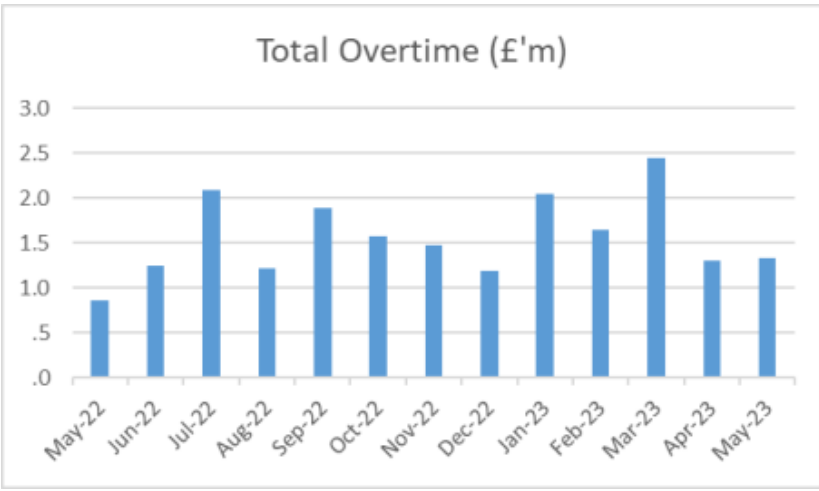
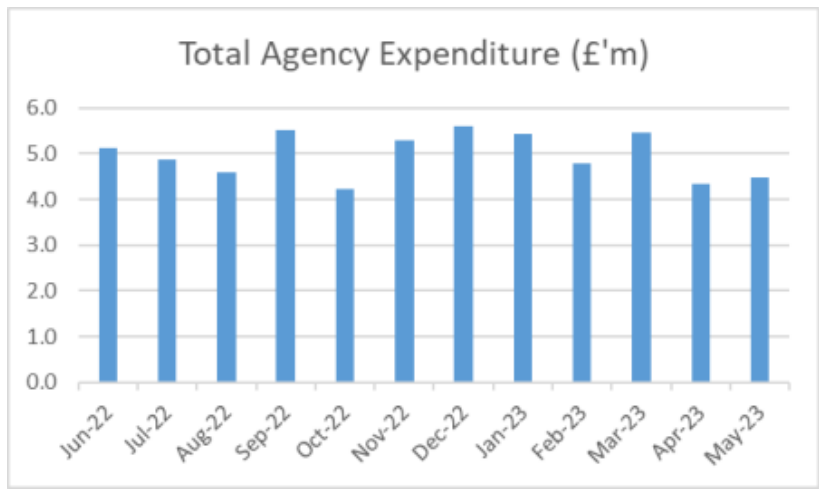
Medical & Dental Pay Expenditure Trend (£'m)



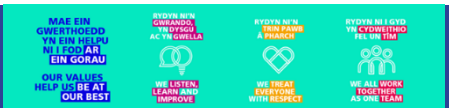
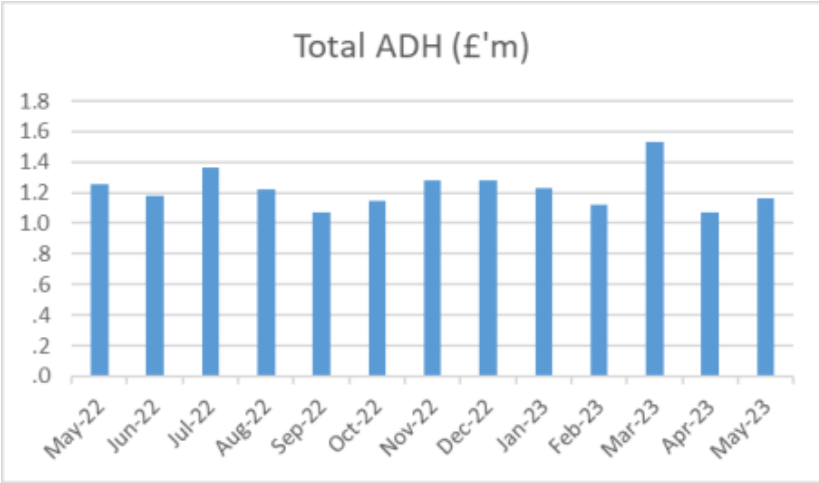
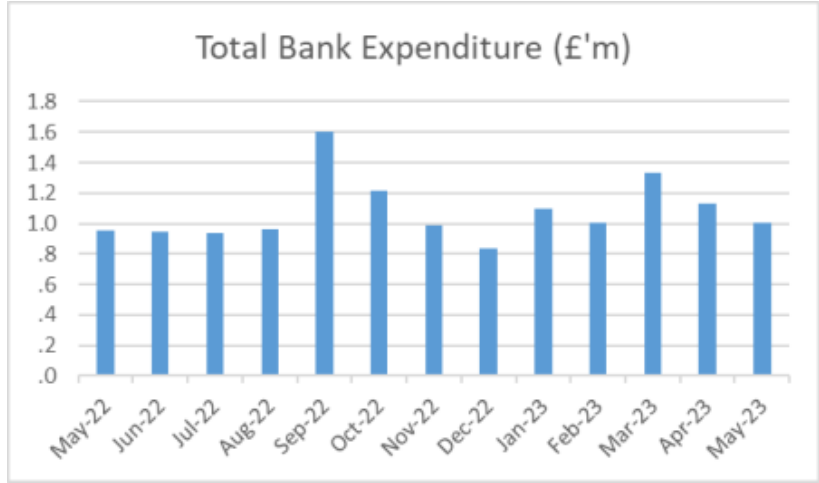
Nursing & Midwifery Pay Expenditure Trend (£'m)



Variable Pay Expenditure Trends



- Key Points :**
- M2 Total agency expenditure increased by £0.2m compared to M1.
 - M2 Overtime costs remain consistent with M1.
 - M2 Bank Expenditure decreased by £0.1m compared to M1.
 - M2 ADH expenditure increased by £0.2m compared to M1.
 - Variable pay expenditure remains volatile with no consistent reductions in trend.

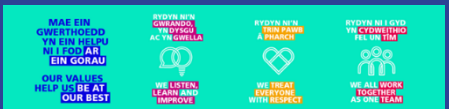
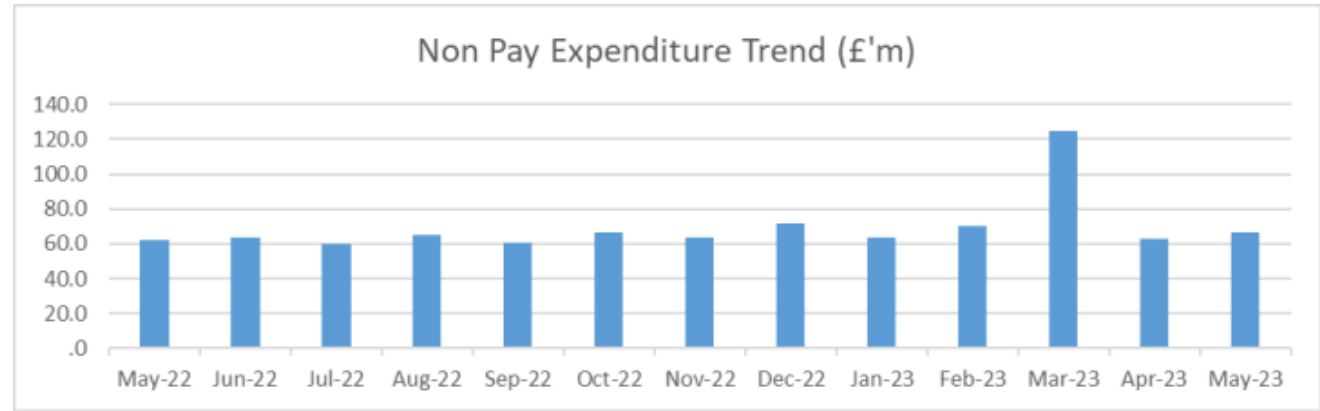


Non Pay Expenditure



Staff Group	Plan £'m	YTD Actual £'m	YTD Variance £'m
Primary Care Contractors	23.0	22.5	(0.5)
Primary Care Drugs	16.7	18.1	1.3
Provider Non Pay	25.4	27.2	1.8
Commissioned Activity	56.5	56.6	0.1
Capital Charges	5.5	5.5	0.0
Other Non Pay	3.5	(0.4)	(3.9)
Total Expenditure	130.6	129.4	(1.1)

- Key Points:**
- The M2 YTD non pay position is reporting a £1.1m underspend.
 - The main overspending area relates to Primary Care Drugs which is reporting a £1.3m adverse variance. This is high level estimate pending receipt of the M1 prescribing data which will not be received until M3 (i.e. 2m in arrears). The increases in M11 and M12 have been reflected in the financial plan plus an estimate for growth and price inflation.
 - The underspend of £3.9m in Other Non pay includes a release of non delegated reserves and non delegated savings of £2.6m.
 - The Provider Non Pay overspend of £1.8m is mainly £0.8m NICE Drugs, £0.8m clinical supplies & services.
 - The increase in M12 expenditure was mainly attributed to Capital charges of circa £46m together with Planned care recovery £2.5m and £4.5m in Planning and Partnerships as a result of increased spend on the Regional Integration Fund (RIF) RIF at year end. M2 expenditure is broadly consistent with M1 and also M10 & M11 of 22/23.





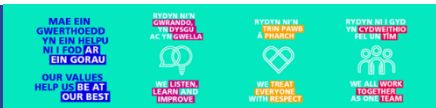
COVID Expenditure



	M02 Actual	M02 YTD	M02 Forecast	Financial Plan	Change
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Programme costs					
Public Health Response - TTP	0.1	0.2	2.7	2.7	0.0
Public Health Response - Mass Vaccination	0.3	0.7	6.4	6.4	0.0
PPE	0.0	0.1	0.3	1.0	(0.7)
Adferiad (Long COVID)	0.0	0.1	1.0	1.0	0.0
Nosocomial Investigation	0.0	0.1	0.6	0.6	0.0
Confirmed funding	(0.5)	(1.1)	(11.0)	(11.7)	(0.7)
Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Key Points:

- The M2 spend of £0.5m was consistent with M1.
- The M2 forecast is £0.7m lower than the Financial Plan due to reduced PPE costs.

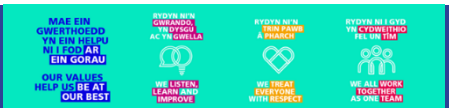


Savings



	Month 2			Month 1		
	M2 YTD	23/24	Rec	M1 YTD	23/24	Rec
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Savings target as at M2	4.6	27.3	27.3	2.3	27.3	27.3
Actual and Forecast Savings	(2.2)	(19.9)	(20.7)	(0.3)	(9.0)	(9.3)
Total	2.3	7.4	6.6	2.0	18.3	18.0

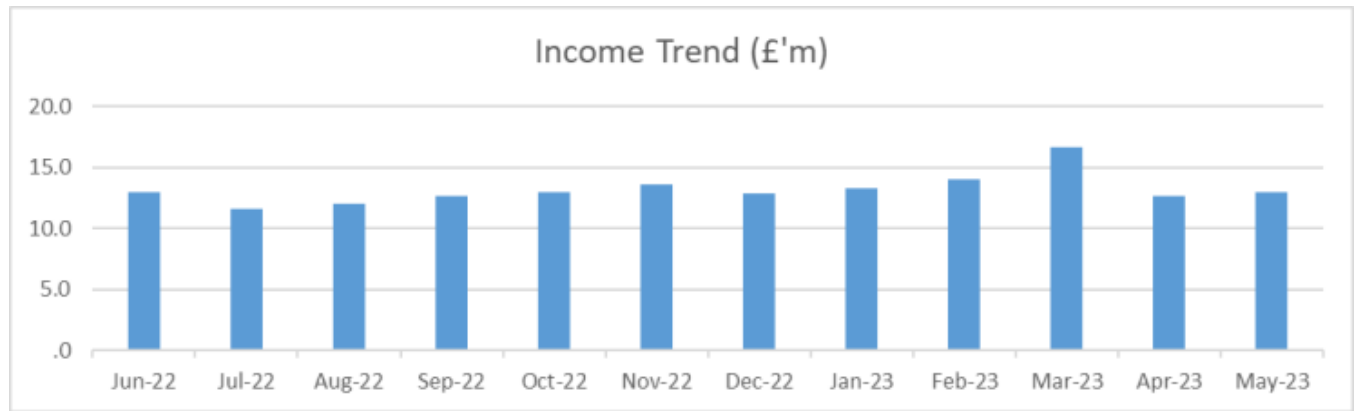
- Key Points:**
- The actual savings to M2 was £2.2m which is £2.3m below the M2 savings target of £4.6m.
 - The M2 forecast In year savings is £18.9m. This is £7.4m below the annual savings target of £27.3m.
 - The M2 forecast Recurrent savings of £19.7m is £6.6m below the £27.3m target.
 - Forecast savings have increased by £10.9m from M1 (primarily from increased Non Delegated savings) but the latest plans are still £7.4m below the target for 23/24.
 - Urgent work is needed to develop robust plans to close the forecast gap of £7.4m In year and £6.6m recurrently.
 - The financial plan for 2023/24 also includes anticipated accountancy gains of £3.0m



Income Group	M02 YTD Plan £'m	M02 YTD Actual £'m	M02 YTD Variance £'m
Health Organisations Income	15.5	16.0	(0.6)
Local Authorities Income	2.6	2.5	0.0
Catering Income	0.5	0.5	0.1
Private Patients	0.1	0.0	0.0
Other Income	6.4	6.5	(0.1)
Total	25.0	25.5	(0.5)

Key Points:

- The M2 year to date income position is reporting a £0.5m favourable variance.
- Further details of the NHS income assumptions are included on page 17 together with a specific income risk with Aneurin Bevan Health Board.



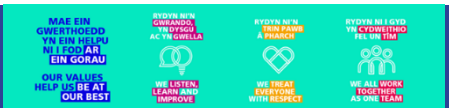
Income Assumptions WG



	REVENUE RESOURCE LIMIT				Resource Limit £'m
	HCHS £'m	Pharmacy £'m	Dental £'m	GMS £'m	
Confirmed Welsh Government Allocations	1,053.2	28.5	23.5	83.3	1,188.5
Anticipated Allocations:					
RLW Social Care Workers	4.8				4.8
Substance Misuse	3.9				3.9
COVID Programme costs	10.4				10.4
1.5% Consolidate NHS Pay Award 22/23	8.9				8.9
Regional PCR Cataracts	3.8				3.8
Mental Health Investment Funding	3.3				3.3
Six Goals and Same Day Emergency Care (SDEC)	3				3
Regional PCR Mobile Endoscopy	2.9				2.9
23/24 Pay award	tbc				tbc
Other	4.9				4.9
Total Allocations	1,099.1	28.5	23.5	83.3	1,234.4

Key Points:

- As at M2 the confirmed Revenue Resource allocation was £1,188.5m.
- The forecast position assumes a further £45.9m of Anticipated allocations to give a Total allocation of £1,234.4m.
- We are also anticipating that the 23/24 pay award will be fully funded.
- Until formally confirmed by WG, there are a number of risks associated with some of the these anticipated allocations. These are included in the Risk table on Page 18.



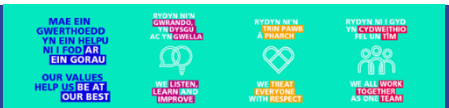
Income Assumptions - NHS



	Contracted Income	Non Contracted Income	Total Income
	£'m	£'m	£'m
Swansea Bay University	31.7	0.9	32.5
Aneurin Bevan University	21.1	1.3	22.4
Betsi Cadwaladr University	0.0	0.2	0.2
Cardiff & Vale University	16.3	1.5	17.8
Cwm Taf Morgannwg University	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hywel Dda University	0.5	0.3	0.8
Powys	4.8	0.5	5.3
Public Health Wales	3.3	0.8	4.1
Velindre	0.0	10.2	10.2
NWSSP	0.0	0.0	0.0
DHCW	1.3	0.0	1.3
Wales Ambulance Services	0.0	0.1	0.1
WHSSC	12.0	1.1	13.1
EASC	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEIW	0.0	13.3	13.3
NHS Wales Executive	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	91.0	30.2	121.2

Key Points :

- The Health Board is assuming that LTA arrangements for 23/24 will follow the recommendation accepted by the majority view at the Directors of Finance meeting on the 17th March 2023.
- The Health Board has received a letter from ABUHB indicating that they do not accept this position. The risk to our draft plan is £3.1m and this has been included in our Risk table on Page 18.
- If the dispute between AB and CTM is not resolved, the WG guidance states that an arbitration case must be submitted by both parties by the 30th June. Discussions to attempt to resolve the dispute between DoFs in the first instance and then CEOs will need to have taken place prior to the arbitration case being submitted.





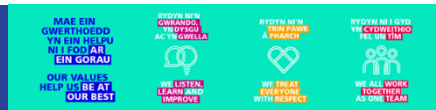
Risk Management Risks and Opportunities



	Month 2 £m	May submission £m	Comment
Savings delivery risks:			
Shortfall against planned savings delivery of £27.3m.	7.4	8.6	The latest forecast shortfall at M2 is £7.4m.
Forecast recurrent overspends in Care Groups not recognised in the plan. Risk of not delivering the £7.0m of NR benefits in 22/23 again in 23/24.	0.0	0.0	
Funding risks:			
Assumed WG funding for dental – 30% abatement of the dental income target	0.0	0.0	WG have confirmed that Health Board's should not assume funding for Dental patient charges shortfalls in 23/24.
Assumed funding for the impact of RLW in 23/24	1.2	1.2	Further clarification needed on funding assumptions for 23/24.
Assumed funding for Regional Planned care Recovery solutions	3.8	3.8	Further clarification needed on funding assumptions for 23/24. In the meantime, the potential risk has been estimated at 50% of the assumed Regional allocation.
Risk of the 23/24 pay award not being fully funded given the £1.9m recurrent shortfall in 22/23	1.0	1.0	Further clarification needed on funding assumptions for 23/24.
Risk of the additional costs for the extra bank holiday in 23/24 not being fully funded	0.0	0.0	Funding risk removed following confirmation of the WG funding position.
Cost pressure risks:			
Return to pre Covid Cost & Volume LTA arrangements in 23/24	1.0	1.0	
Contracting risks with other Health Boards	3.1	3.1	See Page 17 re specific risk re ABUHB.
Primary care prescribing – inflation and volume growth different to plan assumptions	Tbc	Tbc	Prescribing data is 2m in arrears and we will not have Q1 data until August 2023.
Significant uncertainty surrounding the expected energy cost pressure	Tbc	Tbc	
NICE costs exceed planned growth of £3.0m	Tbc	Tbc	
Non-Pay Inflation exceeds the £4.9m provision made in the plan (4.9%)	0.0	0.0	
Pension changes – Increased pension costs if staff opt back in following changes to the 1995 scheme	0.8	0.8	
Winter plans – All schemes funded non recurrently in 22/23 need to stop by 31 March	0.8	0.8	
Total Risks	19.0	20.2	

Key Points :

- The draft plan highlighted several significant risks and opportunities.
- As at M2 we are reporting total risks of £19.0m offset by total opportunities of £6m (next page) to give a net position of £13.0m.
- The most significant risk is the savings plan position, where the latest plans are currently £7.4m short of the £27.3m savings target.
- There are also significant risks associated with the WG funding assumptions for 23/24. The risk table includes £6.0m of funding risks where further clarification is needed on the assumptions for 23/24.
- There is also a £3.1m risk with ABUHB which is explained on Page 17.





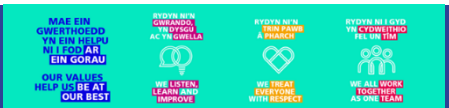
Risk Management Risks and Opportunities



	Month 2 £m	May submission £m	Comment
Contingencies / Opportunities			
Further balance sheet review within 22/23	(2.5)	(2.5)	
Retrospective vat recoveries – Primary care and Microsoft contract	(0.5)	(0.5)	
Provision for an adverse movement in discount rates in 23/24 (following a positive movement in 22/23) not required	(1.0)	(1.0)	
Potential opportunity if the HB can reduce expenditure for TTP/vaccination below the notified allocation amount – and be allowed to retain any slippage.	(2.0)	(2.0)	Further clarification needed on funding assumptions for 23/24.
Total Opportunities	(6.0)	(6.0)	
Total	13.0	14.2	

Key Points :

- No issues to note at M2.





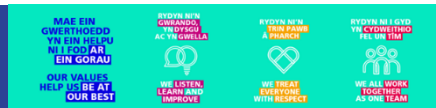
Cash Flow Forecast



Cashflow	Actual/Forecast												
	Apr £'000	May £'000	Jun £'000	Jul £'000	Aug £'000	Sep £'000	Oct £'000	Nov £'000	Dec £'000	Jan £'000	Feb £'000	Mar £'000	Total £'000
Receipts													
WG Revenue Funding	113,271	100,294	104,500	105,000	103,500	117,000	94,500	107,500	120,000	97,000	112,000	37,039	1,211,604
WG Capital Funding	0	10,000	5,500	6,500	6,500	5,500	5,000	4,500	4,000	5,200	7,000	7,206	66,906
Sale of Assets	0	249	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	249
Welsh NHS Org'ns	12,193	12,612	10,900	10,600	10,900	10,900	10,900	10,900	10,900	10,900	10,900	10,900	133,505
Other	5,917	7,290	4,000	3,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	52,207
Total Receipts	131,381	130,445	124,900	125,100	124,900	137,400	114,400	126,900	138,900	117,100	133,900	59,145	1,464,471
Payments													
Primary Care Services	28,974	7,530	29,960	7,715	17,180	28,530	7,435	19,080	33,335	8,665	19,430	19,015	226,849
Salaries and Wages	50,003	69,212	44,000	56,500	53,300	53,200	53,000	53,300	53,200	53,300	53,000	53,500	645,515
Non Pay Expenditure	43,561	46,456	50,000	51,500	49,000	50,000	49,000	50,000	49,000	50,000	54,000	62,035	604,552
Capital Payments	5,502	6,527	5,788	6,136	6,336	5,608	5,057	4,551	3,851	5,116	6,861	7,048	68,381
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Payments	128,040	129,725	129,748	121,851	125,816	137,338	114,492	126,931	139,386	117,081	133,291	141,598	1,545,297
Net Cash In/Out	3,341	720	(4,848)	3,249	(916)	62	(92)	(31)	(486)	19	609	(82,453)	
Balance B/F	1,348	4,689	5,409	561	3,810	2,894	2,956	2,864	2,833	2,347	2,366	2,975	
Balance C/F	4,689	5,409	561	3,810	2,894	2,956	2,864	2,833	2,347	2,366	2,975	(79,478)	

Key Points within the Cash Flow Forecast :

- The closing cash balance at 31st May 2023 was £5.4m.
- The forecast Cash Flow position to year end shows a projected deficit of £79.6m. This reflects the forecast deficit in the draft plan and will require future strategic cash support. Without cash support there will be a cash shortfall in the latter months of the financial year.

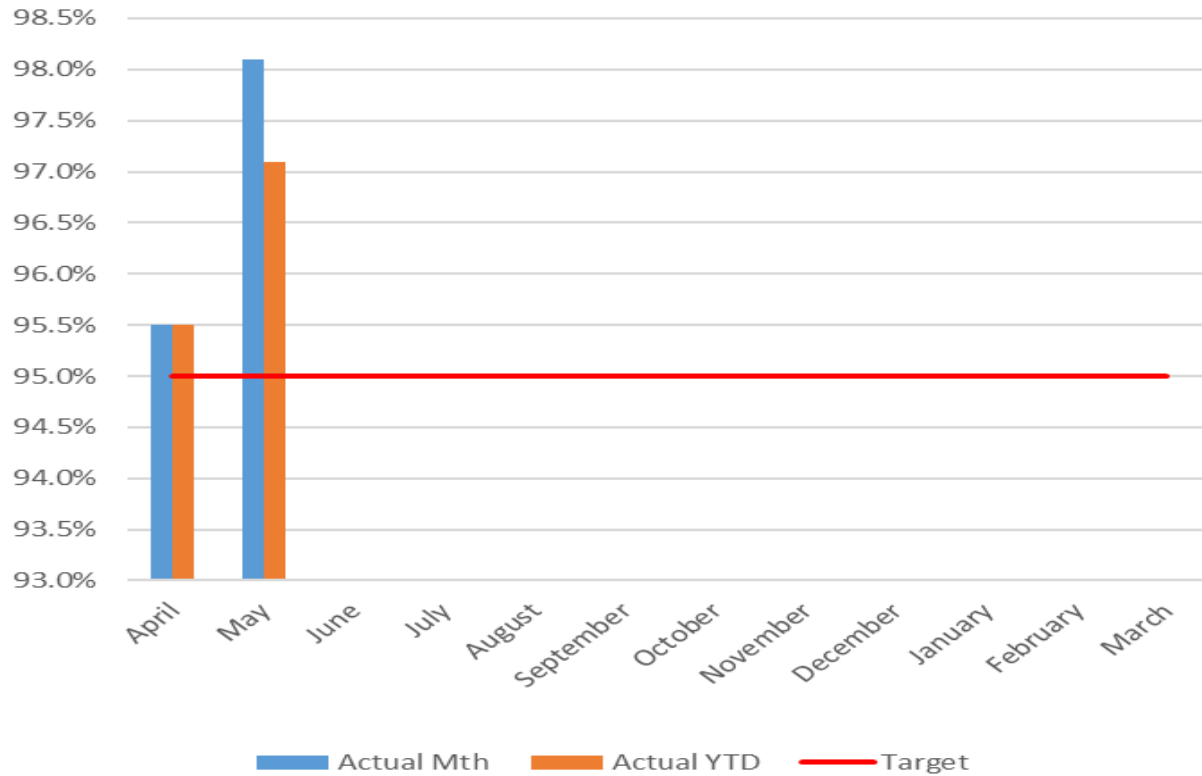




Public Sector Payment Policy

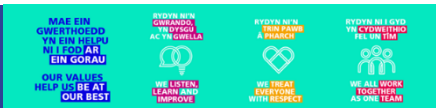


30 Day Public Sector Payment Policy

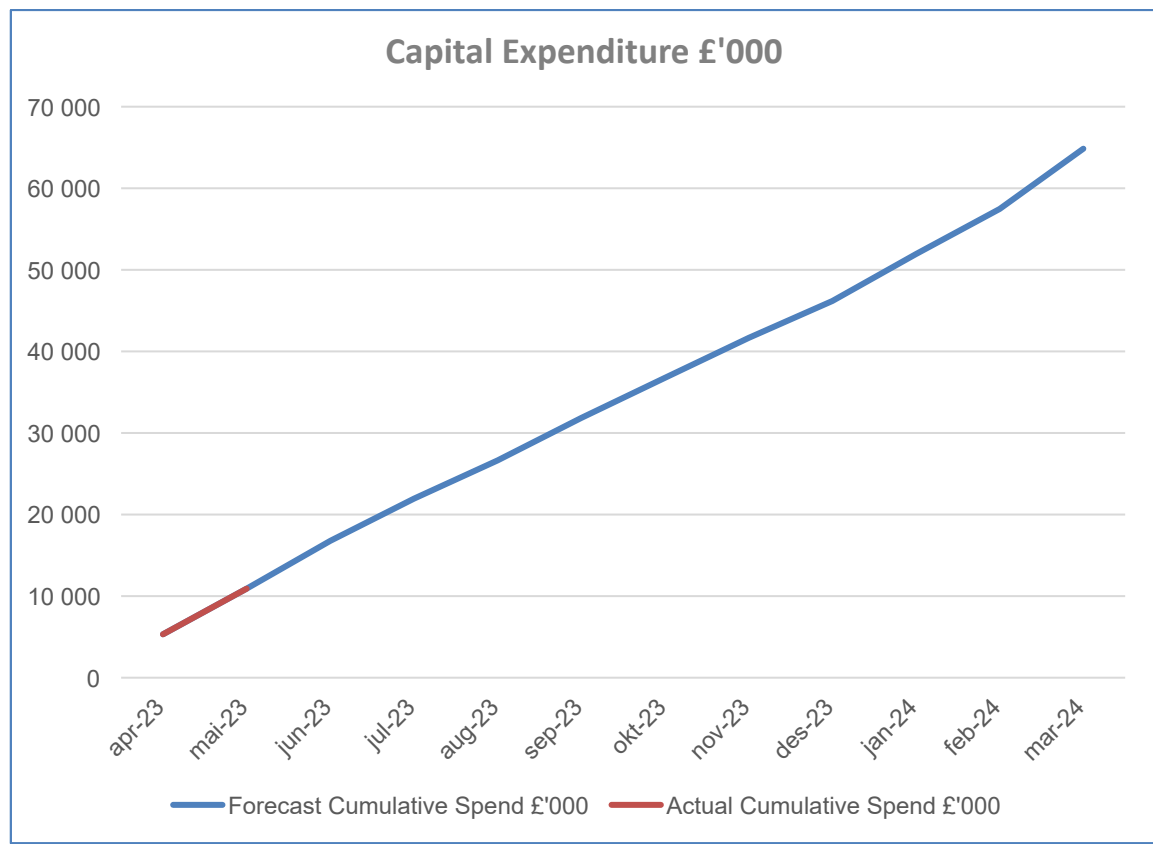


Key Points in the Public Sector Payment Policy :

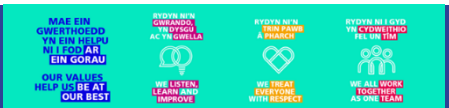
- The percentage for the number of non-NHS invoices paid within the 30 day target in February was 98.1%.
- The cumulative percentage year to date is 97.1%. The PSPP target is therefore currently being achieved up to M2 of 2023-24.



Capital Expenditure



- Key Points in Capital Expenditure:**
- The Capital Resource Limit for 2023-24 of £64.5m was issued on the 25th May 2023.
 - This is supplemented by £0.1m of donated funds and £0.2m of assets disposed of in this financial year giving an overall programme of £64.8m.
 - Expenditure to M2 was £10.9m.
 - The forecast outturn capital position is breakeven to the CRL target.



(Agenda Item) 6.3 **27 June 2023** **Planning , Performance & Finance Committee** **M2 Finance Performance Report**

FOI Status:	Open (Public)
If closed please indicate reason:	N/A
Prepared By:	Mark Thomas, Deputy Director of Finance
Presented By:	Sally May, Director of Finance & Procurement
Approving Executive Sponsor:	Sally May, Director of Finance & Procurement
Report Purpose	For Discussion
Engagement undertaken to date:	N/A

Impact Assessment:	
Indicate the Quality / Safety / Patient Experience Implications:	There are no specific quality or safety implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Related Health and Care Standard	Governance, Leadership & Accountability
Has an EQIA been undertaken?	Not required
Are there any Legal Implications /Impact.	There are no specific legal implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Are there any resource (capital/Revenue/Workforce Implications / Impact?	Yes. The paper is directly relevant to the allocation and utilisation of resources.
Link to Strategic Goals	Sustaining Our Future.

2023-24 Finance Performance Report Month 2

Summary

Situation

Our draft financial plan for 23/24 was submitted to Welsh Government (WG) on 31 March 2024. The draft plan identified a forecast deficit of £79.6m and WG confirmed that the plan was not supportable. The Health Board submitted a supplementary paper to WG at the end of May outlining the further work undertaken and the impact on the plan assumptions. However, the forecast deficit of £79.6m is unchanged. We are awaiting feedback on the 31 May submission.

The purpose of this report is focus on the financial performance of the individual Care Groups and directorates as at M2 (i.e. the Delegated budget position). This financial performance report is discussed at the PFFC and ELG meetings .

Where required, PFFC may request further information or a 'deep dive' on the financial performance of individual ILGs and directorates.

A separate Finance report has been prepared which sets out the overall financial position of the Health Board as at M2.The overall financial position report is discussed at the Full Board, the Planning, Performance & Finance Committee (PFFC) and also the Executive Leadership Group (ELG).

Background

The financial plan for 23/24 is based on a 'Control Total' approach which requires the Care Groups and Directorates to deliver a maximum allowable overspend of £23.8m.

To meet the Control Total Care Groups and Directorates will need to deliver a £28.3m Savings target from their M11 forecast out-turn positions for 22/23. In addition, since their forecast recurrent positions were greater than the In year positions, the Care Groups and Directorates will also need to deliver £11.7m of savings to cover the Non Recurrent benefits reported in 22/23.In summary:

	Delegated	Non Delegated	Comment
	£m	£m	£m
Control Total	23.8	-23.8	0
Savings Targets 23/24	-28.3	1.0	-27.3
Savings required to cover the NR benefits reported in 22/23	-11.7	4.8	-6.9

Any reported overspends against the Delegated Control Total will therefore be due to.:

- Shortfalls in savings to meet the £28.3m target for 23/24
- Shortfalls in savings to cover the £11.7m of NR benefits reported in 22/23
- Other operating variances

Savings plans are only reported against the 23/24 Savings target once the NR benefits reported in 22/23 have been covered.

Summary

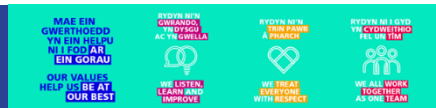
Assessment	Recommendation
<p>The M2 year to date Delegated overspend was £6.5m, which is an adverse variance of £2.5m compared to the M2 Delegated Control Total of £4m. This Control Total variance includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A £3.7m shortfall against the new £27.3m savings targets for 23/24 • £1.2m of other favourable operating variances. <p>The main reason for the M2 Delegated overspends is therefore shortfalls in savings delivery.</p> <p>Forecast Delegated savings is only £12.6m, which is £15.7m below the Annual target. The largest savings shortfalls are in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unscheduled Care £2.6m, • Medicines Management £2.9m • Mental Health & LD £1.7m • Primary Care & Community £2.5m • Corporate Executives £1.9m <p>Forecast Delegated Recurrent savings is only £13.4m , which is £14.9m below target. The largest recurrent savings gaps are in</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medicines Management £3.1m, • Unscheduled Care £2.3m, • Planned Care £2.2m 	<p>The PPFC is asked to DISCUSS and NOTE the financial performance of individual Care Groups and directorates for the period to 31st May 2023.</p>



Contents



Slide	Subject Area
5	Executive Summary
6-7	Summary Performance
8-9	Summary Performance – Corporate directorates
10	Forecast Savings – Corporate directorates
11-18	Annex A - Savings Performance report



Current Month Analysis

- The M2 position is reporting an adverse variance against the Control Total for **Delegated** budgets of £2.5m. The M2 **Delegated** overspend of £2.5m includes a shortfall against the M2 **Delegated** 23/24 savings target of £2.1m.

Year to Date Analysis

- The M2 YTD position is reporting an adverse variance against the Control Total for **Delegated** budgets of £2.6m.
- The M2 Delegated overspend of £2.6m includes:
 - A shortfall against the M2 YTD Delegated 23/24 savings target of £3.7m.
 - Other favourable Operating Variances of £1.2m which have not yet been recognised as savings.

Forecast Position

- A simple extrapolation of the M2 YTD position would indicate a forecast **Delegated** overspend against the £23.9m Control Total of circa £15m.
- Bottom of forecasts from the Care Groups and directorates will be provided from M3 onwards.



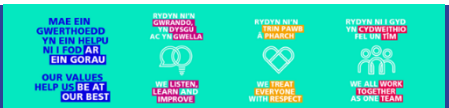
M2 Summary Performance – Variance against Control totals



	Annual Budget	Control Total	M2 Variance against Control Total	YTD Variance against Control Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Delegated Budgets				
Planned Care	158.1	3.8	0.3	0.3
Unscheduled Care	147.9	12.8	0.4	0.7
Primary & Community Care	190.7	0	(0.3)	(0.4)
Mental Health & Learning Disabilities	110.9	0	0.1	0.2
Children & Families	74.5	0	0.3	0.2
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (Med Mgt)	154.3	5.2	0.8	0.8
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (Therapies)	26.6	0	0.0	0.0
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (CSS)	52.1	0.2	0.3	0.4
Facilities (Non Hub)	29.0	1.7	0.2	0.1
Corporate directorates	130.6	0.2	0.2	(0.1)
Contracting & Commissioning	143.7	0	0.3	0.4
Total Delegated Budgets	1,218.4	23.9	2.5	2.6
Non Delegated Budgets				
Total Non Delegated Budgets	(1218.4)	(23.9)	(2.4)	(2.5)
Grand total	0	0	0.1	0.1

Key Points :

- The M2 YTD position is reporting an adverse variance against the Control Total of £2.6m for **Delegated** budgets. This gives a total M2 overspend of £0.1m.
- A breakdown of the £2.6m **Delegated** overspend against the Control Total is provided on the next page. This includes:
 - A shortfall against the M2 YTD Delegated 23/24 savings target of £3.7m.
 - A shortfall against the M2 YTD Delegated B/Fwd savings target of £34k.
 - Other favourable Operating Variances of £1.2m which have not yet been recognised as savings.



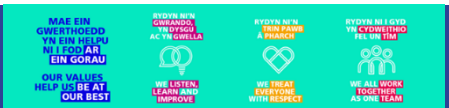
M2 Summary Performance – Variance against Control totals



DELEGATED BUDGETS	Year to Date Variance (M02-24)			
	23/24 Savings £'000	B/Fwd Savings £'000	Other Operating Variances £'000	Variance from Control Total £'000
Women & Children	215	(12)	20	223
Mental Health & LD	411	86	(319)	177
Planned Care	471	(175)	18	313
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (CSS)	208	(47)	274	435
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (Med Mgt)	876	263	(302)	837
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (Therapies)	(2)	0	(18)	(20)
Unscheduled Care	425	(119)	388	694
Primary Care & Community	355	(95)	(672)	(411)
Facilities (Non Hub)	192	40	(179)	53
Corporate directorates	409	94	(599)	(96)
Contracting & Commissioning	167	0	184	351
TOTAL DELEGATED BUDGETS	3,728	34	(1,204)	2,557
Non Delegated Budgets	(1,391)	0	(1,049)	(2,440)
GRAND TOTAL	2,337	34	(2,253)	117

Key Points :

- The main overspending areas are as follows:
 - DT&S Meds Mgt - £837k.
 - Unscheduled Care - £694k
 - DT&S CSS - £435k
 - Planned Care - £313k
- The main reasons for these overspends are shortfalls in savings delivery. Further information on the savings shortfalls (23/24 Savings and B'fwd savings) is provided at Annex A.
- Other Operating variances – The main adverse operating variances are for:
 - Unscheduled Care - £388k - predominantly driven by medical staffing spend which is circa £400k above forecast
 - DT&S CSS - £274k – Primarily the result of agency premium (£110k) & Pathology SLA's (£110k)
 - Contracting & Commissioning £184k – Lower than expected Injury cost recovery scheme income.
- A breakdown of the Corporate directorates is provided later in this report.





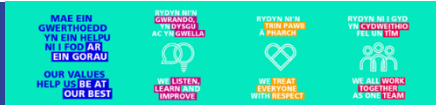
M2 Summary Performance Against Control Totals – Corporate directorates



Corporate Directorates	Annual Budget	Annual Control Total	M2 Variance against Control Total	M2 YTD Variance against Control Total
	£k	£k	£k	£k
Patient Care & Safety	13,965	0	48	105
Corporate Development	581	0	(15)	(32)
Chief Executive	3,463	0	(16)	(37)
Finance	4,620	0	14	(3)
Public Health	3,386	0	1	(102)
Digital	20,821	0	(6)	(6)
Medical Director	605	0	(1)	(0)
National Imaging Academy	1,593	0	3	(0)
Value Based Healthcare	2,227	0	(7)	0
Planning & Partnership	20,705	0	(2)	(34)
Research & Development	939	0	4	7
Estates	25,473	0	118	20
Therapies & Healthcare Sciences	197	0	(3)	(4)
Workforce & Organisational Development	10,121	0	(46)	(75)
COO Management	5,704	107	(7)	(44)
Facilities Hub	15,231	101	82	95
COVID Response	0	0	9	15
Total	129,631	208	175	(96)

Key Points for Year to Date Performance:

- The M2 YTD position is reporting a favourable variance against the Control Total of £96k.
- A breakdown of the £96k favourable variance between the following areas is provided on the next page.
 - Shortfalls in savings to meet the £28.3m savings targets for 23/24
 - Shortfalls in savings to cover the £11.7m of NR benefits reported in 22/23
 - Other operating variances





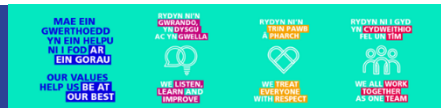
M2 Summary Performance Against Control Totals – Corporate directorates



Corporate directorates	Year to Date Variance (M02-24)			
	23/24 Savings £'000	B/Fwd Savings £'000	Other Operating Variances £'000	Variance from Control Total £'000
Patient Care & Safety	61	20	24	105
Corporate Development	1	6	(39)	(32)
Chief Executive	9	(3)	(44)	(37)
Finance	17	0	(20)	(3)
Public Health	9	7	(119)	(102)
Digital	87	56	(148)	(6)
Medical Director	0	0	(0)	(0)
National Imaging Academy	0	0	(0)	(0)
Value Based Healthcare	0	0	0	0
Planning & Partnership	22	0	(56)	(34)
Research & Development	0	0	7	7
Estates	91	0	(71)	20
Therapies & Healthcare Sciences	0	0	(4)	(4)
Workforce & OD	35	2	(111)	(75)
COO Management	17	(12)	(49)	(44)
Facilities Hub	61	17	17	95
Planned Care Recovery	0	0	0	0
COVID Response	0	0	15	15
TOTAL	409	94	(599)	(96)

Key Points for Savings:

- The M2 £96k favourable variance includes:
 - A shortfall against the M2 YTD Delegated 23/24 savings target of £409k.
 - A shortfall against the M2 YTD Delegated B/Fwd savings target of £94k.
 - Other favourable Operating Variances of £599k which have not yet been recognised as savings.
- The main overspending areas are as follows:
 - Patient Care & Safety - £105k.
 - Facilities Hub - £95k
- Other Operating variances- there are no significant adverse variances at M2. Further work is needed to convert the significant favourable variances to savings.





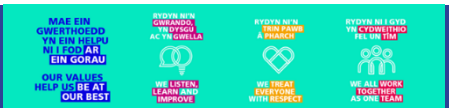
Corporate directorates

M2 23/24 Savings - Forecast



Corporate Directorates	23/24 Welsh Government Savings Target				
	WG Savings Target	F/Cast Achievement	F/Cast Variance	Rec F/Cast Achievement	Rec F/Cast Variance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Patient Care & Safety	364	158	207	0	364
Corporate Development	13	6	7	6	7
Chief Executive	78	22	56	22	56
Finance	104	0	104	0	104
Public Health	52	38	14	38	14
Digital	520	278	242	100	420
Medical Director	16	16	0	16	0
Planning & Partnership	130	0	130	0	130
Estates	546	383	163	303	243
Workforce & OD	208	0	208	0	208
COO Management	104	0	104	0	104
Facilities Hub	364	180	184	0	364
TOTAL DELEGATED BUDGETS	2,499	1,080	1,419	485	2,014

- ### Key Points for Savings:
- The forecast 23/24 WG Savings achievement is £1.1m compared to the £2.5m savings target giving an adverse variance of £1.4m for Corporate directorates.
 - As at M2, the forecast recurrent delegated savings achievement is only £0.5m compared to the recurrent target of £2.5m, giving a recurrent adverse variance of £2.0m.
 - Only 43% of the savings target has been identified in plans, with the recurrent plans being 19%.
 - The areas with the greatest proportion of savings plans compared to target are :
 - Estates **70%** forecast achievement
 - Digital **53%** forecast achievement
 - Facilities Hub **49%** forecast achievement.
 - The areas with the lowest proportion of savings plans compared to target are:
 - Finance **0%** forecast achievement
 - Planning & Partnership **0%** forecast achievement
 - Workforce & OD **0%** forecast achievement
 - COO Management **0%** forecast achievement



Annex A

Savings Performance Report

Month 2



Background



The financial plan for 23/24 is based on a 'Control Total' approach which requires the Care Groups and Directorates to deliver a maximum allowable overspend of £23.8m.

To meet the Control Total Care Groups and Directorates will need to deliver a £28.3m Savings target from their M11 forecast out-turn positions for 22/23. In addition, since their forecast recurrent positions were greater than the In year positions, the Care Groups and Directorates will also need to deliver £11.7m of savings to cover the Non Recurrent benefits reported in 22/23.

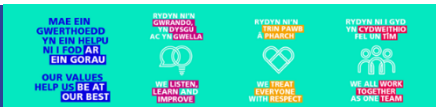
In summary:

	Delegated £m	Non Delegated £m	Total £m
Assessed Underlying Position	63.8	-29.6	34.2
Savings required to cover the NR Benefits from 22/23 assumed to be delivered in 23/24 plan	-11.7	4.8	-6.9
New 23/24 Savings Target	-28.3	1.0	-27.3
Control Total	23.8	-23.8	0.0

Any reported overspends against the Delegated Control Total will therefore be due to:

- Shortfalls in savings to meet the £28.3m target for 23/24
- Shortfalls in savings to cover the £11.7m of NR benefits reported in 22/23
- Other operating variances

Savings plans are only reported against the 23/24 Savings target once the NR benefits reported in 22/23 have been covered.





Executive Summary- Month 2



Year to Date

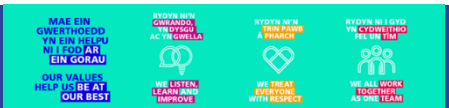
- The M2 YTD position is reporting an adverse variance against the Control Total for delegated budgets of £2,557k. This is offset by a £2,440k favourable variance for Non Delegated budgets to give a £117k adverse position against the M2 Control Total. The M2 Delegated overspend of £2,557k includes:
 - A shortfall against the M2 YTD Delegated 23/24 savings target of £3.7m.
 - A shortfall against the M2 YTD Delegated B/Fwd savings target of £0.03m.
 - Other favourable Operating Variances of £1.2m which have not yet been recognised as savings.
- The M2 Delegated savings shortfall of £3.7m is offset by a £1.4m favourable variance on Non delegated savings to give a M2 total savings shortfall of £2.3m.

23/24 Savings Forecast

- The forecast delegated 23/24 WG Savings achievement is £12.6m compared to the £28.3m savings target ,giving an adverse variance of £15.7m for delegated budgets.
- The M2 savings plans are reporting an improvement of £3.6m compared to the month 1 reported position of £9m.
- The forecast recurrent delegated savings achievement is £13.4m compared to the recurrent target of £28.3m, giving a recurrent adverse variance of £14.9m.
- Only 44% of the savings target has been identified in plans, with the recurrent plans being 44%.
- The forecast delegated savings shortfalls of £15.7m and £14.9m are offset by a £8.3m favourable variance on Non delegated savings to give a total forecast savings shortfall of £7.4m In year and £6.6m Recurrent.

Brought Forward Savings Forecast

- The forecast delegated brought forward savings achievement is £10.8m compared to the £11.7m savings target, giving an adverse variance of £0.9m for delegated budgets.
- The forecast recurrent delegated savings achievement is £2.6m compared to the recurrent target of £11.7m, giving a recurrent adverse variance of £9.0m.
- Circa 70% of the current year savings target has been identified in plans, with the recurrent plans being only 22%.





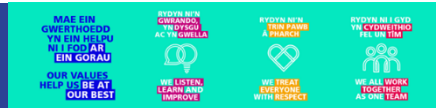
Year to Date Performance – Month 2



DELEGATED BUDGETS	Year to Date Variance – Month 2			
	23/24 Savings £'000	B/Fwd Savings £'000	Other Operating Variances £'000	Variance from Control Total £'000
Women & Children	215	(12)	20	223
Mental Health & LD	411	86	(319)	177
Planned Care	471	(175)	18	313
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (CSS)	208	(47)	274	435
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (Med Mgt)	876	263	(302)	837
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (Therapies)	(2)	0	(18)	(20)
Unscheduled Care	425	(119)	388	694
Primary Care & Community	355	(95)	(672)	(411)
Facilities (Non Hub)	192	40	(179)	53
Corporate Executives	409	94	(599)	(96)
Contracting & Commissioning	167	0	184	351
TOTAL DELEGATED BUDGETS	3,728	34	(1,204)	2,557
NON DELEGATED BUDGETS	(1,391)	0	(1,049)	(2,440)
TOTAL	2,337	34	(2,253)	117

Key Points :

- The M2 YTD position is reporting an adverse variance against the Delegated Control Total of £2,557k. This is offset by a £2,440k favourable variance for Non Delegated budgets to give a total M2 adverse variance of £117k.
- The M2 Delegated overspend of £2,557k includes:
 - A shortfall against the M2 YTD Delegated 23/24 savings target of £3.7m.
 - A shortfall against the M1 YTD Delegated B/Fwd savings target of £0.03m.
 - Other favourable Operating Variances of £1.2m which have not yet been recognised as savings.
- The M2 Delegated savings shortfall of £3.7m is offset by a £1.4m favourable variance on Non delegated savings to give a M2 total savings shortfall of £2.3m.





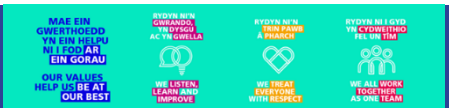
23/24 WG Savings Forecast- Month 2



DELEGATED BUDGETS	23/24 Welsh Government Savings Target				
	WG Savings Target £'000	F/Cast Achievement £'000	F/Cast Variance £'000	Rec F/Cast Achievement £'000	Rec F/Cast Variance £'000
Women & Children	1,904	1,011	893	1,276	628
Mental Health & LD	2,808	1,136	1,672	1,050	1,758
Planned Care	4,588	2,074	2,514	2,375	2,213
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (CSS)	1,248	72	1,176	113	1,135
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (Med Mgt)	5,256	2,338	2,918	2,146	3,110
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (Therapies)	624	464	160	160	464
Unscheduled Care	5,076	2,441	2,635	2,761	2,315
Primary Care & Community	2,132	463	1,669	1,050	1,082
Facilities (Non Hub)	1,152	1,000	152	1,000	152
Corporate Executives	2,499	565	1,934	485	2,014
Contracting & Commissioning	1,000	1,000	0	1,000	0
TOTAL DELEGATED BUDGETS	28,287	12,564	15,723	13,416	14,871
NON DELEGATED BUDGETS	(1,000)	7,300	(8,300)	7,300	(8,300)
TOTAL	27,287	19,864	7,423	20,716	6,571

Key Points :

- The forecast delegated Savings achievement is £12.6m compared to the £28.3m savings target, giving an adverse variance of £15.7m for delegated budgets.
- The M2 plans are reporting an improvement of £3.6m compared to the M1 forecast achievement (£9m).
- The forecast recurrent delegated savings achievement is £13.4m compared to the recurrent target of £28.3m, giving a recurrent adverse variance of £14.9m.
- Only 44% of the £28.3m Delegated savings target has been identified in plans, with the recurrent plans being 47%.
- The areas with the greatest proportion of savings plans compared to target are:
 - Contracting & Commissioning **100%** forecast achievement
 - Facilities (non Hub) **87%** forecast Achievement
 - DT&S - Therapies **74%** forecast achievement
- The areas with the lowest proportion of savings plans compared to target are:
 - Clinical Support Services **6%** forecast achievement
 - Primary Care & Community **22%** forecast achievement
 - Corporate Executives **23%** forecast achievement
- The forecast delegated savings shortfalls of £15.7m and £14.9m are offset by a £8.3m favourable variance on Non delegated savings to give a total forecast savings shortfall of £7.4m In year and £6.6m Recurrent.



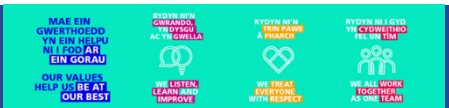
23/24 WG Savings Forecast- Month 2



DELEGATED BUDGETS	WG Savings Target £'000	23/24 Welsh Government Savings Target									
		Green	Amber	RED (Excluded from WG Return)	F/Cast Achievement (Excluding Red schemes)	F/Cast Variance (Excluding Red schemes)	Green	Amber	RED (Excluded from WG Return)	Rec F/Cast Achievement (Excluding Red schemes)	Rec F/Cast Variance (Excluding Red schemes)
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'001	£'002
Women & Children	1,904	707	303	0	1,011	893	769	507	0	1,276	628
Mental Health & LD	2,808	875	262	0	1,136	1,672	742	308	0	1,050	1,758
Planned Care	4,588	1,945	129	17	2,074	2,514	2,159	216	100	2,375	2,213
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (CSS)	1,248	13	60	0	72	1,176	15	98	0	113	1,135
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (Med Mgt)	5,256	1,694	643	0	2,338	2,918	1,502	643	0	2,146	3,110
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (Therapies)	624	324	140	0	464	160	20	140	0	160	464
Unscheduled Care	5,076	2,297	144	300	2,441	2,635	2,571	190	500	2,761	2,315
Primary Care & Community	2,132	390	73	0	463	1,669	542	508	0	1,050	1,082
Facilities (Non Hub)	1,152	0	1,000	0	1,000	152	0	1,000	0	1,000	152
Corporate Executives	2,499	116	449	44	565	1,934	116	369	44	485	2,014
Contracting & Commissioning	1,000	0	1,000	0	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	1,000	0
TOTAL DELEGATED BUDGETS	28,287	8,361	4,203	361	12,564	15,723	8,436	4,979	644	13,416	14,871
NON DELEGATED BUDGETS	(1,000)	7,300	0	0	7,300	(8,300)	7,300	0	0	7,300	(8,300)
TOTAL	27,287	15,661	4,203	361	19,864	7,423	15,736	4,979	644	20,716	6,571

Key Points :

- As at M2, the forecast delegated 23/24 WG Savings achievement is reporting £8.4m of Green schemes with £4.2m of amber and £0.4m of Red. It is important to note that Red schemes cannot be reported as part of the WG savings plans so will remain as unidentified schemes until such time as their assessment is changed to Amber or Green.
- The risk assessment shows that only 30% of the delegated savings target has been identified as Green (High confidence of achievement), the remaining identified Amber and Red schemes have a significant element risk to the forecast delivery.





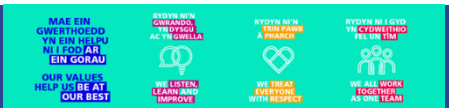
B/Fwd Savings Forecast- Month 2



DELEGATED BUDGETS	Brought Forward Savings Target				
	B/f Savings Target £'000	F/Cast Achievement £'000	F/Cast Variance £'000	Rec F/Cast Achievement £'000	Rec F/Cast Variance £'000
Women & Children	1,590	1,691	(101)	315	1,275
Mental Health & LD	2,693	2,693	(0)	467	2,226
Planned Care	3,088	2,932	156	1,093	1,995
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (CSS)	129	326	(197)	214	(85)
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (Med Mgt)	1,579	0	1,579	0	1,579
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (Therapies)	431	431	0	0	431
Unscheduled Care	137	803	(666)	0	137
Primary Care & Community	938	1,416	(478)	113	825
Facilities (Non Hub)	241	120	121	50	191
Corporate Executives	868	365	503	365	503
Contracting & Commissioning	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL DELEGATED BUDGETS	11,695	10,777	918	2,618	9,077
NON DELEGATED BUDGETS	(4,843)	0	(4,843)	0	(4,843)
TOTAL	6,852	10,777	(3,925)	2,618	4,234

Key Points :

- The forecast delegated brought forward savings achievement is £10.8m compared to the £11.7m savings target, giving an adverse variance of £0.9m for delegated budgets.
- The forecast recurrent delegated savings achievement is £2.6m compared to the recurrent target of £11.7m, giving a recurrent adverse variance of £9.0m.
- Only 22% of the recurrent savings target has been identified in plans.
- Most of the areas are reporting full forecast achievement of the brought forward target, the 4 exceptions being:
 - Medicines Management **0%** forecast achievement
 - Corporate Directorates **42%** forecast achievement
 - Facilities **50%** forecast achievement





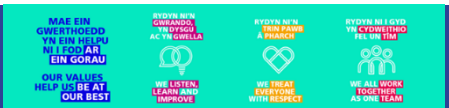
B/Fwd Savings Forecast- Month 2



DELEGATED BUDGETS	B/F Savings Target £'000	Brought Forward Savings Target									Rec F/Cast Achievement £'002	Rec F/Cast Variance £'003
		Green	Amber	RED	F/Cast Achievement	F/Cast Variance	Green	Amber	RED			
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'001			
Women & Children	1,590	1,464	227	0	1,691	(101)	0	315	0	315	1,275	
Mental Health & LD	2,693	2,693	0	0	2,693	(0)	467	0	0	467	2,226	
Planned Care	3,088	2,274	658	0	2,932	156	1,093	0	0	1,093	1,995	
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (CSS)	129	326	0	0	326	(197)	214	0	0	214	(85)	
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (Med Mgt)	1,579	0	0	0	0	1,579	0	0	0	0	1,579	
Diagnostics, Therapies & Specialties (Therapies)	431	302	129	0	431	0	0	0	0	0	431	
Unscheduled Care	137	480	323	0	803	(666)	0	0	0	0	137	
Primary Care & Community	938	1,130	263	23	1,416	(478)	73	0	40	113	825	
Facilities (Non Hub)	241	50	70	0	120	121	50	0	0	50	191	
Corporate Executives	868	312	53	0	365	503	275	90	0	365	503	
Contracting & Commissioning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL DELEGATED BUDGETS	11,695	9,031	1,722	23	10,777	918	2,173	405	40	2,618	9,077	
NON DELEGATED BUDGETS	(4,843)	0	0	0	0	(4,843)	0	0	0	0	(4,843)	
TOTAL	6,852	9,031	1,722	23	10,777	(3,925)	2,173	405	40	2,618	4,234	

Key Points :

- As at M2, the forecast delegated Brought Forward Savings achievement is reporting £9.0m of Green schemes and £1.7m of amber. The recurrent forecast savings achievement is reporting only £2.6m against the delegated £11.7m target.





AGENDA ITEM

6.4

PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE

REINFORCED AUTOCLAVED AERATED CONCRETE PLANKS (RAAC)

Date of meeting	(27/06/2023)
FOI Status	Open/Public
If closed please indicate reason	Choose an item.
Prepared by	Tim Burns, Assistant Director – Capital and Estates
Presented by	Tim Burns, Assistant Director- Capital and Estates
Approving Executive Sponsor	Executive Director of Finance
Report purpose	FOR NOTING

Engagement (internal/external) undertaken to date (including receipt/consideration at Committee/group)

Committee/Group/Individuals	Date	Outcome
(Insert Name)	(DD/MM/YYYY)	Choose an item.

ACRONYMS

RAAC	Reinforced autoclaved aerated concrete
SESN	Specialist Estates Services Notification
CTMUHB	Cwm Taf Morgannwg University Health Board

1. SITUATION/BACKGROUND

1.1 Reinforced autoclaved aerated concrete (RAAC) is a relatively weak product and has been used in lightweight masonry blocks and



structural units such as roof planks and wall and floor units in the construction of various buildings built between 1960 and 1995. RAAC was not used in the construction of buildings outside of this date range. In recent years there have been a number of failures which have included the partial collapse of roof structures in schools. This led to the publication of a structural safety alert by the Institution of Structural Engineers, Standing Committee on structural safety which noted the failures and risks of RAAC in buildings.

2. SPECIFIC MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION BY THIS MEETING (ASSESSMENT)

- 2.1 In November 2019, NHS Wales Specialist Estates Services issued an estates notification (SESN 19/11) requesting that Health Boards in Wales determine whether any RAAC planks were present on buildings in roofs , walls and floors constructed between 1960- 1990. The conclusion of this work confirmed that the buildings owned by Cwm Taf Morgannwg University Health Board or buildings where CTMUHB hold the head lease did not have RAAC present. This was reported to NHS Wales Specialist Estates Services in December 2019.
- 2.2 In January 2022, NHS Wales Specialist Estates Services issued a follow up estates notification (SESN 22/02) requesting Health Boards to:-
1. Provide a schedule of all Health Board properties which were constructed between 1960 -1990.
 2. A record of actions taken to determine the presence of RAAC.
 3. A condition survey and management plan concerning each location where the presence of RAAC had been identified.
 4. An extract of the Board's risk log showing the risks and associated management plans.
- 2.3 As with the previous submission the work concluded that the buildings owned by CTMUHB or buildings where CTMUHB hold the head lease did not have RAAC present, consequently points 3 and 4 above are non – applicable. This was also reported to NHS Wales Specialist Estates Services at the time.
- 2.4 In February 2023 the Deputy Director of NHS Wales Specialist Estates Services emailed all Health Boards in Wales and noted-

"Following receipt of responses from organisations in NHS Wales to SESN 22/02 we have reviewed each submission with our appointed specialists (Curtins Structural engineers) and concluded that a further

iteration of investigation is urgently required to provide health organisations and Welsh Government with a Board level assurance that this matter is fully understood and that appropriate measures are in place to manage the issue in the short and longer term."

And instructed Health Boards to:-

Ensure that properties and / or extensions constructed within the period 1960-1995, (date range previously requested was 1960 – 1990) are identified for examination of building records and visual inspection. For the avoidance of doubt, each property identified must have a completed appraisal to determine RAAC presence.

3. HEALTH BOARD ASSURANCE

- 3.1 To provide additional assurance on the position previously reported to Specialist Estates Services and Welsh Government the Health Board appointed James and Nicholas Consulting Structural engineers to survey, inspect and report upon all Health Board properties for the presence of RAAC (excluding Prince Charles hospital) built between 1960-1995.
- 3.2 Following the surveys James and Nicholas concluded that there was no evidence of the presence of RAAC planks in any of the properties that they inspected. The summary of inspections / findings is included at **Appendix A.**
- 3.3 Prince Charles Hospital is undergoing a significant capital project consequently for this site WSP the Consulting Structural Engineers working on the scheme were requested to report on the RAAC position. Following a review they confirmed that *"it is our opinion that the slab units at Prince Charles Hospital are not formed from RAAC"*
- 3.4 The properties within CTMUHB portfolio that were not inspected as they were constructed outside of the date range are included at **Appendix B.**

4. IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Quality/Safety/Patient Experience implications	There are no specific quality and safety implications related to the activity outlined in this report.
Related Health and Care standard(s)	Governance, Leadership and Accountability
	If more than one Healthcare Standard applies please list below:



<p>Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) completed - Please note EIAs are required for <u>all</u> new, changed or withdrawn policies and services.</p>	<p>Choose an item.</p> <p>If yes, please provide a hyperlink to the location of the completed EIA or who it would be available from in the box below.</p> <p>If no, please provide reasons why an EIA was not considered to be required in the box below.</p>
<p>Legal implications / impact</p>	<p>There are no specific legal implications related to the activity outlined in this report.</p>
<p>Resource (Capital/Revenue £/Workforce) implications / Impact</p>	<p>There is no direct impact on resources as a result of the activity outlined in this report.</p>
<p>Link to Strategic Goals</p>	<p>Sustaining Our Future</p>

5. RECOMMENDATION

- 5.1 The Planning, Performance and Finance committee are asked to:
- **NOTE** that following inspections from James and Nicholas and WSP Consulting Structural Engineers no RAAC has been identified in buildings owned by CTMUHB or in buildings where CTMUHB hold the head lease that were constructed between 1960 and 1995.

STRUCTURAL INSPECTION, PRESENCE OF RAAC PLANKS

CWM TAF MORGANNWG UNIVERSITY HEALTH BOARD

APPENDIX A - SUMMARY OF INSPECTIONS

Item No.	Property Name	Location	Inspection Date	Date Constructed	Record Drawings Available?	Brief Description of Construction	Any evidence of RAAC Planks (Roof Planks/Floor/Wall Planks)?	Photo No. (ref. Appendix B)
1	Dewi Sant Hospital - Main Hospital Block	CF37 1LB	17/03/2023	Circa 1968	Some/limited	Four-storey with flat roof. Dense in-situ concrete frame including roof slab and floors. Part single-storey (Physiotherapy) with flat roof (timber-framed roof on load-bearing walls)	No	1
2	Dewi Sant Hospital - Admin Block	CF37 1LB	17/03/2023	Circa 1968	None	Four-storey with flat roof. Dense in-situ concrete frame including roof slab and floors	No	2
3	Dewi Sant Hospital - Estates Block	CF37 1LB	17/03/2023	Circa 1968	Some/limited	Single/Part Two-storey with flat roof. Dense in-situ concrete frame roof slab and floors	No	3
4	East Glamorgan Site - Plant Rooms	CF38 1UR	16/03/2023	Circa 1964 - 1995	None	Various single-storey with flat roofs. Wood wool slab on steel frame. In-situ concrete slab on steel-frame and profile steel cladding on steel-frame.	No	4
5	East Glamorgan Site - Production/Laundry Area	CF38 1UR	16/03/2023	Circa 1964 - 1995	None	Single-storey with flat roofs. Wood wool slab on steel frame or profile steel cladding on steel-frame.	No	5
6	East Glamorgan Site - Store	CF38 1UR	16/03/2023	Circa 1964 - 1995	None	Single-storey (part basement) with pitched roof. Timber purlins and rafters on steel framing. Basement comprises dense in-situ concrete slab and frame.	No	6
7	East Glamorgan Site - Uniform Stores and Office	CF38 1UR	16/03/2023	Circa 1964 - 1995	None	Single-storey with pitched timber roof of traditional construction on load-bearing masonry walls.	No	7
8	East Glamorgan Site - Document Store	CF38 1UR	16/03/2023	Circa 1964 - 1995	None	Single-storey with pitched roof. Timber rafters and purlins supported on steel-trusses and load-bearing masonry walls.	No	8
9	Ysbyty George Thomas	CF42 6YG	16/03/2023	Circa 1990	Some/Limited	Single-storey with pitched roof. Timber rafters on steel frame. Two-storey Plant Room of similar construction	No	9
10	Princess of Wales Hospital - Main Hospital Building	CF31 1SQ	28/03/2023	Circa 1984	Some/Limited	Two/three-storey with pitched roof. Steel-framed roof on dense in-situ concrete frame.	No	10
11	Princess of Wales Hospital - Diabetic Clinic	CF31 1SQ	31/03/2023	Circa 1992	None	Two-storey with pitched roof. Traditional construction. Trussed rafters on load-bearing masonry walls.	No	11
12	Princess of Wales Hospital - Coity Clinic	CF31 1SQ	31/03/2023	Circa 1994	None	Part single/two/three-storey with pitched roofs. Tiles on metal cladding system on steel-frame with dense precast concrete planks to suspended floors.	No	12
13	Princess of Wales Hospital - Theatres 5 & 6	CF31 1SQ	31/03/2023	Circa 1995	None	Two-storey with pitched roof. Timber rafters on steel frame. Suspended floors, concrete-filled metal deck.	No	13
14	Aberfan Health Centre	CF48 4QU	17/03/2023	Circa 1990	None	Single-storey with pitched roof. Traditional construction. Timber-trussed rafters on load-bearing masonry walls.	No	14
15	Aberdare Health Centre	CF44 7DD	06/04/2023	Circa 1980s	None	Single-storey, part two-storey, steel frame structure with flat metal-deck roof. Upper floor comprises dense pre-cast concrete floor planks.	No	15
16	Pontypridd Health Centre	CF37 4PF	17/03/2023	Circa 1974	None	Three-storey with flat roof. Metal deck roof on load-bearing masonry walls and in-situ reinforced concrete frame.	No	16
17	Talbot Green Health Centre	CF72 8AJ	16/03/2023	Circa 1989	None	Single storey with pitched timber-trussed rafter roof on load bearing-masonry.	No	17
18	Tonypandy Health Centre	CF40 2LE	16/03/2023	Circa 1970	Yes	Single-storey flat roof. Hybrid construction primarily metal roof deck on steel or timber beams, columns and load-bearing walls. Dense precast concrete planks used over Plant Room.	No	18
19	Tylorstown Clinic	CF43 3HB	16/03/2023	Circa 1989	None	Single-storey with pitched roof. Traditional construction. Timber rafters on load-bearing masonry walls.	No	19
20	Bryncethin Clinic	CF32 9NY	16/03/2023	Circa 1966	None	Single-storey with flat roof. Timber-frame construction.	No	20
21	Bryntirion Clinic	CF31 4EA	28/03/2023	Circa 1980	None	Single-storey with flat roof. Timber-frame construction.	No	21
22	North Cornelly Clinic	CF33 4HS	28/02/2023	Circa 1980	None	Single-storey pitched roofs and flat roof of traditional construction. Timber roof structure on load-bearing masonry walls	No	22
23	Central Stores, Princess of Wales Hospital	CF31 1RQ	28/03/2023	Circa 1986	None	Single-storey unit, part two-storey within. Steel-clad, steel-framed portal type unit. Dense concrete floor to first floor offices.	No	23
24	Old THQ, Quarella Road	CF31 1YE	31/03/2023	Circa 1960's	None	Two-storey pitched roof of traditional construction. Timber roof on load-bearing masonry walls.	No	24
25	Central Processing Unit (CPU) x 3 no. Units	CF42 6EJ	16/03/2023	Circa 1985	None	Single-storey metal-clad steel-frame portal-type building.	No	25

APPENDIX A

Appendix B

Properties in CTMUHB portfolio that were excluded from the survey scope as they were not constructed in the period 1960 -1995.

Royal Glamorgan Hospital – constructed circa 1998

Royal Glamorgan Hospital (including the Mental Health Unit) - constructed circa 2003

Ysbyty Cwm Rhondda - constructed circa 2007

Ysbyty Cwm Cynon - constructed circa 2010

Glanrhyd Hospital - constructed circa 1865 and circa 2015

Maesteg Hospital - constructed circa 1914

Kier Hardie Health Park - constructed circa 2010

Gwaun Elai Units 2, 3 and 4 - constructed circa 2004

Tonteg Clinic - constructed circa 1909

Llwyn-yr-Eos Clinic - constructed circa 1909

Carnegie Clinic - constructed circa 1934

Maritime Resource Centre - constructed circa 2003

NIAW (National Imaging Academy Wales) - constructed circa 2007

Pinewood House, Treorchy - constructed circa 1920s

Trealaw Resource Centre - constructed circa 2003

Ynysmeurig House - constructed circa 2000+

Williamstown Records Hub - constructed circa 2000+

Ogmore Vale Clinic - constructed circa 2001

Quarella Road Clinic - constructed circa 2001 –

ARC Day Services - constructed circa 2009 –

Cefn Y Afon Rehabilitation Unit - constructed circa 2010 –

Hartshorn House - constructed circa 1950s –

11, Cedarwood Drive, Tonyrefail - constructed circa 2002 –

Pencoed Primary Care Centre - constructed circa 2011 –

North Road Stores, Bridgend - constructed circa 2000+ -

Porthcawl Primary Care Centre - constructed circa 2019 –

Leith House (Porth Dental) - constructed circa 1926

Treharris Primary Care Centre - constructed circa 2000+

Hirwaun Medical Centre - constructed circa 2000+

Ynyshir Medical Practice, Porth – constructed circa 1900-1959

PLANNING, PERFORMANCE & FINANCE COMMITTEE- FORWARD WORK PLAN 2023/24				
Origin of Request	Category of Report / Presentation (Deferred Item/ Additional Item/ Ad-Hoc Item)	Item Title	Lead Officer	Intended Meeting Date
Request received via email.	Deferred Item	Phase 2 All Wales RAAC Investigation – CTMUHB	Director of Finance & Procurement	27 June 2023
Request received via email.	Additional Item	Month12 Movements from Forecast	Director of Finance & Procurement	27 June 2023
Request received via email.	Additional Item	Mental Health - Service Improvement Funding Award 2023-24	Assistant Director of Primary, Community & Mental Health	27 June 2023
Request received via email.	Additional Item	Implementation of Robotic Surgery within CTMUHB – Business Case	Chief Operating Officer	27 June 2023
Action agreed at the February 2023 meeting.	Deferred Item from May 2023 meeting.	Six Goals for Planned Care Recovery	Director of Strategy & Transformation	27 June 2023
Action agreed at the February 2023 meeting.	Additional item	Data Analytics and Visualisation Capability and Capacity Report	Director of Digital	24 October 2023
Request made at agenda planning meeting for April 2023	Deferred Item	Estates & Facilities Annual Performance Report	Director of finance	24 October 2023

Completed Activity from the Forward Work Programme

Request made at Agenda Planning meeting for February 23	Deferred Item	Enhanced Monitoring – Assurance Processes and Governance	Director of Strategy & Transformation/Chief of Staff	4 May 2023 – Completed
Request made by DoST via email	Deferred Item	RISP Programme FBC Approval Process	Director of Strategy & Transformation	4 May 2023 (In Committee) – Completed
Action agreed at October 2022 meeting.	Additional item	Mental Health Performance – Deep Dive	Chief Operating Officer	4 May 2023 – Completed
Requested at meeting held with AD for Strategy & Transformation 10.02.23	Additional Item	New Velindre Cancer Centre Full Business Case	Director of Strategy & Transformation	Completed – 22 March 2023
Requested at meeting held with AD for Strategy & Transformation 10.02.23	Additional item	South East Wales Cataract Business Case	Director of Strategy & Transformation	Completed - 28 February 2023
Action following the October 2022 meeting to receive an update.	Deferred Item	Planned Care and Cancer Performance	Chief Operating Officer	Completed - 28 February 2023
Action following the October 2022 meeting for an update.	Deferred Item	Sepsis Compliance Programme	Medical Director	Completed - 28 February 2023

Request made at Agenda Planning meeting for February 23	Additional Item	Targeted Intervention and Improving Care	Chief Operating Officer	Completed - 28 February 2023
Request via email from DoG October 2022	Additional Item	Spinal Services Operational Delivery Network	Director of Strategy & Transformation	Completed - 28 February 2023
Request made by DoF via email	Additional item	NWSSP - Energy Procurement Proposal	Director of Finance	Completed - 28 February 2023